

Capri Global Capital Limited

Annual Report 2015-16

DRIVEN BY DETERMINATION FUELLED BY PASSION

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DRIVEN BY DETERMINATION. FUELED BY PASSION.

Determination paves the way for success. At Capri Global, this philosophy has seen us remain steadfast in our mission and approach our objectives with diligence and focus.

We are determined to grow our business, expand our offerings and create value for all our stakeholders. We will do so by remaining true to our purpose and by being passionate about the way we go about our work.

Our determination is reflected in the manner in which we are growing our retail finance portfolio and exploring newer vistas like affordable housing finance and asset management. Our passion is reflected in the manner in which we are growing our team, strengthening our network and investing our business with technology enabled processes.

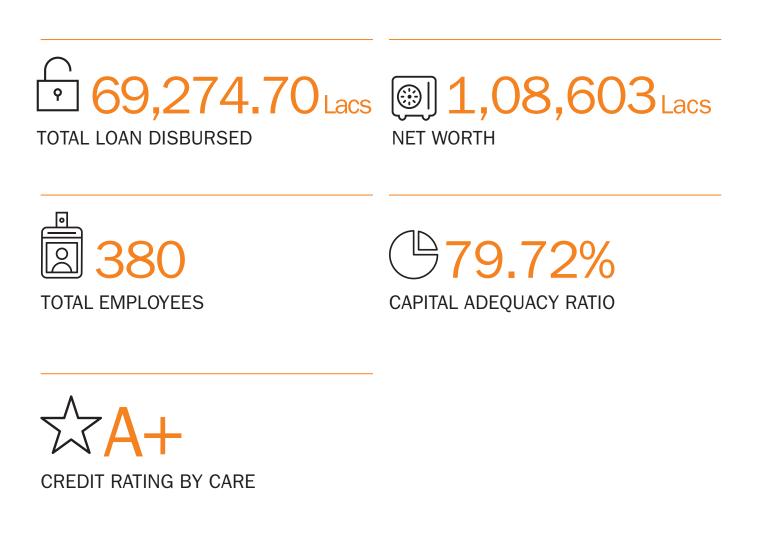
We are determined to participate in the entrepreneurial resurgence of India. We are passionate about partnering the capital needs of businesses and helping them do better. With the determination to cater to more customers, we are innovating new products and deploying new distribution strategies.

We are committed to creating a meaningful future for our communities and towards this end are working with passion and perseverance.

The year 2015-16 was about putting our determination into action with passion. Going forward, we are confident to achieve our strategic objectives and emerge as a trusted partner for capital needs of our customers.

CAPRI GLOBAL AT A GLANCE

Capri Global Capital Ltd. (CGCL) is one of the leading non-deposit taking systemically important non-banking finance companies (NBFC-ND-SI) in India. It is engaged in lending to micro, small and medium enterprises (MSME) as well as corporate clients. Our products address the capital needs of MSMEs and realty developers engaged in residential sector.



Mission & Vision

Our motto is to build longterm relationships with our clients taking into account their needs as well as the changing market dynamics. Our mission is to be the preferred provider of the highest quality solutions in our chosen business domain.

Pan-India presence



We are headquartered in Mumbai with an extensive network comprising 23 branches across 5 states.

Operational Overview 2015-16

The key operational highlights during the year are as below:

- Increased number of branches to 23 as on March 31, 2016, from 9 branches as on March 31, 2015.
- Increased employee base to 380 as on March 31, 2016 as against 216 as on March 31, 2015.
- Loan book grew by 16.67% to Rs. 1,11,058.48 lacs from Rs. 95,167.99 lacs of the last year.
- Disbursed loan of Rs. 69,274.70 lacs as compared to Rs. 51,661.91 lacs last year.
- Total Income decreased to Rs. 18,655.19 lacs in 2015-16 from Rs. 19,216.08 lacs in 2014-15.

Product Portfolio



MSME & Retail Lending

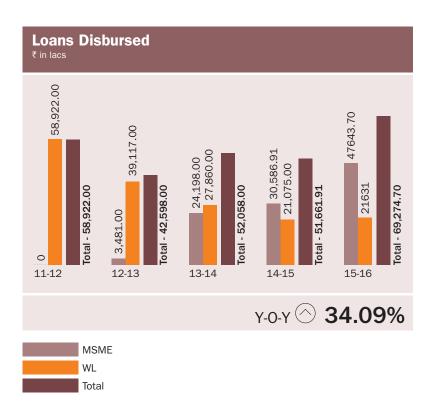
- Loans for working capital
- Loans for purchase of equipment and machinery
- Loans for business or capacity expansion
- Term loans against property

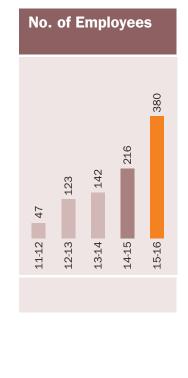


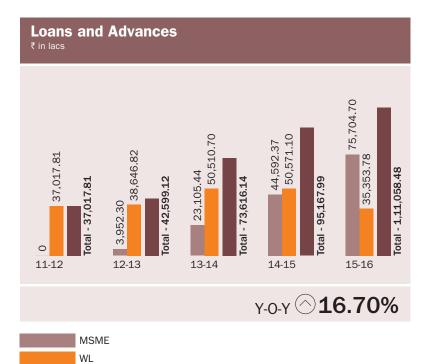
Wholesale Lending

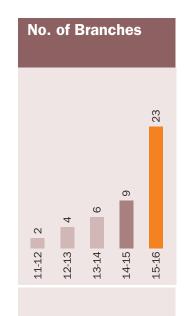
- Construction finance
- Structured credit for initial funding requirements of projects
- Mezzanine financing
- Short term and long term working capital requirements
- Funding for general corporate purposes

KEY PERFORMANCE INDICATORS



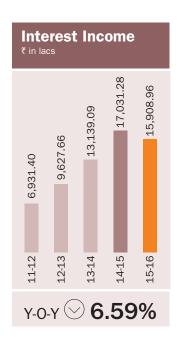




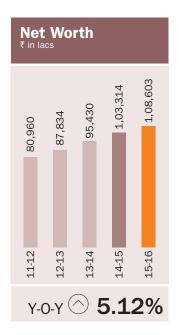


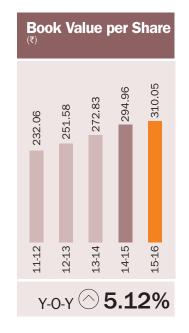
Total

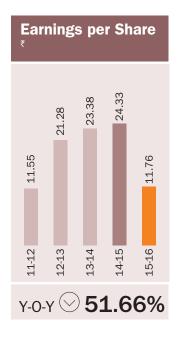












CHAIRMAN'S MESSAGE



Dear Shareholders

Seven years after the Global Financial Crisis of 2008-9, the world still remains unsettled as it moves through a sustained period of economic turbulence and uncertainty. It is in this context that we have to evaluate India's strong performance in 2015-16 and an even stronger outlook going forward. Favourable macroeconomic parameters, multiple government initiatives, and softer oil prices have helped propel India to be the world's fastest growing major economy.

THE STRATEGIC SHIFT TOWARDS MSME LENDING WILL ENSURE THAT WE ARE A PARTICIPANT IN THE ENTREPRENEURIAL RESURGENCE OF INDIA. The financial services sector is a good indicator of the progress that India is making. Financial inclusion instruments, direct benefit transfers, and governmentsponsored funding schemes for MSMEs are all leading to greater economic participation from a large number of people in the entrepreneurial landscape. And I believe this is where the opportunity for NBFCs in India will be found. These unique financial organizations, such as Capri Global, are expected to be major participants in the retail finance industry, given our collective ability to be more flexible than traditional lenders and reach deeper into consumer and other markets. From a policy perspective, new RBI guidelines on NBFCs regarding capital requirements, provisioning norms, and enhanced disclosure requirements are all expected to benefit the sector over the long run, setting the stage for stronger, well-governed NBFCs to compete fairly in the marketplace. The performance of Capri Global must be seen from this vantage point. We have certainly reported an encouraging performance in FY2015-16, yet there is always room for improvement. The MSME & Retail finance arm overtook Wholesale real estate lending and now comprises a substantial portion of our loan book. This was the result of a conscious effort and accurate reading of market trends by the Company's management. We have strategically downsized the exposure to the residential real estate sector given the current challenges, but will continue to be receptive to superior opportunities, as and when they present themselves.

Importantly, the strategic shift towards MSME lending will ensure that we are a participant in the entrepreneurial resurgence of India, for It is the entrepreneur that drives growth in economies across the world. To achieve this, we will continue to focus personnel and other resources towards this effort, making sure that our associates have the requisite credit, marketing, operations and administrative skills to be successful. In addition, we seek to ensure that our organization's diversity reflects the markets we are serving. A diverse organization is necessarily a stronger one. We will further sharpen our focus on technology, investing in processes and systems that will make scaling-up relatively risk-neutral. In short, although а medium-sized organisation, we, ourselves, must maintain a nimbleness and entrepreneurial spirit. This thinking must apply to all levels in the organisation, starting from the Board to the Executive Management and expanding to the field force.

I am pleased to report that the strategic alliance between Capri Investment Group (CIG), USA and the Company, which brought about my chairmanship, has begun delivering on its objectives. During FY2015-16, we took a major step forward to strengthen this strategic alliance by receiving RBI approval to establish an asset gathering, off-shore, wholly-owned subsidiary. Recent statutory changes may allow us to base the Asset Management Company (AMC) in India with favourable tax and regulatory implications for our third-party investors. From the start, we have aimed to infuse best practices, robust governance, and combine the research efforts of CIG and the Company. The pending establishment of the AMC with the goal of collectively raising capital from third-party investors – an area in which CIG specializes – will allow us to realize the spirit of joint venture upon which our alliance was formed.

As we move into the future, our primary focus will be on growth and expansion. We will broaden our product offerings geographically by extending our areas of operations. And at the same time, we will foray into new business lines, such as affordable housing finance and third-party asset management. But we also expect to expand our balance sheet by further developing our banking relationships and prudently increasing their capital exposure to us.

While MSME and residential real estate lending represent the bedrock of our ongoing business, our recent initiatives in affordable housing finance and AMC will help us further strengthen and diversify our portfolio, and, in the process, make our income streams more resilient. Certainly, the broader real estate market is currently facing challenges, but it may be the perfect time to counter-cyclically pursue select, high-return opportunities in the sector. All of these types of opportunities, properly executed, should enable the Company to profitably and responsibly provide attractive returns over the long term for our shareholders.

Lastly, at Capri Global, we are working to create value not just for our shareholders, but also for the communities in which we operate and the society at large. We are conscious of our responsibility as a corporate citizen and seek to play our part in making lives better. Our social responsibility initiatives are driven through the Capri Foundation, which runs various programmes in our operating areas. Beyond this, our lending activity itself provides opportunities for the society's underserved and marginalized sections. I would like to thank our shareholders for their immense support as we steadily and consistently develop your Company into one of the leading financial organizations in India. As India continues to take its place as perhaps the most dynamic economy in the world, we will endeavour to grow in tandem with this great country for the benefit of all the varied and important stakeholders of Capri Global.

Yours truly,

Quintin E. Primo III Non-executive Chairman

I AM HAPPY THAT THE STRATEGIC ALLIANCE BETWEEN CAPRI INVESTMENT GROUP (CIG), USA AND THE COMPANY HAS STARTED DELIVERING ON ITS OBJECTIVES.

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EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS' MESSAGE



Dear Shareholders

I take great pleasure in writing to you after the end of a satisfactory year. Amid external challenges, we reported a reasonably strong performance during the year. We managed to keep our non-performing assets under check and continued to maintain a strong balance sheet. During 2015-16, our business demonstrated its resilience and longterm potential. It was also the year when we delivered on our strategic agenda of growing the retail lending business, while being cautious and calibrated on the wholesale lending side.

LOAN BOOK

₹**1,11,058** lacs from ₹ 95,168 lacs in 2014-15

16.67% 🔿

CAPITAL ADEQUACY RATIO

79.72%

Our loan book grew by 16.67 percent to Rs. 1, 11,058 lacs (from Rs. 95,168 lacs in 2015-16) during the year. Remarkably, retail lending grew by over 70 percent and now comprises nearly 2/3rd of our total loan book. To us this represents our ability to identify opportunities and respond with agility.

The strength of our balance sheet and low gearing gave us the courage to writeoff an amount of Rs. 6,593.77 lacs (net of adjustments) during the year, which was the result of stress in the real-estate sector. Our total income was marginally lower at Rs. 18,655 lacs (from Rs. 19,216 lacs in 2014-15) largely due to the write-offs and reversals of income thereon during the year. Consequently, our Profit after tax fell by nearly half to Rs. 4120.49 lacs during the year. We were able to maintain a strong Capital Adequacy Ratio of 79.72% reflecting the immense headroom for growth that we enjoy.

We believe that the vibrant MSME sector in India requires easy access to capital to fuel its growth, and that we can be a partner in this journey. While traditional banking channels have increased their small lending focus, NBFCs such as Capri Global are better suited to serve emerging entrepreneurs. This is due to their flexibility, quicker decision making and differentiated credit-assessment processes that determine ability and prospects as opposed to a templated evaluation of credit-worthiness.

At Capri Global, we have built our retail lending franchise on the foundation of empathy and customer-centricity. We understand the needs and requirements of entrepreneurs and are ever-willing to be flexible and accommodative in ensuring that their business does not suffer due to lack of funds. We are extending our understanding from our core markets and coverage areas, to other parts of the country, in order to have a broadbased customer profile, wider geographic reach and derisked approach. We are consistently strengthening our grip in the Indian market through expanding our footprints and have opened 14 new branches during the year, taking the branch tally to 23 across India.

We recognize that building a highperformance culture of motivated, passionate people is an imperative to scale up our operations. Therefore, we have focused on lateral hiring, strengthening our training process, and equip the team with best of the technology tools and empowerment. Our growth and expansion is led by a team of customer interfacing professionals and gradually we are reducing our reliance on direct sales agent for sourcing business.

We have adopted a cautious approach towards Wholesale lending business in order to protect our balance sheet. We are selective in lending only to reputed builders in multi-family residential projects after stringent credit risk assessment. We are taking proactive steps to write off amounts, rather than carrying them in the balance sheet as NPA, while we have stepped up our efforts to ensure recovery of these amounts. As the realestate situation improves, we will be able to take strategic calls in this segment, and maintain a healthy book without compromising on returns.

I am also delighted to report that we have received the registration from National Housing Bank (NHB), for our Housing Finance subsidiary company (HFC). The affordable housing segment in India is attractive, and we are confident of leveraging our expertise and customer profile to be able to make a mark in this space. Together with this, we have also received RBI approval to incorporate a subsidiary company in Singapore, which will be focusing on the Asset Management business with India focus. All these initiatives would ensure multiple revenue streams for a sustainable growth and high risk adjusted return to stakeholders going forward.

Our growth will be directly driven by the capital-raising headroom our balancesheet offers. An improved credit rating and existing lines, largely unutilized, from banks will enable us to grow multi-fold over the next few years. Improvement in our credit rating from A to A+ would ensure easy access to capital at reasonable cost to fuel our growth plans.

Capri Global is well aligned to the India growth story. Various government for small initiatives and micro entrepreneurs and financial inclusion measures drive towards affordable housing are leading to multiple opportunities in the financial services space. At the same time, regulatory initiatives are also helping strengthen the sector, together with providing a level-playing field for quality participants. All these factors are certainly going to provide the tailwind for our rapid growth.

We are helping build the India of tomorrow, not just through our business initiatives, but also through our social responsibility focus. Our interventions across the areas of Health, Education, Skill development and Livelihood are helping make a difference to the lives of our communities. We intend to scale-up and deepen these initiatives going forward. We have positioned Capri Global attractively, and have put in place multiple initiatives during the year to implement the long term strategic intent. We are driven by our determination, and focused on our goal of value creation for the stakeholders. We are confident that our passion for excellence would help us fulfill expectations and take us to the next level, going forward.

I am deeply appreciative of the guidance and support received from our Board of Directors during the year. My gratitude also to our partners, bankers and other stakeholders who have supported our journey. And my congratulations to the hardworking team of go-getters that comprises Capri Global as they march towards our next level of growth.

Sincerely,

Sunil Kapoor Executive Director

WE HAVE POSITIONED CAPRI GLOBAL ATTRACTIVELY, AND HAVE PUT IN PLACE MULTIPLE **INITIATIVES** DURING THE YEAR TO IMPLEMENT THE LONG TERM **STRATEGIC** INTENT. WE ARE DRIVEN BY DETERMINATION, OUR AND FOCUSED ON OUR GOAL OF VALUE CREATION FOR THE STAKEHOLDERS. WE ARE CONFIDENT THAT OUR PASSION FOR EXCELLENCE WOULD HELP **US FULFILL EXPECTATIONS AND** TAKE US TO THE NEXT LEVEL. GOING FORWARD.

BUSINESS APPROACH

ATTRACTIVE OPPORTUNITIES. ROBUST STRATEGY.

India is an inherently entrepreneurial society. With the Government's recent initiatives designed to further fuel enterprise, more and more people are taking the plunge to start their own businesses. The Make in India and Start-up India campaigns have further motivated people to become entrepreneurs.

In addition, there are millions of small businesses in India that require capital to realise their true potential. These factors, in turn, have accelerated the demand for small-ticket loans from NBFCs.

We at CGCL, are committed to reach a wider spectrum of emerging entrepreneurs to participate in the entrepreneurial resurgence of the country. We are taking strategic steps to attain success in the long term.



Changing Product Mix

During the year, we strategically shifted our focus to MSME and retail business, recognising the potential opportunities of these sectors. With our existent large market presence in key sectors, and present diversifications, we are now prepared to address a larger MSME base. During the year, the real estate sector witnessed a challenging environment amid policy uncertainties and delay in project approval cycle. This hampered the demand-supply scenario. Therefore, we followed a careful approach towards the real estate sector under wholesale lending.

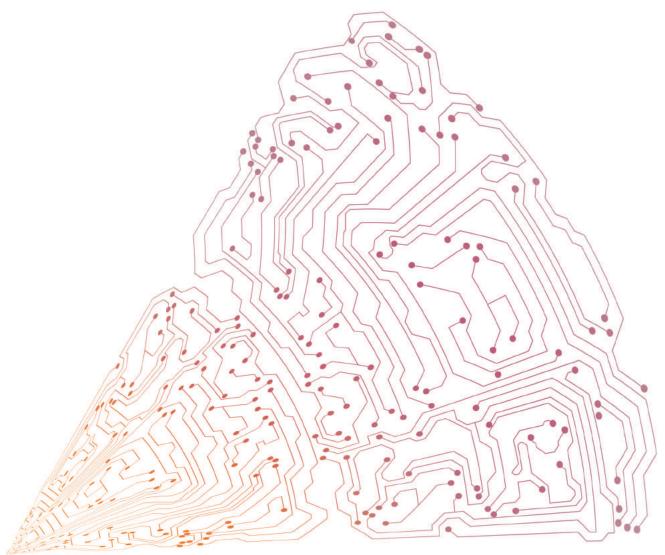
Infusing Customer Centricity

As a customer-focused entity, we focus on understanding client requirements and addressing them through innovative solutions. During the year, we concentrated on reducing the DSA sales channel and built our own sales force, thereby strengthening direct business. The strong sales team regularly visit customers in our focused markets.

We are emphasizing on customer engagement by going closer to people, listening to their requirements and trying to improve our products and services, based on their insights. Our sensitivity to local cultures and aspirations has enabled us to gain the confidence of customers.

Increasing Footprints

We are foraying into new geographies and at the same time, penetrating deeper into existing locations. From a single centre entity, today, we have become a company with over 23 branches across India. Through expanding our footprints, we are consistently solidifying our grip in the Indian market. Going forward, we are planning to spread our network in the states of Maharashtra (Nagpur, Nashik), Gujarat (Baroda, Gandhidham, Jamnagar, Bharuch, Mehsana), Madhya Pradesh (Bhopal, Indore), Punjab (Jalandhar, Ambala), Tamil Nadu and entire NCR zone.



BUSINESS ENABLERS

STRONG **TECHNOLOGY.** PROFICIENT **RISK MANAGEMENT.**

Over the years, we have been able to position ourselves as a preferred financial services provider to customers through our due diligence, efficient processing and speedy disbursements. Our strong technological back-up and efficient risk-management framework has enabled us strengthen our reputation.

Robust IT framework

Our information technology facilitates faster and informed decision making. Information and technology framework has been integrated to all our various operations. We regularly invest in upgrading our infrastructure processes to ensure speed and accuracy in our functions.

Technology has gained more prominence with increasing volumes, processes and expansion of branch network. It has become a prerequisite to streamline operations. The technology infrastructure is regularly reviewed to ensure alignment with changing business model and technology landscapes.

Efficient risk management system

As an NBFC, we are predominantly exposed to typical risks which are common to financial sector. Our efficient risk management system enables us to thrive in a competitive environment. We follow an effective risk management model that supplements our business growth. Our risk management process begins with a well-documented policy, which is implemented by our team of experienced industry professionals.

We have institutionalised Risk management and the practices are reviewed and guided by the apex Risk Management Committee of the Board members. SOP are laid down for all the critical operations.

Ingenious credit rating tool for project and credit appraisal are developed for business verticals by experienced professionals to ensure selection of credible borrowers.

We have a capable team to handle recoveries and manage delinquencies reinforced by well-laid-out systems and procedures. Our recoveries philosophy is driven by core principles of integrity, transparency and respect for our customers. Extensive personal discussions with customers are conducted to assess their overall financial health and sustainability of their income.

We have a strong system to analyse data related to customers, supported by quality underwriting. As on March 31, 2016, our Gross NPAs were at 0.88% and Net NPAs at 0.75%.

Going forward, we will focus on the following areas:

- Strengthen data security functions
- Install analytical tools with various functions
- Present a new technology platform to improve customer services & acquisition and reduce the turnaround time with minimal transfer of physical documents
- Advancement to a scalable and flexible technology landscape
- Installation of fraud detection & prevention solutions

GROSS NPA

0.88%

NET NPA

0.75%

FULLY SECURED LOAN PORTFOLIO

BUSINESS DRIVERS

EMPOWERED TEAM. FIRM GOVERNANCE FRAMEWORK.

A dynamic and dependable team is the biggest asset for an organisation. We encourage a right work culture, supported by ethical work practices to facilitate good business. At the same time, we follow value creation approach. It originates from our belief that a comprehensive governance system, based on relationship and trust, is crucial to creating consistent stakeholder value.

Empowered team

The success of our business and contentment of our customers is largely dependent on our team performance. We work responsibly towards building an engaging team of performers. The proficiency and leadership capabilities of our team members are important for our long-term success. We made significant efforts in the areas of talent acquisition, employee development, leadership enhancement and performance management. During the year, our people strength increased from 216 to 380.



Amit Setia Associate Vice President Sales - MSME & Retail Lending

"At CGCL, there is always a sense of security as it treats its employees like a family. HR understands well that there should be a work-life balance and therefore they leave no stone unturned to treat the employees in the best possible manner. At CGCL, performance is not limited to the quantitative numbers but encompasses the qualitative assessment of humane aspects, integrity, behavior and loyalty. At our work we have challenges, responsibilities and a lot of fun activities to do but I will say one thing that if you can dream, the organisation provides the resources to turn your dream into a reality."

Comprehensive governance system

We are committed towards following the highest standards of governance and believe in implementing best practices for maintaining corporate discipline. Our leadership team, comprising an able mix of professionals with extensive experience and domain expertise, provides strategic direction to steer our continued growth. During the year, our credit rating moved to A+, one notch away from attaining an AA rating (premium rating held by big companies in the NBFC space).



Priyanka R. Hogle Executive - Central Operations, MSME & Retail Lending

"It gives me immense pleasure to be associated with CGCL. Calling it a "Capri family" perhaps would be more apt. I have joined this organization when the MSME segment was just shaping up and now after four years of sheer determination and dedication, the group has carved out a niche for itself in the market. The exposure which I got in Capri is great and I must say it is the best place to start my career in this industry. In CGCL, it is ensured that hard work and fun goes hand in hand. Participation in events like Stepathlon, Marathon, Health talks, various competitions on different occasions, outings / fun trips ensure perfect balance between work, fun and health."

Our HR practices during the year

- Embedded a culture of ownership by delegating authorities at various levels
- Brought transparency in performance management and reward programs
- Encouraged personal and professional growth through knowledge management and training & development programs
- Engineered high performance culture in the organization by reviewing, recognizing and incentivizing on monthly basis
- Conducted various employee-engagement activities to boost employee morale
- Built pool of young leaders

A+

OUR CREDIT RATING MOVED TO A+, ONE NOTCH AWAY FROM ATTAINING AN AA RATING.

BUSINESS FOCUS

DRIVEN TO **TRANSFORM.** DETERMINED TO **SUCCEED.**

It takes dedication and focus to evolve into a recognised institution. Over the years, we have built a strong reputation on the back of our commitment to creating value for stakeholders. However, one should never rest on laurels and instead, focus on the next level. Therefore, at Capri Global, we are taking various initiatives to leverage the emerging opportunities and strengthen our growth trajectory. This will enable us to prepare ourselves for the next phase of growth.

Our Growth Plan

- Strengthen focus on MSME & Retail lending and expand branch network
- Foray into affordable housing finance
- Enter asset management business
- Leverage high capital adequacy
- Invest in people, processes and IT
- Strengthen risk management framework

Foraying into new businesses

Being a recognised NBFC with strong presence in the real estate and MSME finance segment, we took the next logical step by foraying into the housing finance segment. Our endeavour is to empower the low and middle income customers in smaller towns and assist them in buying their dream homes by introducing special schemes, flexible solutions and hasslefree processing. Our consistent focus will be on groups that need own housing as a means of self-actualisation and financial security.

Besides housing, we also are entering into asset management business to further strengthen our portfolio, after having received the requisite approvals for this. We believe that our experience and understanding of our sector, together with our management depth will be wellutilised in a segment such as Asset Management, and will further allow us to meet the requirements of our customers. It will also ensure that we are leveraging our financial strength to create greater shareholder value.

Strengthening strategic alliance

During the year, we took a step forward to strengthen the strategic alliance between Capri Investment Group (CIG), USA and the Company. This alliance is aimed at imbibing best practices, ensuring robust governance standards and combining the research efforts of the two entities. Going forward, the spirit of this alliance would be realised by working together in raising third-party capital for the proposed asset management business.

Improving systems and processes

An effective collection system is an absolute necessity for NBFCs. To reduce our delinquency levels, we have strengthened our collections efficiency. With a larger collection team and regular follow-ups and reminders, we are on track to achieve best-in-class efficiencies and protect our profitability.

We also endeavour to ensure that our clients receive finance in the shortest possible time, because timely meeting of capital needs is important to them. This is one of our core differentiators, and we are building technology systems and processes to further strengthen our turn round times. Our technology investments will ensure that we are able to provide for the next level of our growth, and improve our operational efficiency and keep the operating costs under control.

Our credit appraisal process has been strengthened significantly, leading to a quicker loan sanction procedure. This builds our competitive position vis-à-vis other financial institutions and creates a differentiator.

We are also investing in technology to manage the business better, and to provide real time information and data to our management and to our field staff, in order that they may take informed decisions. We are ensuring that at all levels people are able to leverage technology and work better in order that Capri Global emerges as a best-in-class financial services institution.

DETERMINED TO SUPPORT SOCIAL PROGRESS

Rs. **242.60** lacs

SPENT ON CSR FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR

At Capri Global, community development is an integral part of our sustainability strategy. We define CSR as conducting business in a way that provides social, environmental and economic benefits to our communities. Capri Foundation, our CSR arm has undertaken numerous social initiatives in the areas of education, health and livelihood enhancement.

EDUCATION





Capri Shiksha Yogdan

Capri Shiksha Yogdan is our scholarship program for meritorious students from marginalized communities. The scholarship program encourages students and helps them to pursue their higher education.



150+ PERSONS BENEFITED

LIVELIHOOD

Capri Rozgar

We focus on providing livelihood enhancement opportunities to sociallydisadvantaged groups, through our Capri Rozgar initiatives. Some such initiatives include supporting skill training in stitching, umbrella making and switch assembly for specially-abled persons; and ITI training to urban youth in various technical trades, which in turn helps them become employable citizens.

PRAJAKTA MORE'S STORY OF SUCCESS



It was the happiest day of Prajakta's life when she was recruited by Tata Consultancy Services in her final year of engineering (Electronics and Telecommunication). However, her journey so far has been nothing short of a herculean task. Prajakta lost her father in her childhood and since then her mother struggled to make ends meet and educate her.

Even after qualifying for admission in Shah and Anchor Kutcchi College, the huge fees threatened to impede her academic pursuits. She paid her fees by taking loan from a local chit fund at a high rate of interest.

Prajakta's woes finally came to an end, when Capri Foundation accepted her scholarship application. After conducting a proper due-diligence process Capri Foundation sponsored Prajakta's fees till final year of engineering. We at Capri Foundation admire Prajakta for coming this far and we are glad to be able to support 268 more deserving children in the last year.

HEALTH

Capri Sath

It is our need-based support program to provide accommodation, food, medical aid, and subsistence support to the economically-challenged people.

Helping Survive Thalassemia

Thalassemia is a life-threatening blood disorder that is incurable. A person diagnosed with Thalassemia needs to receive blood transfusion once in two to three weeks. Besides, the treatments and medication involve huge financial support. Realizing the situation, Capri Foundation has identified 40 such children from under-privileged backgrounds and is extending financial support to them.

Capri Vidya Abhiyan

Under this program we take up the responsibility of providing infrastructural support and sanitation facilities to schools in rural and urban areas. The school sanitation program is implemented in line with Government's 'Swachh Bharat Abhiyan' which aims to ensure 'Swachh Vidyalaya' by providing access to functional and hygienic sanitation facilities. Besides, scholarship support is also provided to students for pursuing primary and secondary education.

School Sanitation Project

Dahanu block is located in Palghar district of Maharashtra. Not many visitors venture into this tribal belt, which is full of 'Kutcha' roads and tiny hamlets. The village schools are badly constructed and under-equipped. Toilets are rare and if any, they do not have any separate block for girls. The long queues to access toilets often led to open-defecation and acted as a major hindrance in enrollment of girl students. As an initiative towards improvement of sanitation facilities in zilla parishad schools, Capri Foundation has installed 10 sanitation units in five government schools of Dahanu.





40+ INDIVIDUALS SUPPORTED

135+ STUDENTS SUPPORTED



10

SANITATION UNITS INSTALLED IN FIVE GOVERNMENT SCHOOLS

BUSINESS REVIEW

MSME & RETAIL LENDING



68% MSME & RETAIL LENDING CONTRIBUTION

We partner MSMEs through their business cycle by providing them the much-needed access to funding. In a market where many large bankers and NBFCs chase the few large companies that require big ticket funding, we position ourselves as financers to the multitude of MSMEs who seek smaller amounts of growth capital to achieve their ambitions.

Under MSME financing, we provide loans to MSMEs in sectors of wholesale, retail, manufacturing and services. The overall retail book has grown by 70% during 2015-16 which demonstrates the success of the business-development efforts and focus on growing this segment.

Mr. Kumar is a resident of Sanjay Colony, Faridabad. He has been in business of providing

domestic courier services and wanted to scale up his business. He approached us for financial

assistance and we offered him instant and hassle-free loan. Now, not only that he has been

able to launch international courier services, but also services to parcel more than 300 kg's of

load, which he was not able to do earlier, due to

working capital constraints. Mr. Sunil believes, "Capri Global has always supported me at every

step and partnered my progress." We are proud to

be part of his success story.

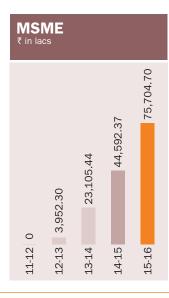
Key Highlights 2015-16

- More than 80% of our business is PSL (priority sector lending).
- We are expanding our presence in Maharashtra, Gujarat, Punjab, Tamil Nadu and entire NCR.
- Disbursed loan worth Rs.47,644 lacs.
- We received Certificate of Registration from National Housing Bank (NHB) to launch Housing Finance business.



Mr. Sunil Kumar Owner of M/s. Swastik Express

Loans and Advances Growth over 5 years



WHOLESALE LENDING



32% WHOLESALE LENDING CONTRIBUTION

The wholesale lending division focuses on the residential real estate sector, and caters to the needs of this segment through comprehensive financial solutions. This division emphasises on diverse project financing needs over the entire real estate transaction cycle. Through this division, we aim to meet the funding requirements of established Tier-1 developers, as well as upcoming developers in mature markets. With deep industry relationships and excellent in-house risk assessment expertise, this vertical was able to manage risks and optimize returns even in an adverse economic and real estate environment.

Under real estate, we have created a niche for ourselves through offering structured term loans only to multi-family real estate townships / standalone buildings.

Mr. Mutha was in search of a financial partner to fund his landmark project in Thane which

required financial closure. The project had just

commenced construction. Mr. Anil Mutha says,

"When we were searching a Financial Partner

for our project, Capri Global was the quickest to respond and we are very happy to have your assistance. Your entire team understands our requirements very well and has offered viable solutions to the problems faced by us. We would definitely like to build this new relationship and hope to work together for our future projects."

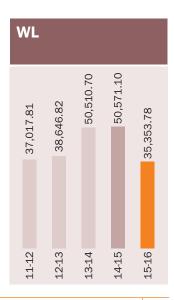
Key Highlights 2015-16

- We have presence at all major markets like Mumbai, Pune, Bangaluru and NCR Region.
- We focused on affordable housing projects in these areas.
- Strong credit risk assessment with minimum TAT.
- Disbursed loan worth Rs. 21,631 lacs.



Mr. Anil Mutha Promoter of Nandivardhan Group

Loans and Advances Growth over 5 years



BOARD OF DIRECTORS



1 Mr. Quintin E. Primo III Non-executive Chairman

Quintin E. Primo III is the Founder, Chairman and Chief Executive Officer of Capri Investment Group, IIC. Headquartered in Chicago, Illinois, USA, Capri Investment Group is a real estate investment management firm advising pension fund and other institutional investors. With over three decades of experience in real estate investment, Mr. Primo established Capri in 1992 during the US credit crisis. With his expertise in developing new markets for investment, he successfully established a niche business by capitalizing on the financing void left by retreating banks, insurance companies and thrift institutions.

Under his leadership, Capri launched one of the industry's first real estate mezzanine investment funds in 1998. In the following decade, he emerged as an early institutional investor in the US multifamily residential markets as well as in America's underserved urban markets.

Mr. Primo holds a Master of Business Administration degree from Harvard University Graduate School of Business and a Bachelor of Science degree in Finance, with honours and high distinction from Indiana University. He has several articles and industry white papers to his credit, and is well recognized for his professional, civic and philanthropic contributions.

2 Mr. Sunil Kapoor Executive Director

Sunil Kapoor has over 25 years of experience with leading global organizations. He has significant expertise across various business functions, including, operations, credit (underwriting), collections, sales, distribution, and risk & finance.

He has worked with several leading global organizations such as AIG, Bharti AXA Life Insurance, General Electric (GE), Citigroup, American Express (AMEX), and Godfrey Phillips. He has demonstrated strong leadership skills and has successfully developed business strategy, built up a team of capable executives, implemented new operating systems and risk analytics, during his association with these reputed MNCs. During his current stint with Capri Global, he has strengthened the reach of the MSME vertical and has launched the direct-to-customer model to deliver personalized and quick services.

Sunil Kapoor is a qualified Chartered Accountant, Cost Accountant and a Commerce graduate from Shri Ram College of Commerce, Delhi University.

3 Mr. Beni Prasad Rauka Independent Director

Beni Prasad Rauka is associated with SEB Group of companies as its Group CFO and has steered the Group's finance and accounts function for over 15 years. With more than 29 years of experience of working with merchant bankers, finance and manufacturing companies, he has helped many corporates raise substantive short and long-term funds from debt and equity markets. Beni Prasad Rauka is a qualified Chartered Accountant and Company Secretary. He is known for his contribution to the community, through supporting various social welfare and culturalcauses.

4 Ms. Bhagyam Ramani Independent Director

Bhagyam Ramani is an Ex-Director and GM of General Insurance Corporation of India (GIC-Re). She started her assignment at GIC-Re as a Direct Recruit Officer in 1976 and was promoted as General Manager in 2005. Subsequently, in 2009, she became a Director on the Board of GIC-Re and retired in January 2012.

She gained substantial experience in investment management while her association with GIC-Re. Besides, she served on on the Board of many prominent Indian companies like L&T, NSE, IDBI Trusteeship Ltd., Milestone Capital Advisors Ltd. and Agricultural Insurance Company Ltd.

At present, she is serving as Independent Director on the Board of prominent public listed companies such as Saurashtra Cement Ltd., Gujarat Sidhee Cement Ltd., Lloyds Metals and Energy Ltd., Industrial Investment Trust Ltd. and Choice International Ltd. Moreover, she is also on the Board of large unlisted public companies like IDBI Federal Life Insurance Company Ltd., L&T Hydrocarbon Engineering Ltd. and L&T Special Steels and Heavy Forgings Private Limited. She is also part of the visiting faculty at the National Insurance Academy, Pune.



She is a Post Graduate in Economics (Hon.) from Bombay University with specialization in Industrial and Monetary Economics.

5 Mr. Bhagwati Prasad Independent Director

Bhagwati Prasad, since retiring as Chief Justice of the Jharkhand High Court in May 2011, practices law as Senior Advocate before the Hon'ble Supreme Court of India.

After practising law for more than two decades, he was elevated as Judge of Rajasthan High Court in 1996. Subsequently, he became the Judge of the High Court of Gujarat at Ahmedabad in February 2008. In August 2010, he was elevated as the Chief Justice of Jharkhand High Court at Ranchi.

Bhagwati Prasad is a Post Graduate in Law (LLM) from Jodhpur University and a Law Graduate from Doongar College, Bikaner.

6 Mr. Mukesh Kacker Independent Director

Mukesh Kacker served as an IAS officer with the Government of India for three decades, holding significant senior positions, both in policy formulation roles and in executing capacities.

As a Member of National Highways Authority of India, he was at the forefront of India's highways revolution. He played an instrumental role in planning and executing a major portion of the Golden Quadrilateral. As Joint Secretary (Petrochemicals), he drafted the National Policy on Petrochemicals and conceptualized the Policy on Investment Regions, anchored by big petrochemical units. Besides, he has worked in various positions in the Ministry of Human Resource Development, Government of India.

The Government of India inducted him as Member, Task Force on Infrastructure Development and Mega Projects. He also serves as Independent Director on the Board of Arshiya International Ltd.

He holds a Master's Degree in Economics from Harvard University, as well as a Bachelor in Science and M.A. in Political Science from Allahabad University.

7 Mr. T. R. Bajalia Independent Director

T. R. Bajalia has over four decades of experience in the banking industry, having handled portfolios including Corporate Banking, Project Appraisal, NPA Management and Resolution, MSME Funding, Human Resource Management/ Development, Training, Legal, Management of Facilities and Infrastructure.

Mr. Bajalia started his career with Bank of India in 1974 as a Probationary Officer, before joining IDBI in 1983. He played a significant role in the formation of the Micro Small and Medium Enterprises (MSME) vertical in IDBI in 2008. He had been an IDBI nominee on the SIDBI Board since 2009. Before being appointed as Deputy Managing Director of SIDBI in October, 2012 he was the Executive Director with IDBI Bank Limited. He retired as Deputy Managing Director of the SIDBI on December 31, 2013, before joining Board of the Company as Independent Director.

T. R. Bajalia is a well-known authority on MSME funding in India and has addressed many MSME forums. He served as a Member of the Committee constituted by the Reserve Bank of India for restructuring of SME. He was also a member of the CDR empowered group and member of committees relating to the MSME sector constituted by Chambers of Commerce, including the Maharashtra Chamber of Commerce, FICCI and CII. He also serves as Independent Director on the Board of India Steel Works Limited.

He is an Economics Graduate, Cost Accountant and Certified Associate of the Indian Institute of Bankers (CAIIB).

O Mr. Rajesh Sharma Promoter Director

Rajesh Sharma is founder of the Company, with over two decades of experience in capital market and financial advisory services. Besides, he has rich knowledge in Corporate Finance, Investment Banking, Merchant Banking and Asset Financing. He has leveraged his expertise and experience to steer the Company's growth and played an instrumental role in making it one of the leading financial services players in India.

He is a qualified Chartered Accountant.



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MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION & ANALYSIS

GLOBAL ECONOMY OVERVIEW

The financial year 2015-16 did not witness any major surge in economic activity. Global growth declined from 3.4% in 2014 to 3.1% in 2015. This slowdown was primarily driven by unprecedented decline in oil and commodities prices, volatility in financial markets, decline in trade and low inflationary trends owing to depressed growth around the world.

The US posted 2.4% growth mainly due to the country's improved fiscal and housing situation. The Euro Area grew by 1.5% on the back of robust private consumption, supported by low oil prices and easy financial conditions. The Japanese economy was hampered by a sharp fall in private consumption, resulting in discouraging growth figures. The rebalancing of the Chinese economy had a major impact, especially in the Asia-Pacific region, as it shifted from manufacturing to service sector. This has translated into strong tailwind for China, and is expected to help it post decent, though below par, growth numbers.

Going forward, global growth is projected to improve at slow pace. It is expected to reach 3.2% in 2016 and 3.5% in 2017. The growth projections for all the major economies and regions for 2016-17 are modest. It is believed to be a year of consolidation, where commodities prices are expected to bottom out and a slight pickup witnessed in infrastructure activity.

| | | | | (%) |
|-----------------------------------|------|------|------|------|
| Global Growth | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 |
| World Output | 3.4 | 3.1 | 3.2 | 3.5 |
| Advanced Economies | 1.8 | 1.9 | 1.9 | 2.0 |
| United States | 2.4 | 2.4 | 2.4 | 2.5 |
| Euro Area | 0.9 | 1.6 | 1.5 | 1.6 |
| Japan | 0.0 | 0.5 | 0.5 | -0.1 |
| United Kingdom | 2.9 | 2.2 | 1.9 | 2.2 |
| Other Advanced Economies * | 2.8 | 2.0 | 2.1 | 2.4 |
| Emerging and Developing Economies | 4.6 | 4.0 | 4.1 | 4.6 |
| China | 7.3 | 6.9 | 6.5 | 6.2 |

*Excludes the G7 and Euro Area countries. Source: International Monetary Fund (IMF)

INDIAN ECONOMY OVERVIEW

Despite continuing global headwinds, India's GDP clocked 7.6% growth in 2015-16, making it one of the fastest growing economies in the world. The Government of India (Gol) focused on strengthening the economy with various pro-reform policy initiatives to improve the country's social and physical infrastructure and set structural drivers for long-term sustainable economic growth.

India's trade deficit came down to \$5.1 billion in March 2016 owing to a sharp decline of upto 21% in imports. The government's adherence to keeping the fiscal deficit within target while managing growth is a positive step, especially in view of the stress and uncertainty in the global economy. The government has targeted to narrow the fiscal deficit to 3.5%

in 2016-17, after maintaining its 3.9% target for 2015-16. Consumer price inflation is also within normal range, hovering around 5%.

Government initiatives, low interest rates, decline in fiscal deficit and moderate inflation have enabled the Indian economy to achieve strong growth estimates. Policy adjustments and improved macro-economic environment have helped India attract more FDI flows during the year compared to last year. With government's growth agenda intact and the tide turning favourable on the economic front, India looks poised to perform better than its global counterparts in 2016-17 and is expected to grow at closer to 8% in 2016-17.

SECTOR OVERVIEW

Financial Services Industry

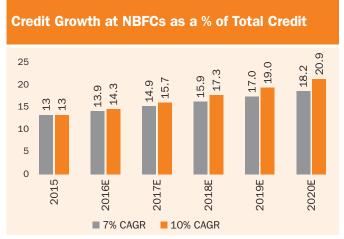
India's financial services industry is expanding at a rapid pace driven by the government's pro-sector measures, announced in the last fiscal. These initiatives have given significant impetus to the sector that includes, commercial banks, insurance companies, non-banking financial companies, co-operatives, pension funds, mutual funds and other smaller financial entities.

Government schemes like Pradhan Mantri Jan Dhan Yojana, Atal Pension Yojana, MUDRA, the new bankruptcy law, gold monetisation scheme and debt restructuring scheme are contributing to the financial sector's growth. Besides, the sector is positively impacted by favourable micro economic factors like rising income levels, improving life expectancy and good economic growth numbers.

The Reserve Bank of India (RBI) has issued in-principle approvals for setting up ten small finance banks and eleven payment banks. These initiatives are likely to speed up the process of financial inclusion, opening new avenues of funding for micro small and medium enterprises (MSMEs). This in turn is expected to open new business opportunities for NBFCs.

NBFCs - growing in relevance

For over a decade, Indian NBFCs have played a pivotal role in meeting the country's diverse financial requirements. They cater to under-penetrated and unbanked customer segments, fulfilling their financial needs. NBFCs are able to reach deeper, offer more specialised services, and are able to lend to sectors and customers who find it difficult to obtain bank lending. NBFCs have performed well in retail asset-backed lending, lending against securities and microfinance. Besides, they have done substantially well in farm equipment financing, loans for purchase of used commercial vehicles & machinery and small ticket personal loans. NBFCs are expected to play the role of a key financial intermediary, once they are integrated in the financial system with full policy support. Factors like better understanding of customer profile / need, better product lines, wide network, quick turnaround time and robust risk management capabilities will contribute to the growth of NBFCs.

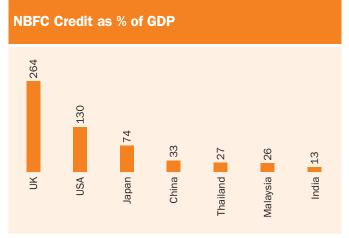


Source: PwC Analysis

Increased customization is the key to the sector's satisfactory performance. Innovation-led customised products will set the tone for the sector's growth momentum, going forward.

Conversion of 10 (ten) micro-finance institutions into small finance banks in the next one year is expected to provide space for the growth of other NBFCs-MFIs. NBFCs can partner with payment banks and small finance banks to provide more financial offerings to consumers, thereby boosting growth prospects. Large exposure regime for banks will come into effect by 2018, which would provide NBFCs more room to operate in big-ticket corporate financing segment in the medium term.

Credit penetration of NBFCs in India at 13% of GDP is still low, compared to other emerging economies (source: Boston Consulting Group). This represents huge untapped opportunities for the sector. According to various estimates, the market share of NBFCs in total credit has increased to 13% in 2015 from 10% in 2005, in just a decade. Improving macroeconomic conditions, higher credit penetration, improved consumption and disruptive digital trends will allow NBFC's credit to grow at 7–10% (real growth rate) over the next five years.



Source: BCG Reports

NBFCs and regulatory environment

The RBI conducted a comprehensive review of NBFC regulations in 2014. The revised regulatory framework is designed to focus supervisory attention to those NBFCs which genuinely can pose risks to the financial system and bring operational freedom to smaller NBFCs. Assets classification and Provisioning norms of NBFCs are going to converge with those of banks by the 2018.

Government Initiatives

- NBFCs shall be eligible to claim tax deduction to the extent of 5% of total income on account of provision for bad and doubtful debts (NPAs). It has been a long awaited demand to treat the provision of bad debts of NBFCs at par with that of Indian banks in terms of tax deduction. This has only been moderately met as the prescribed percentage is less than that allowed for banks. However, this is a positive development for NBFCs reducing the tax outgo for them. It has provided them a much sought after relief, especially in these rising NPAs scenario.
- Reversal of input tax is proposed to provide additional options to banking companies, financial institutions and non-banking financial companies, with respect to nontaxable services provided by them by way of extending deposits, loans and advances.
- FDI will be allowed beyond the 18 specified NBFC activities under the automatic route. This move will help in promoting ease of doing business and attracting overseas investments by doing away with the need of seeking government approvals.
- In 2015 Union Budget, the finance minister announced that NBFCs would be considered as an eligible financial institution for SARFAESI benefits. However, the corresponding amendment in the SARFAESI Act is yet to be introduced. This move would facilitate faster liquidation of immovable assets for recovery of bad loans.

NBFCs and MSME

The micro, small and medium enterprise (MSME) financing sector is still relatively underpenetrated. Most retail asset financiers are targeting the underpenetrated MSME financing market. The MSME sector includes roughly 36 million units, accounts for 45% manufactured output and 40% exports from the country. The sector contributes to around 37.5% of GDP and provides employment to 111.4 million persons. Owing to the greater flexibility and lower approval time that the sector offers, retail NBFCs are preferred borrowing partner to the MSME segment.

The government is taking proactive measures to help MSME sector. It is creating more awareness, removing technologyrelated obstacles and providing necessary training to the people engaged in this sector. According to CRISIL, Ioan against property segment for MSMEs is expected to grow by ₹ 5 lakh crores by 2018-19 and NBFCs are likely to contribute nearly half of this.

NBFC and Real estate sector

India is projected to become the third-largest economy in the world by 2030. An estimated 590 million people will dwell in cities. In 2015, the government announced 'Housing for All by 2020', heralding a new era in the housing finance sector. The scheme became a catalyst to create a supportive environment for expanding credit flow and increasing home ownership.

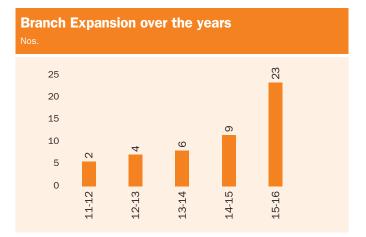
According to ICRA, the total housing credit outstanding as on December 31, 2015 crossed ₹ 11.9 trillion, thus showcasing a growth of 18% in the nine month of 2015. This is a marked improvement from the previous ₹ 10.5 trillion as on March 31, 2015. The growth can be attributed to the disbursements against construction-related loans, growth in the small ticket affordable housing segment and demand from Tier II and Tier III cities.

Overall, as the growth in the sector is picking up, there is enough opportunity for both banks and NBFCs to cater to this evolving demand. In addition, favourable policy implementations such as bringing housing loans of up to $\overline{\xi}$ 50 lakh under affordable housing, $\overline{\xi}$ 28 lakh in urban and $\overline{\xi}$ 25 lakh in other centres under Priority Sector Lending will contribute to this sector's growth. Moreover, the government has identified 98 cities to be developed as smart cities and announced 20 cities to be taken up in the first phase.

COMPANY OVERVIEW

Capri Global Capital Ltd (CGCL) is a leading Indian NBFC, which focuses on lending to MSME business enterprises as well as residential real estate developers. It has multiple products that include bridge loans to builders, structured debt, loans for working capital for small businesses and plant & machinery purchases. The Company aims to provide customised solutions to borrowers while de-risking the transactions through appropriate collaterals, thus, creating value for its stakeholders.

With a strong market presence in key sectors, CGCL is concentrating on bolstering its MSME vertical. The Company's growing ability to address the evolving financial needs of the sector will enable MSMEs to focus on their core competencies, and they collectively will contribute to the India Growth story. The Company's distribution footprint increased from 9 branches to 23 high potential locations across India during the year. The Company is expanding its presence, thereby strengthening its foothold in the key MSME markets across India.



CGCL is also focusing on the housing finance segment. It aims to make housing affordable to the society's marginalised sections, especially staying in Tier II and Tier III towns of India. Towards this end, it has recently received approval for undertaking Housing Finance business through its subsidiary. This will help the Company achieve significant growth, going forward and would supplement the existing Wholesale lending business focussed on funding real estate developers.

BUSINESS DIVISIONS

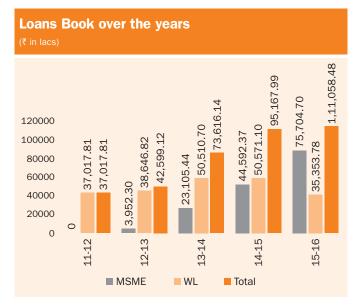
MSME and Retail lending

The Company's MSME & Retail financing vertical provides loans to micro, small and medium enterprises (MSME) in retail, manufacturing and services sector. The overall retail book has grown by 70% during 2015-16 which demonstrates the success of the business-development efforts and focus on growing this segment. CGCL believes that MSMEs are the growth engines which will power the economy forward, and therefore, addressing unmet financial needs of this segment can be a significant value-creation opportunity.

Wholesale lending

The Wholesale lending vertical aims to provide specialised and holistic solutions to real estate developer, helping them build and grow their businesses. The Company focuses on products in the structured credit space, backed by adequate collaterals and cash flows to build a secured and quality wholesale lending portfolio. The Company has created a niche for itself, offering structured term loans to multi-family real estate townships / standalone buildings. The Company has consciously adopted a cautious approach towards wholesale lending during the year and has been selective in choosing customers after carrying at stringent due diligence. The Company's wholesale loan book stood at ₹ 35,354 lacs as compared to ₹ 50,571 lacs during the previous year due to slow down in the sector.

The Company's loan book is well distributed both geographically and among a set of selected customers. The portfolio of customers includes residential real estate developers of repute, located in all the major metros including Mumbai, NCR, Pune and Bangaluru.



| | (₹ in lacs) | |
|--|-------------|-------------|
| Financial Review | 2015-16 | 2014-15 |
| Total Revenue | 18,655.19 | 19,216.08 |
| Profit Before Depreciation &Taxes(PBDT) | 5,544.14 | 13,946.47 |
| Profit After Tax | 4,120.49 | 8,518.33 |
| Loans & Advances | 1,11,058.48 | 95,167.99 |
| Interest Income | 15,908.96 | 17,031.28 |
| Net Worth | 1,08,602.50 | 1,03,313.84 |

During 2015-16, CGCL streamlined and expanded its operations after an intensive assessment of emerging economic scenario. It took cognizance of evolving customer needs and designed products and services that are aligned to their aspirations. CGCL also focused on leveraging the power of technology, and adopted a process-oriented approach to lending, to ensure better service delivery to customers and a stronger asset-quality. Given the slowdown experienced in the real-estate sector and the resultant surge in unsold inventory, CGCL consciously restricted the lending to this sector and increased the focus on the MSME business. This has resulted in a lower disbursement of loans for real-estate and an impact on profitability due to a one-time, proactive write-off as a prudent business and derisking strategy. The revenues were marginally lower during the year at ₹ 18,655.19 lacs, compared to ₹ 19,216.08 lacs during 2014-15. Interest income of the Company was marginally lower by 6.58% as compared to the last year at ₹ 15,908.96 lacs (Previous year ₹ 17,031.28 lacs)

The management decided to write-off loan to the extent of ₹ 6,593.77 lacs (net of adjustments) during the year, due to continuing default by few of the borrowers in repayment of loans. As a result, Profit After Tax (PAT) was lower by 51.63% i.e. ₹ 4120.49 lacs vis-à-vis ₹ 8,518.33 lacs in 2014-15.

The loan book of the Company grew by 16.70% to $\overline{\mathbf{x}}$ 111,058.48 lacs from $\overline{\mathbf{x}}$ 95,167.99 lacs of the previous year. The balance sheet of the company has strengthened further despite the fall in profit and the net worth has increased to $\overline{\mathbf{x}}$ 1,08,603 lacs from $\overline{\mathbf{x}}$ 1,03,314 lacs.

The Capital Adequacy Ratio (CAR), as of March 31, 2016, stood at 79.72% which is well above the regulatory minimum of 15%, providing significant headroom for growth going forward.

The Company was able to secure lines of credit from banks for its business and working capital needs to the extent of ₹ 38,500 lacs during the year as compared to ₹ 10,000 lacs of the previous year.

STRATEGY GOING FORWARD

Maintain strong asset quality and earnings growth – The Company has maintained high-quality loan and investment portfolios through keeping a watch on the target customer base, a comprehensive risk-assessment and thorough risk remediation procedure. It aims to maintain its focus on steady earnings growth through conservative risk management techniques and by accessing low-cost funds.

Leverage existing network with selective expansion – The Company proposes to expand its operations across India in a phased manner. This will help increase its share of the MSME business, by tapping underserved segments – Tier II and Tier III of the Indian economy. The Company aims to have 40-45 branches from the current 23.

Strengthen the IT platform – Technology continues to be a strategic enabler for CGCL. It is primary for the Company's future business growth and cost optimisation. The Company aims to strengthen processes to improve operational efficiency, end-to-end business automation and customer service to support business growth.

OUTLOOK

Over the years, NBFCs have played a significant role in providing small-ticket loans to retail customers in underserved regions, who do not have access to formal sources of finance. There is huge opportunity for credit intermediation and expansion in the country owing to improved economic activity and moderate interest rates as well as consumer demand. In the coming years, CGCL aims to achieve leadership position in selected customer products and segments; and build skills and capacity through people and technology development, while keeping risk under control.

The Company is prepared to take the next step by:

- Adopting faster means to expand and improving business operations.
- Establishing a presence across several parts of India.
- Developing new and bespoke products to meet diverse customer needs.
- Integrating operations with technology to improve the overall efficiency levels.

RISKS AND CONCERNS

Risk is the integral part of any business and CGCL is no exception to that. Even as the risk cannot be avoided in a business, it can be minimised or the probability of loss due to manifestation of such risk can be reduced to a greater extent.

Risk management has been institutionalised in CGCL. The Company has formed an apex Risk Management Committee of the Board of Directors, which reviews the implementation of risk management practices in the Company. It guides and advises the management to modify, improve and fine-tune systems and controls continuously to ensure a strong risk management discipline. Being a financial sector player, CGCL is predominantly exposed to typical risks including credit & portfolio risk, finance & liquidity risk, business & market risk, operational & technology risk and regulatory & compliance risk.

Credit Risk – This is a basic and inherent risk involved in lending business wherein the borrowers may fail to repay the loans leading to a risk of upsurge of the bad debts.

Impact on CGCL– Credit risk results in monetary losses (interest and principal), affects the capital adequacy and also casts doubts over the asset quality of the loan book. It further impacts the outlook of rating agencies about the company.

Mitigation – CGCL has a robust credit appraisal system in place along with an efficient monitoring system, designed to minimise the probability of default. The credit appraisal mechanism is founded on three pillars: selection of borrower; business assessment of borrower; and the collateral. CGCL follows quite elaborate process before a borrower is selected to be on board. The resources team is trained to identify a good customer. Subsequently, specialised executives from Company's in-house Fraud Control Unit check the references and antecedents of borrowers, and screen all papers/documents to ensure habitually unscrupulous borrowers are not taken on as customers. The Company has developed and implemented a rigorous credit rating tool in project finance under wholesale lending vertical. It precisely weighs the borrower on the scale of risk and investment grade. In MSME borrower segment, the business and repaying capacity of the prospective borrower are assessed pragmatically by adopting various measures, apart from traditional method of analysis of financial statements. Post disbursement, monitoring is also quite effective through Escrow arrangements. Besides, collecting and analysing different data and information from borrower, maintain vigorous follow up for recovery instalments of principal & interest and initiating corrective steps on time reduce the chances of impairment of loan assets.

Portfolio Risk – Concentration of credit risk in a particular segment of borrowers or products.

Impact on CGCL – The skew of the credit book in favour of any one sector may result in losses if the sector does not do well. It affects the quality of the asset-book and assessment by financing institutions.

Mitigation – CGCL adopts a vigilant practice to monitor portfolio risk. The wholesale lending business was historically concentrated in the real estate sector. CGCL has of late thoughtfully reduced its exposure to the sector by increasingly concentrating on the MSME segment where there are greater diversification opportunities. The MSME portfolio is well diversified to all business segments i.e. trade, industry, manufacturing, services and professionals, among others. The Company diligently follows prudential exposure norms to restrict credit concentration in any particular industry segment or scheme or product. Extensive MIS and internal controls ensure continuous monitoring of credit and portfolio risk.

Finance Risk – Money is the raw material in lending business. Timely and adequate availability of funds is essential for business growth.

Impact on CGCL – Having insufficient funds will impact the Company's ability to lend to prospective borrowers thus affecting business growth. Adequate balance between owned funds and borrowed funds must be maintained to ensure that the lending ability does not suffer.

Mitigation – With a large owned fund base, CGCL is capable of raising adequate funds from banking system to support the projected business growth. With a low capital gearing, of approximately 0.4 times, CGCL is in strong position to mobilise funds and support business growth without any challenges in foreseeable future. The company has a comfortable capital adequacy ratio, and it has available lines of credit from multiple institutions, that can be tapped whenever the need of funds arises.

Liquidity Risk – Liquidity is an intrinsic risk in the financing activity. It surfaces when there is a mismatch between the raising and deployment of funds, both in terms of tenor and quantum. **Impact on CGCL** – Although it is a short-term risk, if not managed efficiently it can cause loss of business as well as revenue losses. Inability to lend when opportunity arises because of a non-availability of immediate funds can be a significant setback.

Mitigation – In CGCL liquidity is dynamically managed by wellequipped treasury. Funds availability and deployment are monitored daily, round-the-clock. The reports are submitted to ALCO members on a daily basis; ALCO reviews the position and forecasts on quarterly basis for next six months.

Business Risk – Volatile macro-economic conditions and change in the sector's attitude towards various economic segments cause ups and downs in the business. There may be increased competition, lower spreads available and non-performance of certain customer segments.

Impact on CGCL – Being forced to lend at lower rates may reduce the profitability. The company's asset book may be impaired if customer business segments are not doing well. If there is overall stress in the lending sector, there may be several regulatory restrictions imposed.

Mitigation - CGCL has a dedicated team to continuously evaluate trends in the economy as well as various sectors of it. With perseverance of research team, business and risk teams are equipped with Industry outlook to facilitate well informed decisions. With increasing competition in the financial markets, the Company's business growth is now subjected to its withstanding ability to face the competition. Keeping in with trends and practices in the market. CGCL has devised a number of tailormade products to ease the market penetration. Under MSME a new focus area is introduced viz. urban retail for mobilising the business from micro markets within the city. For better reach to such market, the Company has undertaken a branch network expansion programme. Equipped with zealous sales force, range of products, continuous efforts to improve TAT and customerfriendly culture, the Company is efficiently withstanding the competition.

Interest Rates Risk – Fluctuations in interest rates could adversely affect borrowing costs, interest income and net interest margins of companies in the financial sector.

Impact on CGCL – Any changes in interest rates can impact the company's asset –liability position, together with making the business exposed to risk of lower profitability and lower returns.

Mitigation – Interest rate scenario is reviewed by ALCO on quarterly basis and accordingly, base LTRR is fixed. Majority of the portfolio is built on floating interest rates, but at the same time, Company also adopts blended interest rates structure. Interest rates are market driven and CGCL is capable of adapting itself swiftly to the changing market dynamics. **Operational Risk** – The lack of a proper flow of and controls over the operations of the company.

Impact on CGCL – If the operations are not sound, it can have an adverse impact on continuity of the business, reputation and profitability of the company.

Mitigation – The Company has adopted all relevant contemporary and technology-based operational methods and systems. For credit delivery/administration, the Company has employed 'OmniFin'. Besides, 'Enterprise Tally' has been installed for accounting to ensure that the Company is maintaining a strict vigil on all operational parameters.

Technology Risk – Technology-driven systems are always extensively exposed to the 'Technology Obsolescence Risk'.

Impact on CGCL – If the technology investments become obsolete, it will impact the overall turnaround time and operations because of others having better technology. It might also add to increased operational cost as fresh investments may be required.

Mitigation - The Company has undertaken suitable initiatives to overcome such risks by evolution of new systems like MinFin-Nuclues and SAP-Basic, among others. Going forward, the Company plans to swiftly adapt to changes to meet the challenges of increasing business volumes. As the Company is in the 'Branches Network Expansion' mode, MPLS VPN has been introduced for secured networking and high availability. Besides, SSL VPN is there for internet locations. In all branches Firewalls are implemented. The Company has a full-fledged IT department, manned by expert professionals. Their services are available round-the-clock to ensure smooth operations, maximum uptime and controls. As a part of Business Continuity Plan (BCP), the Company has created distant Disaster Recovery Site (DRS) and full back-up policy is also adopted. The Company has assumed effective internal controls through Internal Audit. It applies to entire processes, operations and practices.

Regulatory & Compliance Risk – NBFCs are regulated by RBI, and given the nature of the business, there are always regulatory changes and compliance additions being made.

Impact on CGCL – CGCL being a non-deposit taking systemicallyimportant NBFC, it can get impacted by unforeseen regulatory changes and additional compliance requirements.

Mitigation – The Company adheres to all guidelines issued by RBI from time to time. The Company has an independent compliance department headed by a senior management executive. The person, being a nodal officer, continuously liaises and updates on the regulatory guidelines and oversees their effective implementation in the organisation. The Company adheres strictly to Capital Adequacy, Fair Practice Codes, RBI Reporting, Asset Classification and Provisioning Norms, among others to ensure zero tolerance to non-compliance. Besides, Company has employed services of full-time Company Secretary to ensure strict adherence to corporate and securities market laws & regulations.

INTERNAL CONTROL SYSTEMS AND THEIR ADEQUACY

CGCL has put in place adequate Internal controls system to ensure efficiency in business operations, safeguarding of company's assets, protect against the chances of frauds & errors, strict compliance with applicable laws & regulations and the reliability of financials reporting. The Policies & processes and systems controls are clearly defined for all critical areas on principles of segregation of duties in a manner that proper maker-checker is built-in. Internal Audits are conducted at regular intervals to provide assurance to management that the transactions are carried out as per set policies & processes and that system controls are duly implemented & are working as defined.

The Audit Committee of the Company oversees the internal audit function, risk management systems and internal controls systems over financial reporting to ensure that business is conducted effectively.

Also, the company uses Insurance as risk transfer tool. During the year, insurance cover was taken to transfer risks of fire and theft of assets of the Company, as also towards Directors' and Officers' liabilities.

HUMAN CAPITAL

Employee Centricity

CGCL believes that employees play a pivotal role in achieving a competitive edge. Therefore, it is prerequisite to develop its human resource as per the changes in the external environment. The Company strengthens the talent pool by providing employees with career enhancement opportunities. The Company's HR framework is intensely focused on leadership development, talent management and succession planning. Going forward, the Company focus will be on bolstering its learning and development cell, through considerable investments in reducing the skill gap of its existing work force.

The Company's Remuneration Policy is designed to attract, motivate and retain human capital in a competitive environment. To further intensify the Remuneration Policy and retain high-quality talent, the Company has introduced a system of recognizing and rewarding its star performers. The HR policies are crafted to provide employees with best-in-class benefits.

Performance-driven environment

The human resources initiatives are of strategic importance and are concentrated on creating a performance-driven environment in the Company; where innovation is encouraged, performance is recognized and employees are motivated to realize their potential. Competent systems, processes and continuous investments in technology helps manage this scale and complexity of a large, distributed and diverse workforce. 'CUBE', an interaction platform has transcended beyond just interaction platform to become a compelling tool driving transparency, policy changes and streamlining processes. It has revolutionized the way CGCLers interact professionally.

At CGCL, the employee engagement platform is inclusive and empowering. The HR Team engages employees through a lot of curricular activities, contests- providing them a platform to showcase the creative talent.

The growth story

As on March 31, 2016, the Company continues to grow its footprint with a diverse talent base of 380 employees, compared to 216 during the last year. Of these, 46% are professionally qualified and the average age of the executive staff is 32 years. Over 70% of the employees were hired through employee referrals and the attrition rate for FY 2015-16 was 15%. In order to consolidate the manpower to meet ambitious business expansion, more than 80% of hiring was done in the MSME lending vertical with 14 new branches across North and West zone.



CAUTIONARY STATEMENT

The statements made in this report describe the Company's objectives and projections that may be forward-looking statement within the meaning of applicable laws and regulations. The actual result might differ materially from those expressed or implied depending on the economic conditions, government policies and other incidental factors which are beyond the control of the Company. The Company is not under any obligation to publicly amend, modify or revise any forward-looking statements on the basis of any subsequent developments, information or events.

DIRECTORS' REPORT

Dear Members,

Your Directors have pleasure in presenting the Twenty Second Annual Report and the audited statement of accounts of the Company for the year ended March 31, 2016.

FINANCIAL RESULTS

| | | | | ₹ in Lacs |
|---|------------|-----------|--------------|-----------|
| Particulars | Standalone | | Consolidated | |
| Farticulars | 2015-16 | 2014-15 | 2015-16 | 2014-15 |
| Total Revenue | 18,655.19 | 19,216.08 | 19,059.15 | 20,607.96 |
| Total Expenses | 13,111.05 | 5,269.61 | 13,147.65 | 5,315.26 |
| Profit before Depreciation & Tax (PBDT) | 5,544.14 | 13,946.47 | 5,911.50 | 15,292.70 |
| Less: Depreciation | 332.16 | 358.78 | 347.64 | 383.10 |
| Profit Before Tax | 5,211.98 | 13,587.69 | 5,563.86 | 14,909.59 |
| Less: Provisions for taxation | 1,091.49 | 5,069.36 | 1,198.89 | 5,385.94 |
| Profit After Tax (PAT) | 4,120.49 | 8,518.33 | 4,364.97 | 9,523.65 |
| Add: Balance brought forward from previous year | 39,231.08 | 33,902.48 | 40,353.10 | 35,823.15 |
| Balance available for appropriations | 43,351.57 | 42,420.81 | 44,718.07 | 45,346.80 |
| Appropriations | | | | |
| General Reserve | 310.00 | 700.00 | 310.00 | 700.00 |
| Statutory Reserve | 850.00 | 1,850.00 | 900.00 | 1,850.00 |
| Dividend on Equity Shares | 525.40 | 525.40 | 525.40 | 525.40 |
| Tax on Dividend | 106.96 | 106.96 | 106.96 | 106.96 |
| Depreciation Charged off as per Revised Depreciation Guidelines | - | 7.36 | - | 10.81 |
| Balance Carried to Balance Sheet | 41,559.21 | 39,231.08 | 42,875.71 | 42,153.63 |

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS AND STATE OF AFFAIRS:

During the year under review your company has strategically grown the MSME and Retail business while adopting a cautious approach towards lending to the residential real estate sector under the Wholesale business. This strategic focus has yielded the desired results and the loan portfolio has moved positively to 68% (Previous Year 47%) in favour of MSME and Retail business and 32% (Previous Year 53%) for Wholesale business. Accordingly, the loan portfolio of MSME and Retail business has grown to ₹ 75,704.70 lacs (Previous Year ₹ 44,592 lacs) and the Wholesale business loan portfolio has come down to ₹ 35,353.78 lacs (Previous Year ₹ 50,571 lacs). Overall the Loan book of the Company grew by 16.70% to ₹ 1, 11,058.48 lacs from ₹ 95, 167.99 lacs of the last year.

During the year under review the Real Estate sector witnessed significant slowdown and build up of unsold inventory, thereby affecting the re-payment ability of the real estate developers. Due to continuing default by few of the borrowers in re-payment of loans, the management decided to write-off loan to the extent of ₹ 6593.77 lacs (net of adjustments) during the year. These write-offs considerably lowered the profitability of the Company during the year. The gross revenue of the Company was marginally lower at ₹ 18,655.19 lacs as compared to ₹ 19,216.08 lacs during the previous year, while the Profit After Tax (PAT) was lower by 51.63% i.e. ₹ 4,120.49 lacs as compared to ₹ 8,518.33 lacs of the previous year.

The consolidated gross revenue decreased by 7.52% to ₹ 19,059.15 lacs from ₹ 20,607.96 lacs of previous year, and the consolidated PAT decreased by 54.17% to ₹ 4,364.97 lacs from ₹ 9,523.65 lacs of previous year.

BANK FINANCE

During the year under review the Company raised funds for its working capital and business requirements from various banks to the extent of ₹ 38,500 lacs as compared to ₹ 10,000 lacs sanctioned during the last year.

The total amount of bank loan outstanding was ₹ 14,116.44 lacs as on March 31, 2016 as against ₹ 5, 000 lacs on March 31, 2015.

ASSET GROWTH

Total Assets of the Company stood at ₹ 1,30,388.41 lacs as compared to ₹ 1,13,252.34 lacs during the last year, showing an increase of 15.14%.

CAPITAL ADEQUACY RATIO

Your Company's total Capital Adequacy Ratio (CAR), as of March 31, 2016, stood at 79.72% of the aggregate risk weighted assets on balance sheet and risk adjusted value of the off-balance sheet items, which is well above the regulatory minimum of 15%.

STANDARD ASSET'S PROVISIONING

Pursuant to the Notification No. DNBR (PD) CC.No.002/03.10.001/2014-15 dated November 10, 2014 issued by the RBI for making a general provision at 0.30% on the outstanding Standard Assets of NBFCs, your Company has made provision at 0.50% exceeding the statutory requirements.

Further, the Company has decided to create additional Floating Provision @ 1.50% of Standard Assets over and above the statutory requirement, which would be available for adjustment against Provision on Sub-standard Assets.

DIVIDEND

The Directors of the Company have recommended a dividend of ₹ 1.50/- per Equity Share for the financial year ended on March 31, 2016. The dividend on Equity Shares, if approved by the shareholders at the 22nd Annual General Meeting, would amount to ₹ 632.36 lacs (inclusive of dividend distribution tax amount of ₹ 106.96 lacs) and will be paid to those members whose names appear on the Register of Members of the Company as on July 16, 2016.

TRANSFER TO RESERVES

The Company transferred an amount of $\overline{\mathbf{T}}$ 310 lacs to the General Reserves during the year.

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

The Management Discussion and Analysis of financial condition, including the results of operations of the Company for the year under review as required under regulation 34(2)(e) of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, is provided as a separate section forming part of the Annual Report.

CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The audited consolidated financial statement of the Company prepared in accordance with applicable Accounting Standards specified under section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 is provided in the Annual Report.

SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES

As on March 31, 2016, the Company has the following subsidiaries:

- 1. Capri Global Housing Finance Private Limited;
- 2. Capri Global Resources Private Limited.

The following subsidiary companies got merged with the Company during the year:

- 1. Capri Global Distribution Company Private Limited;
- 2. Capri Global Finance Private Limited;
- 3. Capri Global Investment Advisors Private Limited; and
- 4. Capri Global Research Private Limited.

The audited financial statements, the Auditors Report thereon and the Board's Report for each of the Company's subsidiaries for the year ended March 31, 2016 are available on the website of the Company. If any member is interested in obtaining a copy thereof, such member may write to the Company Secretary in this regard.

Performance and financial position of each of the Subsidiaries Capri Global Housing Finance Private Limited received Registration from National Housing Bank on September 28, 2015 to commence housing finance business. Company has plans to finance affordable housing sector and would commence business during the next financial year.

Capri Global Resources Private Limited proposes to carry on the investment management business during the next financial year.

Both the subsidiaries had deployed their funds in interest and income bearing securities during the year under review.

A report on the performance and financial position of each of the subsidiaries as per the Companies Act, 2013 is provided as Annexure -I to the Consolidated Financial statement and hence not repeated here.

Material Subsidiaries

There are no material subsidiaries of the Company. The Policy for determining material subsidiaries as approved by the Board may be accessed on the Company's website at link: http://www.cgcl.co.in/images/Downloads/Policy%20on%20Material%20Subsidiaries_1.pdf.

Merger of subsidiaries with the Company

The Hon'ble High Court of Judicature at Bombay on September 11, 2015 approved the Scheme of Amalgamation of Capri Global Distribution Company Private Limited, Capri Global Finance Private Limited, Capri Global Investment Advisors Private Limited and Capri Global Research Private Limited ('Transferor Companies') with the Company and their respective shareholders and creditors ('the Scheme'). The Scheme became effective on October 19, 2015, upon obtaining all sanctions and approvals as required under the Scheme. The Appointed Date for the Merger was April 1, 2015. As the Transferor Companies were wholly owned subsidiaries of the Company, no shares of the Company were issued and allotted pursuant to the Scheme. Necessary effects, as a result of the aforesaid Merger, have been given in the Financial Statements for the year 2015-16.

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITY STATEMENT

In terms of section 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013, your Board of Directors states that:

- a) in the preparation of the annual financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2016, the applicable accounting standards have been followed and there are no material departures from the same;
- b) the Directors have selected such accounting policies and applied them consistently and made judgments and

estimates that are reasonable and prudent so as to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2016 and of the profit of the Company for the year ended on that date;

- c) the Directors have taken proper and sufficient care for the maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting fraud and other irregularities;
- d) the Directors have prepared the annual accounts on a 'going concern basis';
- e) the Directors have laid down proper internal financial controls to be followed by the Company and that such financial controls are adequate and are operating effectively;
- f) the Directors have devised proper systems to ensure compliance with the provisions of all applicable laws and that the systems are adequate and are operating effectively.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

The Company has been observing best governance practices and is committed to adhere to the Corporate Governance requirements on an ongoing basis. A separate section on Corporate Governance and a certificate from the Practicing Company Secretary regarding compliance of conditions of Corporate Governance, as stipulated under Part E of Schedule V of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 forms part of this Annual Report.

Further, as required under regulation 17(8) of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, a certificate from the Executive Director and Associate Director – Head of Finance & Accounts on the financial statements of your Company for the year ended on March 31, 2016, was placed before the Board at its meeting held on April 23, 2016.

RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

All contracts /transactions entered by the Company during the year with related parties were at arm's length and were in the ordinary course of business. During the year, the Company has not entered into any transactions which can be considered material in accordance with the policy of the Company.

The policy dealing with related party transaction as approved by the Board can be accessed on the Company's website at the link: http://www.cgcl.co.in/images/Downloads/Policy%20on%20Related%20Party%20Transactions_1.pdf.

Your Directors would like to draw attention of members to Note 27 to the financial statement which sets out details of related party transactions.

CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY

The Corporate Social Responsibility Committee (CSR Committee) has formulated and recommended to the Board, a Corporate Social Responsibility Policy (CSR Policy) indicating the activities

to be undertaken by the Company, which has been approved by the Board.

The CSR Policy may be accessed on the Company's website at the link: http://www.cgcl.co.in/images/Downloads/CSR_Policy_Website.pdf.

As part of its initiatives under "Corporate Social Responsibility" (CSR), the Company has undertaken projects in the areas of education, healthcare & livelihood of the unprivileged, women and differently–abled. These projects are in accordance with Schedule VII of the Companies Act, 2013.

The Annual Report on CSR activities is annexed herewith marked as **Annexure - I** to this report.

RISK MANAGEMENT

The Board of Directors of Company has constituted Risk Management Committee in addition to the Assets Liability Management Committee (ALCO) which is entrusted with the responsibility to assist the Board in identification and mitigation of risks associated with the business of the Company. The details of the functioning of the Risk Management Committee and ALCO are provided in the report on Corporate Governance forming part of this Annual Report. The Company follows a proactive risk management policy, aimed at protecting its assets and employees while at the same time ensuring growth and continuity of its business. Regular updates are made available to Board at the Board Meeting and in special cases on ad-hoc basis.

A detailed discussion on the identified risks and mitigation strategies is contained in the Management Discussion and Analysis forming part of the Annual Report.

INTERNAL CONTROL SYSTEMS AND THEIR ADEQUACY

The Company has in place adequate internal controls commensurate with the size, scale and complexity of its operations. To maintain its objectivity and independence, the Internal Auditors report to the Chairman of the Audit Committee of the Board. Internal Auditors monitor and evaluate the efficacy and adequacy of internal control system in the Company, its compliance with operating systems, accounting procedures and policies at all locations of the Company and its subsidiaries.

Based on the report of Internal Auditors, process owners undertake corrective action in their respective areas and thereby strengthen the controls. Significant audit observations and corrective actions thereon are presented to the Audit Committee of the Board.

DIRECTORS AND KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL

In accordance with the provisions of section 152 of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Articles of Association of the Company Mr. Quintin E. Primo III, retires by rotation at the ensuing Annual General Meeting and offers him-self for re-appointment.

During the year under review, the members approved the reappointment of Mr. Rajesh Sharma as a Non-executive Director who is liable to retire by rotation. The members have also appointed Mr. Sunil Kapoor as Executive Director of the Company for a term of one year which expired on January 23, 2016 and the Board has re-appointed him for another period of three years starting from January 24, 2016, which is proposed to be approved by the members at the ensuing Annual General Meeting.

Declaration by Independent Director(s)

The Company has received declarations from all the Independent Directors of the Company confirming that they meet the criteria of Independence prescribed both under the Companies Act, 2013 and regulation 16(1)(b) of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.

Formal Annual Performance Evaluation

Pursuant to the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and regulation 16(10) of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, the Board has carried out an annual performance evaluation of Independent Directors, Board, Committees and other individual Directors, process of evaluation was followed as per the Policy laid down in this regard. The manner in which the evaluation has been carried out has been explained in the Report on Corporate Governance.

Nomination and Remuneration Policy

The Board has, on the recommendation of the Nomination & Remuneration Committee framed a policy for selection of Directors, determining Directors independence and payment of remuneration to Directors, Key Managerial Personnel and other employees.

The Nomination and Remuneration Policy is stated in the Report on Corporate Governance.

Familiarization Programmes

On appointment, the concerned Director is issued a Letter of Appointment setting out in detail, the terms of appointment, duties, responsibilities and expected time commitments. The details of programmes for familiarization of Independent Directors with the Company, their roles, rights, responsibilities in the Company and related matters are put up on the website of the Company at link:

http://www.cgcl.co.in/images/Downloads/Familiarisation%20Programme%20for%20Independent%20Directors.pdf.

EMPLOYEES STOCK OPTION PLAN

The Nomination and Remuneration Committee of the Board of Directors of the Company *inter-alia* administers and monitors the Employees Stock Options Scheme in accordance with the applicable SEBI guidelines.

During the year under review 400,000 options were granted to Mr. Sunil Kapoor, Executive Director of the Company at the

exercise price of ₹ 200/- per option. The options would be vested over a period of 5 years starting from October 15, 2016 and vesting would be linked with attainment of return on equity.

No Stock Options were vested and exercised during the year by the employees.

There were no changes to the Employees Stock Options Scheme 2009 during the year.

The applicable disclosure as stipulated under the SEBI guidelines as on March 31, 2016 with regard to Employees Stock Options Scheme are put up on the website of the Company at link: http://www.cgcl.co.in/images/Downloads/ESOS%20Details-2015-16.pdf.

The Company has received a certificate from the Auditors of the Company that the Scheme has been implemented in accordance with the SEBI guidelines and the resolution passed by the members. The certificate would be placed at the Annual General Meeting for inspection by members.

AUDITORS AND AUDITORS' REPORT

Statutory Auditor

Pursuant to the provisions of section 139 of the Act and the rules framed thereunder, M/s. Karnavat & Co, Chartered Accountants, were appointed as statutory auditors of the Company from the conclusion of the twenty first annual general meeting (AGM) of the Company held on July 18, 2015 till the conclusion of the twenty sixth AGM, subject to ratification of their appointment at every AGM.

The Notes on financial statements referred to in the Auditors Report are self –explanatory and do not call for any further comments. The Auditors' Report does not contain any qualification, reservation or adverse remark.

Secretarial Auditor

Pursuant to the provisions of section 204 of the Companies Act, 2013 and The Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014, the Company has appointed PRS Associates, Company Secretaries in Practice to undertake the Secretarial Audit of the Company. The Secretarial Audit Report is annexed herewith marked as **Annexure - II** to this Report.

The following qualification was observed by the Secretarial Auditor in their Report to which the Board has shared the following explanations:

Qualification: The Company has not appointed Chief Financial Officer ('CFO') as required under section 203(1) of the Companies Act, 2013.

Explanation: Company has made sincere efforts to appoint Chief Financial Officer (CFO) as per defined KRA. Few of the

candidates were interviewed, from which one of the candidate was selected. He had accepted the offer, but he was not able to join Company due to personal reasons. The Company has adequate resources and qualified personnel with more than 20 years of experience looking after accounts, finance, taxation & treasury operations of the Company.

DISCLOSURES

Audit Committee

The Audit Committee comprises of Independent Directors namely Mr. Beni Prasad Rauka (Chairman), Ms. Bhagyam Ramani, Mr. Mukesh Kacker and Mr. T. R. Bajalia as members. The Audit Committee played an important role during the year. It coordinated with the Statutory Auditors, Internal Auditors and other key personnel of the Company and has rendered guidance in the areas of internal audit & control, finance and accounts. All the recommendations made by the Audit Committee were accepted by the Board. Four meetings of the Audit Committee were held during the year.

Stakeholders Relationship Committee

The Committee has met four times during the year. With the compulsory dematerialization of the Company's shares and electronic mode of transfers, postal dispatches which led to usual complaints, have been minimized. At the year end 99.94% of the total shares were dematerialized with no unresolved pending investor grievances.

Nomination & Remuneration Committee

The Nomination and Remuneration Committee recommends to the Board the suitability of candidates for appointment as Key Managerial Personnel, Directors and the remuneration packages payable to them and other employees. The Nomination and Remuneration Committee met twice during the year.

Vigil Mechanism / Whistle Blower Policy

The Company has a vigil mechanism named Whistle Blower Policy (WBP) to deal with instance of fraud and mismanagement, if any, the details of the WBP is explained in the report of Corporate Governance. The WBP may be accessed on the Company's website at the link:

http://www.cgcl.co.in/images/Downloads/Whistle%20Blower%20Policy-website_1.pdf.

Meetings of Board

Four meetings of the Board of Directors were held during the year, the details of which are provided in report on Corporate Governance. The intervening gap between the meetings was within the period prescribed under the Companies Act, 2013.

Particulars of Loans, Investments, Guarantees

Not applicable being a Non-Banking Finance Company.

Conservation of Energy, Technology Absorption, Foreign Exchange Earnings and Outgo

The provisions of section 134(3)(m) of the Companies Act, 2013, relating to conservation of energy and technology absorption are not applicable to the Company. However, the Company has been continuously and extensively using technology in its operations.

There were no foreign exchange earnings during the year. There was foreign exchange outgo of ₹ 26.27 lacs during the year.

Extract of Annual Return

The details forming part of the extract of the Annual Return as prescribed in Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014 in form MGT- 9 is annexed herewith marked as **Annexure - III** to this Report.

Particulars of Employees

Disclosures pertaining to remuneration and other details as required under section 197(12) of the Companies Act, 2013, read with rule 5(1) of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014 are provided in the Annual Report and is marked as **Annexure - IV** to this Report.

The statement containing particulars of employees as required under section 197(12) of the Companies Act, 2013, read with rule 5(2) of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014, is provided in a separate annexure forming part of this Report. Further, the report and the accounts are being sent to the members excluding the aforesaid annexure. In terms of section 136 of the Companies Act, 2013, the said annexure is open for inspection at the Registered Office of the Company. Any shareholder interested in obtaining a copy of the same may write to the Company Secretary.

Details of significant and material orders passed by the regulators or courts or tribunals impacting the going concern status and company's operations in future

There are no significant material orders passed by the Regulators / Courts which would impact the going concern status of the Company and its future operations.

Reserve Bank of India Directions

Your Company is categorized as a non deposit taking systematically important (ND-SI) non-banking finance company (NBFC). Accordingly during the year your Company has not accepted any deposits from the public and there were no deposits which become due for repayment or renewal. Your Company has complied with the directives issued by the Reserve Bank of India under the Non Banking Financial Companies (Reserve Bank of India) Directions, 2007 and Non-Banking Financial Companies – Corporate Governance (Reserve Bank) Directions, 2015, as amended from time to time.

Increase in Share Capital

Pursuant to merger of four of the subsidiaries with the Company, Authorised Share Capital of the subsidiary companies of ₹ 17,00,00,000/- (Rupees Seventeen Crores only) was combined with the Company. After combination the Authorised Share Capital of the Company is ₹ 72,00,00,000/- (Rupees Seventy Two Crores only) divided into 7,20,00,000 Equity Shares of ₹ 10/- each.

During the year under review, the Company has not issued and equity shares either with or without differential voting rights nor has issued any sweat equity. As on March 31, 2016, none of the Directors of the Company hold any convertible instruments of the Company.

Disclosure under Sexual Harassment of Women

Company has Sexual Harassment Policy in place and available on Company's intranet portal. During the year under review there were no complaints from any of the employee.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

The Board of Directors wish to place on record their deep and sincere gratitude for the continued co-operation and support extended by the customers, bankers, business associates, consultants, advisors, shareholders, investors and the employees of the Company and subsidiaries.

The Board of Directors would also like to place on record their sincere appreciation for the co-operation received from the Reserve Bank of India, Securities and Exchange Board of India, NSE & BSE, Ministry of Corporate Affairs and all other regulatory bodies.

For and on behalf of the Board

Place: Gangtok, Sikkim Dated: April 23, 2016 Mr. Sunil Kapoor Executive Director DIN: 01436404 Mr. Rajesh Sharma Director DIN: 00020037

Annexure - I

Annual Report on Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) Activities

1. A brief outline of the Company's CSR policy, including overview of projects or programmes proposed to be undertaken and a reference to the web-link to the CSR policy and projects or programmes:

The Company's CSR policy is based on the firm belief that there can be nothing better than enriching the human capital of the society which can provide a sustainable socio-economic impact. Towards that end the Company's CSR initiative has been directed to provide to the most economically and socially marginalized people, particularly women and the differently–abled, an easy access to education & vocational training and health. For more information please refer CSR policy: http://www.cgcl.co.in/images/Downloads/CSR_Policy_Website.pdf.

In accordance with the broad CSR philosophy your Company adopted four projects as under:

- a. Capri Shiksha Yogdan
- b. Capri Rozgar
- c. Capri Vidya Abhiyan
- d. Capri Sath
- 2. The Composition of the CSR Committee:
 - 1. Ms. Bhagyam Ramani-Chairperson
 - 2. Mr. Sunil Kapoor- Member
 - 3. Mr. Beni Prasad Rauka- Member
 - 4. Mr. Rajesh Sharma- Member
- 3. Average net profit of the Company for last three financial years: ₹ 12129.43 lacs
- 4. Prescribed CSR Expenditure: ₹ 242.59 lacs
- 5. Details of CSR spend for the financial year:
 - a) Total amount spent for the financial year: ₹ 242.60 lacs
 - b) Amount unspent : Nil
 - c) Manner in which the amount spent during the financial year is detailed below:

| Sr. No. | CSR projects / Activities identified | Sector in which the project is covered | Projects or programs (1) Local area or other (2) Specify the State and district projects or programs was undertaken | Amount Outlay (Budget) Project or Programs wise | Amount Spent on the project or program Sub-heads (1) Direct expenditure on project or programs (2) Overheads | Cumulative Expenditure up to reporting period For the year (FY 15-16) | Amount spent: Direct or through implementing agency* |
|------------|---|--|---|--|--|---|---|
| 1. | Capri Shiksha Yogdan – Sponsorship support for higher education | Education | (i). Local Area - Maharashtra (Mumbai) (ii). Others- Rajasthan (Mukundgarh, Jaipur) | 37.60 | Direct – 37.58 Overheads - Nil | 37.58 | Direct and through Implementing agency- Capri Foundation |
| 2. | Capri Vidya Abhiyan – Sponsorship support for primary and secondary education, school infrastructure | Education | Local Area - Maharashtra (Mumbai, Palghar-Dahanu) | 13.59 | Direct – 13.62 Overheads - Nil | 13.62 | Through Implementing Agency- Capri Foundation |

| Sr. No. | CSR projects / Activities identified | Sector in which the project is covered | Projects or programs (1) Local area or other (2) Specify the State and district projects or programs was undertaken | Amount Outlay (Budget) Project or Programs wise | Amount Spent on the project or program Sub-heads (1) Direct expenditure on project or programs (2) Overheads | Cumulative Expenditure up to reporting period For the year (FY 15-16) | Amount spent: Direct or through implementing agency* |
|------------|--|--|---|--|--|---|---|
| 3. | Capri Rozgar – Sponsorship Program for skill development | Livelihood | (i) Local Area - Maharashtra (Mumbai) (ii) Others- Rajasthan (Churu-Ratangarh, Jaipur) | 17.75 | Direct – 17.74 Overheads - Nil | 17.74 | Through Implementing Agency- Capri Foundation |
| 4. | Capri Sath – Program for underprivileged for accommodation, food, medicine and sustenance | Health | Local Area Maharashtra (Navi Mumbai) | 6.08 | Direct – 6.08 Overheads - Nil | 6.08 | Through Implementing Agency Capri Foundation |
| 5. | Administrative cost | | N.A | 10.53 | Direct – Nil Overheads - 10.53 | 10.53 | Direct |
| 6 | Contribution to Capri Foundation towards CSR activities as per the focus areas and program areas listed in CSR Policy of Company | Education, Livelihood, Health | N.A | 157.04 | Direct – 157.05 Overheads - Nil | 157.05 Contribution to the Corpus of Capri Foundation | Direct |
| | Total | | | 242.59 | 242.60 | 242.60 | |

* Details of the implementing agencies through Capri Foundation: National Association of Disableds' Enterprises (Mumbai) / Bharat Vikas Parishad (Palghar-Dahanu) / Indian Association for Promotion of Adoption and Child Welfare (Mumbai) / St. Joseph's Industrial Training Institute (Mumbai) / ASMITA (Mumbai) / Support and Aid for Thalassemia Healing Charitable Trust (Navi Mumbai)

- 6. In case the Company has failed to spend the 2% of the average net profit of the last three financial years or any part thereof, the reasons for not spending the amount in its Board's report **Not Applicable**
- 7. A responsibility statement of the CSR Committee that the implementation and monitoring of CSR Policy is in compliance with CSR objectives and Policy of the Company

We hereby declare that implementation & monitoring of the CSR Policy are in compliance with the CSR Objectives and Policy of the Company.

(Sunil Kapoor) Executive Director DIN: 01436404 (Bhagyam Ramani) Chairperson of the CSR Committee DIN: 00107097

Annexure - II

Secretarial Audit Report

for the financial year ended March 31, 2016

{Pursuant to section 204(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 and rule No. 9 of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration Personnel) Rules, 2014}

To, The Members, Capri Global Capital Limited 1-B, Court Chambers, 35, Sir, Vithaldas Thackersey Marg, New Marine Lines Mumbai - 400020

We have conducted the Secretarial Audit of the Compliance of applicable statutory provisions and the adherence to good corporate practices by the Capri Global Capital Ltd (herein after called the 'Company'). Secretarial Audit was conducted in a manner that provided us a reasonable basis for evaluating the corporate conducts/ statutory compliances and expressing our opinion thereon.

Based on our verification of the Company's books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by the Company and also the information provided by the Company, its officers, agents and authorised representatives during the conduct of secretarial audit, We hereby report that in our opinion, the company has, during the audit period covering the financial year ended 31st March, 2016 complied with the statutory provision listed hereunder and also that the Company has proper Board processes and compliance mechanism in place to the extent, in the manner and subject to the reporting hereunder :-

- We have examined the books, papers, minutes books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by the company for the financial year ended on March 31, 2016 according to the provisions of :
 - I. The Companies Act, 2013 (the Act) and the Rules made there under;
 - II. The Securities Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1956 ('SCRA') and the rules made there under;
 - III. The Depositories Act, 1996 and the Regulations and Bye-laws framed there under;
 - IV. Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999 and the rules and regulations made there under, to the extent of Foreign Direct Investment, Overseas Direct Investment and External Commercial Borrowings.
 - V. The following Regulations and Guidelines prescribed under the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992 ('SEBI Act'):-
 - The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Substantial Acquisition of Shares and Takeovers) Regulations, 2011;
 - b. The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 1992;

- c. The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue of Capital and Disclosure Requirements) Regulation, 2009 relating to issue of shares on preferential basis to the promoters and others;
- The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Employee Stock Option Scheme and Employee Stock Purchase Scheme) Guidelines, 1999;
- e. The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Registrars to an Issue and Share Transfer Agents) Regulations, 1993 regarding the Companies Act and dealing with client.
- VI. The Non Banking Financial Companies Directions, Guidelines and Circulars issued by the Reserve Bank of India.
- 2. Provisions of the following Regulations and Guidelines prescribed under the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992 (SEBI Act) were not applicable to the Company under the financial year under report:
 - a. The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Delisting of Equity Shares) Regulations, 2009; and
 - The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue and Listing of Debt Securities) Regulations, 2008;
 - c. The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Buyback of Securities) Regulations, 1998.
- 3. We have also examined compliance of the following to the extent applicable;
 - a. Secretarial Standards issued by the Institute of Company Secretaries of India;
 - The Listing Agreements entered into by the Company with the BSE Ltd ('BSE') and National Stock Exchange of India Ltd ('NSE');
 - c. The provisions of SEBI (Listing Obligations & Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.

During the year under review, the Company has complied with the provisions of the Act, Rules, Regulations, guidelines mentioned above except the following;

The Company has not appointed Chief Financial officer ('CFO') as required under section 203(1) of the Companies Act, 2013.

We further report that:

The Board of Directors of the Company is duly constituted with proper balance of Non Executive and Independent Directors. The changes in the composition of the Board of Directors that took place during the year under review were carried out in compliance with the provisions of the Act. Adequate notice is given to all the directors to schedule the Board meetings, agenda and detail notes on agenda were sent at least seven days in advance and system exists for seeking and obtaining further information and clarifications on the agenda item before the meeting and the meaningful participation in the meeting.

Majority decision of the Board of Directors is carried through and are captured and recorded as part of the minutes. There were no dissenting views.

We further report that there are adequate system and processes in the Company commensurate with the size and operations of the Company to monitor and ensure compliance with the applicable laws, rules, regulations and guidelines.

We further report that during the audit period the Company has following specific actions having a major bearing on the Company's affairs in pursuance of the above referred laws, rules, regulations, guidelines, standards, etc referred to above made :

The Hon'ble High Court of Bombay vide it's order issued on 11th September, 2015 has sanctioned the Scheme of Amalgamation between the Capri Global Distribution Company Pvt. Ltd., Capri Global Finance Pvt. Ltd., Capri Global Investment Advisors Pvt. Ltd. and Capri Global Research Pvt. Ltd. with the Company and has been effected from 1st April, 2015.

> For **PRS Associates** Company Secretaries

(Sanjay B. Shringarpure) Partner FCS No: 2857 COP No: 6107

Note: - This report is to be read with our letter of even date which is annexed as ANNEXURE A and forms as integral part of this Report.

Place: Mumbai

Place: Mumbai

Dated: April 18, 2016

Dated: April 18, 2016

Annexure A to Secretarial Audit Report

The Members, Capri Global Capital Limited 1-B, Court Chambers, 35, Sir, Vithaldas Thackersey Marg, New Marine Lines Mumbai - 400020

Our Secretarial Audit Report of even date is to be read along with this letter.

- 1. The compliance of provisions of all laws, rules, regulations and standards applicable to Capri Global Capital Limited (the Company) is the responsibility of the management of the Company. Our examination was limited to the verification of records and procedures on test check basis for the purpose of issue of the Secretarial Audit Report.
- Maintenance of secretarial and other records of applicable laws is the responsibility of the management of the Company. Our responsibility is to issue Secretarial Audit Report, based on the audit of the relevant records maintained and furnished to us by the Company, along with explanations where so required.
- 3. We have followed the audit practices and processes as were appropriate to obtain reasonable assurance about the correctness of the contents of the secretarial and other

legal records, legal compliance mechanism and corporate conduct. The verification was done on test check basis to ensure that correct facts as reflected in secretarial and other records produce to us. We believe that the process and practices we followed, provides a reasonable basis for our opinion for the purpose of issue of the Secretarial Audit Report.

- 4. We have not verified the correctness and appropriateness of financial records and Books of Accounts of the Company.
- 5. Whenever required, we have obtained the management representation about the compliance of laws, rules and regulations and major events during the audit period.
- 6. The Secretarial Audit Report is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the Company nor of the efficacy or effectiveness with which the management has conducted the affairs of the company.

For **PRS Associates** Company Secretaries

(Sanjay B. Shringarpure) Partner FCS No: 2857 COP No: 6107

Annexure - III

MGT-9

EXTRACT OF ANNUAL RETURN

as on the financial year ended 31.03.2016

[Pursuant to section 92(3) of the Companies Act, 2013, and rule 12(1) of the Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014]

| I. REGISTRATION | AND OTHER DETAILS |
|-----------------|-------------------|
|-----------------|-------------------|

| i. | CIN | L65921MH1994PLC173469 |
|------|---|---|
| ii. | Registration Date | 15 th November, 1994 |
| iii. | Name of the Company | Capri Global Capital Limited |
| iv. | Category / Sub-Category of the Company | Public Company |
| v. | Address of the Registered office and contact details | 1-B, Court Chambers, 35 Sir Vithaldas Thackersey Marg, New Marine Lines, Mumbai-400020 Tel: 91 22 43548200; Fax: 91 22 2201 9051 |
| vi. | Whether listed company | Yes |
| vii. | Name, Address and Contact details of Registrar and Transfer Agent, if any | Link Intime India Private Limited C-13 Pannalal Silk Mills Compound, L B S MARG, Bhandup (West), Mumbai - 400078. Tel. No. 022-25946970 Fax: 022-25946969 e-mail: rnt.helpdesk@linkintime.co.in |

II. PRINCIPAL BUSINESS ACTIVITIES OF THE COMPANY

All the business activities contributing 10% or more of the total turnover of the Company:-

| Name and Description of main products / services | NIC Code of the Product / service | % to total turnover of the company |
|---|-----------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| Financial Services except Insurance and pension funding activities. | 64920 | 100.00 |

III. PARTICULARS OF HOLDING, SUBSIDIARY AND ASSOCIATE COMPANIES

| SI. No. | Name and Address of the Company* | CIN | Holding / Subsidiary / Associate | % of shares held | Applicable Section |
|------------|---|-----------------------|-------------------------------------|------------------|--------------------|
| 1. | Capri Global Housing Finance Private Limited | U65990MH2006PTC161153 | Subsidiary | 100.00 | 2 (87) |
| 2. | Capri Global Resources Private Limited | U67190MH2010PTC200848 | Subsidiary | 100.00 | 2 (87) |

* Address of all subsidiaries: 1-B, Court Chambers, 35, Sir Vithaldas Thackersey Marg, New Marine Lines, Mumbai-400020

IV. SHARE HOLDING PATTERN (EQUITY SHARE CAPITAL BREAKUP AS PERCENTAGE OF TOTAL EQUITY) i) Category-wise Shareholding

| ' | outogoij | | ; Shareholuling | No. COL | | | <i></i> | | News 1 11 | | | 0/ 01 |
|----------|-----------------|---------|--------------------------------------|-------------|---------------|----------------|----------------------|----------|---------------|----------------|----------------------|------------------------|
| | | | | No. of Shar | es held at th | ne beginning o | | No. of S | shares held a | t the end of t | | % Change during the |
| Cat | egory of Sharel | olders | | Demat | Physical | Total | % of Total Shares | Demat | Physical | Total | % of Total Shares | yea |
| A. | Promoters | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | (1) India | n | | | | | | | | | | |
| | a) | | idual / HUF | 9180167 | 0 | 9180167 | 26.2089 | 9180167 | 0 | 9180167 | 26.2089 | (|
| | b) | | ral Govt. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| | C) | State | e Govt.(s) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| | d) | Bodi | es Corporate | 16711491 | 0 | 16711491 | 47.7103 | 16711491 | 0 | 16711491 | 47.7103 | |
| | e) | | (s / Fl | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| | , f) | | Other | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| Sub | -Total (A)(1): | | | 25891658 | 0 | 25891658 | 73.9192 | 25891658 | 0 | 25891658 | 73.9192 | |
| | (2) Forei | gn | | | | | | | | i i | | |
| | a) | NRIs | - Individuals | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| | b) | Othe | r - Individuals | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| | C) | | es Corporate | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| | d) | Bank | (s / Fl | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| | e) | | Other | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| Sub | -Total (A)(2): | | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| Tota | al Shareholding | of Pro | moters $(A) = (A)(1)+(A)(2)$ | 25891658 | 0 | 25891658 | 73.9192 | 25891658 | 0 | 25891658 | 73.9192 | |
| 3. | Public Share | holdin | g | İİİ | | | | | | | | |
| | (1) Instit | utions | | | | | | | | | | |
| | a) | Mutu | ual Funds | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| | b) | Banl | (s / Fl | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 15000 | 0 | 15000 | 0.0428 | 0.042 |
| | C) | Cent | ral Govt. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| | d) | State | e Govt.(s) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| | e) | Vent | ure Capital Funds | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| | f) | Insu | rance Companies | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| | g) | FIIs | | 3573445 | 0 | 3573445 | 10.2020 | 3266047 | 0 | 3266047 | 9.3244 | (0.877 |
| | h) | Fore | ign Venture Capital Funds | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| | i) | Othe | ers (specify) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| Sub | -Total (B)(1): | | | 3573445 | 0 | 3573445 | 10.2020 | 3281047 | 0 | 3281047 | 9.3672 | (0.834 |
| | (2) Non- | nstitut | ions | | | | | | | | | |
| | a) | Bodi | es Corporate | | | | | | | | | |
| | | i) | Indian | 4518569 | 200 | 4518769 | 12.9008 | 4615233 | 200 | 4615433 | 13.1768 | 0.2 |
| | | ii) | Overseas | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| | b) | Indiv | iduals | | | | | | | | | |
| | | i) | Individual Shareholders | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | holding nominal share | 664583 | 20482 | 685065 | 1.9558 | 693062 | 20482 | 713544 | 2.0371 | 0.081 |
| | | | capital upto ₹ 1 lakh | | | | | | | | | |
| | | ii) | Individual Shareholders | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | holding nominal share | 343887 | 0 | 343887 | 0.9818 | 372310 | 0 | 372310 | 1.0629 | 0.081 |
| | | | capital in excess of | | Ŭ | 0.0001 | 010020 | 0.2010 | | 012020 | 1.0020 | 01000 |
| | | | ₹1 lakh | | | | | | | | | |
| | C) | | rs (specify) | | | | | | | | | |
| | | i) | Hindu Undivided Family | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 118560 | 0 | 118560 | 0.3385 | 0.338 |
| | | ii) | NRI / OCBs | 14137 | 0 | 14137 | 0.0404 | 14176 | 0 | 14176 | 0.0405 | 0.000 |
| | | iii) | Clearing Members / Clearing House | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 20233 | 0 | 20233 | 0.0578 | 0.057 |
| | -Total (B)(2): | | | 5541176 | 20682 | 5561858 | 15.8788 | 5715014 | 20682 | 5735696 | 16.3751 | 0.496 |
| Tota | al Public Share | nolding | ((B)=(B)(1)+(B)(2) | 9114621 | 20682 | 9135303 | 26.0808 | 9114621 | 20682 | 9135303 | 26.0808 | N |
| C. | Shares held | by Cus | todian for GDRs & ADRs | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| Gra | nd Total (A+B+ | C) | | 35006279 | 20682 | 35026961 | 100.00 | 35006279 | 20682 | 35026961 | 100.00 | N |

ii) Shareholding of Promoters

| | | Shareholding | at the beginnin | g of the year | No. of Share | % Change | | |
|------------|--|---------------|----------------------|--|---------------|----------------------|--|--------------------|
| SI. No. | Shareholders Name | No. of Shares | % of Total Shares | % of shares pledged/ encumbered to total shares | No. of Shares | % of Total Shares | % of shares pledged/ encumbered to total shares | during the year |
| 1. | Capri Global Holdings Private Limited | 13208079 | 37.7083 | Nil | 13208079 | 37.7083 | Nil | Nil |
| 2. | Capri Global Advisory Services Private Limited | 3503412 | 10.0020 | Nil | 3503412 | 10.0020 | Nil | Nil |
| 3. | Ramesh Chandra Sharma | 8752986 | 24.9893 | Nil | 8752986 | 24.9893 | Nil | Nil |
| 4. | Ramesh Chandra Sharma - HUF | 427081 | 1.2193 | Nil | 427081 | 1.2193 | Nil | Nil |
| 5. | Rajesh Sharma | 100 | 0.0003 | Nil | 100 | 0.0003 | Nil | Nil |
| | TOTAL | 25891658 | 73.9192 | Nil | 25891658 | 73.9192 | Nil | Nil |

iii) Change in Promoters' Shareholding

There was no change in Promoters Shareholding during the year.

iv) Shareholding Pattern of Top Ten Shareholders (Other than Directors, Promoters and Holders of GDRs and ADRs)

| | | Shareholding a of the | 0 0 | during the y | ase/ (Decrease) ear specifying th crease / decreas | Shareholding at the end of the year | | |
|------------|---|--------------------------|--|--|--|--|---------------|--|
| SI. No. | For Each of the Top 10 Shareholders (Name of the Shareholder) | No. of Shares | % of total shares of the Company | Date | No. of Shares | Reason | No. of Shares | % of total shares of the Company |
| 1. | Roopam Multitrade Private Limited | 1950000 | 5.5671 | 17.04.2015 24.04.2015 01.05.2015 08.05.2015 10.07.2015 17.07.2015 24.07.2015 30.10.2015 | (8003) (24500) (67495) (13249) (7000) (66500) (10500) (14171) | Market sale | 1738582 | 4.9636 |
| 2. | Bay Pond MB | 1646987 | 4.7021 | 05.06.2015 17.07.2015 | (1284) (82285) | Market sale | 1563418 | 4.4635 |
| 3. | Gainful Multitrade Private Limited | 1451006 | 4.1425 | - | NIL | - | 1451006 | 4.1425 |
| 4. | Morgan Stanley Mauritius Company Limited | 1123220 | 3.2067 | 17.07.2015 | (223829) | Market sale | 899391 | 2.5677 |
| 5. | Bay Pond BMD MB | 803238 | 2.2932 | - | NIL | - | 803238 | 2.2932 |
| 6. | Badrikedar Commercials Private Limited | 717389 | 2.0481 | 10.04.2015 17.04.2015 24.04.2015 | (15460) (2000) (1000) | Market sale | 698929 | 1.9954 |
| 7. | RBM Realty Private Limited | 257700 | 0.7357 | - | NIL | - | 257700 | 0.7357 |
| 8. | Janak Babubhai Thakar (HUF) | 58366 | 0.1666 | - | NIL | - | 58366 | 0.1666 |
| 9. | Anand Rameshchandra Jakhotiya | 45024 | 0.1285 | $\begin{array}{c} 15.05.2015\\ 22.05.2015\\ 03.07.2015\\ 10.07.2015\\ 24.07.2015\\ 31.07.2015\\ 14.08.2015\\ 15.01.2016\\ 29.01.2016\end{array}$ | 7056 (10) (2750) (11) 3393 15 3000 (400) 2100 | Market Purchase and Sale | 57417 | 0.1639 |
| 10. | Janak Babubhai Thakar jt with Kalpana Thakar | 42904 | 0.1225 | 29.01.2016 | 163 | Market Purchase | 43067 | 0.123 |
| 11. | Samvrudhi Tradesol Private Limited | NIL | NIL | 17.07.2015 14.08.2015 21.08.2015 28.08.2015 | 177744 15693 13027 6547 | Market Purchase | 213011 | 0.6081 |
| 12. | Rajasthan Global Securities Private Limited | NIL | NIL | 08.05.2015 17.07.2015 15.01.2016 05.02.2016 12.02.2016 | 9209 110001 (9951) (3006) (226) | Market Purchase and Sale | 106027 | 0.3027 |

v) Shareholding of Directors and Key Managerial Personnel

- A. Directors
 - 1. Rajesh Sharma

| | Shareholding at the k | eginning of the year | Cumulative Sharehol | Cumulative Shareholding during the year | | |
|---|-----------------------|-------------------------------------|---------------------|---|--|--|
| For each of the Directors and KMP | No. of Shares | % of total shares of the Company | No. of Shares | % of total shares of the Company | | |
| At the beginning of the year | 100 | 0.0003 | - | - | | |
| Datewise Increase/Decrease in Promoters Shareholding during the year specifying the reasons for increase/ decrease (e.g. allotment/transfer/bonus/sweat equity etc): | NIL | 0.00 | - | - | | |
| At the end of the year | 100 | 0.0003 | 100 | 0.0003 | | |

2. No other Director holds any share in the Company

B. None of the Key Managerial Personnel holds any share in the Company.

V. INDEBTEDNESS

Indebtedness of the Company including interest outstanding/accrued but not due for payment

| | | | | | ₹ in Lacs |
|------|--|---|---------------------------|-----------------|------------------------------|
| | | Secured Loans excluding deposits (₹) | Unsecured Loans (₹) | Deposits (₹) | Total Indebtedness (₹) |
| Ind | ebtedness at the beginning of the financial year | | | | |
| i) | Principal Amount | 5,000.00 | - | - | 5,000.00 |
| ii) | Interest due but not paid | - | - | - | |
| iii) | Interest accrued but not due | - | - | - | |
| Tot | al (i+ii+iii) | 5,000.00 | - | - | 5,000.00 |
| Cha | ange in Indebtedness during the financial year | | | | |
| | Addition | 10,366.44 | - | - | 10,366.44 |
| | Reduction | 1,250.00 | - | - | 1,250.00 |
| | Net Change | 9,116.44 | - | - | 9,116.44 |
| Ind | ebtedness at the end of the financial year | | | | |
| i) | Principal Amount | 14,116.44 | - | - | 14,116.44 |
| ii) | Interest due but not paid | - | - | - | - |
| iii) | Interest accrued but not due | - | - | - | - |
| Tot | al (i+ii+iii) | 14,116.44 | - | - | 14,116.44 |

VI. REMUNERATION OF DIRECTORS AND KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL

A. Remuneration to Managing Director, Whole-time Directors and/or Manager:

| | | (₹) |
|---------|---|-----------------------------------|
| SI. No. | Particulars of Remuneration | Sunil Kapoor – Executive Director |
| 1. | Gross Salary | |
| | (a) Salary as per provisions contained in section 17(1) of the Income Tax Act, 1961 | 111,58,175 |
| | (b) Value of perquisites under section 17(2) Income Tax Act, 1961 | 3,45,214 |
| | (c) Profits in lieu of salary under section 17(3) Income Tax Act, 1961 | Nil |
| 2. | Stock Options | Nil |
| 3. | Sweat Equity | Nil |
| 4. | Commission | Nil |
| | - as % of profit | |
| | - others, specify | |
| 5. | Others, please specify | Nil |
| | Total (A) | 115,03,389 |
| | Ceiling as per the Act | 279,07,545 |

B. Remuneration to other Directors:

1. Independent Directors

| | | Name of Director | | | | |
|---|--------------------------|-----------------------|----------------------|------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| | Mr. Beni Prasad Rauka | Ms. Bhagyam Ramani | Mr. Mukesh Kacker | Mr. Bhagwati Prasad | Mr. T R Bajalia | Total Amount |
| Fee for attending Board / Committee Meetings (₹) | 5,15,000 | 7,40,000 | 2,30,000 | 1,70,000 | 2,90,000 | 19,45,000 |
| - Commission | NIL | NIL | NIL | NIL | NIL | NIL |
| - Others, please specify | NIL | NIL | NIL | NIL | NIL | NIL |
| Total (B)(1) (₹) | 5,15,000 | 7,40,000 | 2,30,000 | 1,70,000 | 2,90,000 | 19,45,000 |

2. Other Non Executive Directors

| | | | (₹) |
|--|---|--|--------------|
| | Name of Di | irector | |
| Particulars of Remuneration | Mr. Quintin E Primo III Non-executive Chairman | Mr. Rajesh Sharma Promoter Director | Total Amount |
| Fee for attending Board/Committee Meetings | 1,50,000 | NIL | 1,50,000 |
| - Commission | NIL | NIL | NIL |
| - Others, please specify | NIL | NIL | NIL |
| Total (B)(2) | 1,50,000 | NIL | 1,50,000 |
| Total (B)= (B)(1)+ (B)(2) | | | 20,95,000 |
| Total Managerial Remuneration Total of A + B | | | 135,98,389 |
| Over all Ceiling as per the Act | | | 613,96,598 |

C. Remuneration to Key Managerial Personnel other than MD/MANAGER/WTD

| | | (₹) |
|------------|---|--|
| SI. No. | Particulars of Remuneration | Harish Agrawal - Senior Vice President & Company Secretary |
| 1. | Gross Salary | |
| | (a) Salary as per provisions contained in section 17(1) of the Income Tax Act, 1961 | 45,39,420 |
| | (b) Value of perquisites under section 17(2) Income Tax Act, 1961 | 2,70,000 |
| | (c) Profits in lieu of salary under section 17(3) Income Tax Act, 1961 | Nil |
| 2. | Stock Options | Nil |
| 3. | Sweat Equity | Nil |
| 4. | Commission | Nil |
| | - as % of profit | |
| | - others, specify | |
| 5. | Others, please specify | Nil |
| | Total (C) | 48,09,420 |

VII. PENALTIES / PUNISHMENT / COMPOUNDING OF OFFENCES:

| Тур | 9 | Section of the Companies Act | Brief Description | Details of Penalty / Punishment / Compounding fees imposed | Authority [RD / NCLT / COURT] | Appeal made, if any (give details) |
|-----|---------------------------|---------------------------------|-------------------|---|----------------------------------|--|
| Α. | COMPANY | | | | | |
| | Penalty | | | • | | |
| | Punishment | | | None | | |
| | Compounding | | | | | |
| В. | DIRECTORS | | | | | |
| | Penalty | • | | | | |
| | Punishment | | | None | | |
| | Compounding | | | | | |
| С. | OTHER OFFICERS IN DEFAULT | | | | | |
| | Penalty | | | • | | |
| | Punishment | | | None | | |
| | Compounding | | | | | |

Annexure - IV

Details Pertaining to Employees Pursuant to section 197(12) of the Companies Act, 2013 read with rule 5(1) of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014

| SI. No. | Particulars required | Relevant details | | |
|------------|--|--|---------------------------|---|
| i. | Ratio of the remuneration of each director to the | Mr. Sunil Kapoor (Executive Director) | | |
| | median remuneration of the employees of the | 22.43x | | |
| | company for the financial year | No Other Directors are in receipt of remu | neration. | |
| i. | Percentage increase in remuneration of each | Directors : | \∩ 0/ * | |
| | director, Chief Financial Officer, Chief Executive Officer, Company Secretary in the financial year | Mr. Sunil Kapoor (Executive Director) - 9.0 No Other Directors are in receipt of remu | | |
| | Oncer, company Secretary in the infancial year | Key Managerial Person : | | |
| | | Mr. Harish Agrawal, Sr. Vice President & (| Company Secretary - 1 | -5%* |
| iii. | Percentage increase in the median remuneration | 10.3% | | |
| | of employees in the financial year | | | |
| iv. | Number of permanent employees on the rolls of | 380 employees as on 31.03.2016 | | |
| | company | | | |
| v. | Explanation on the relationship between | Average increase in remuneration of all | 0 1 7 | |
| | average increase in remuneration and company | based partly on the results of the Com | pany for the previous | year and partly on the |
| | performance | individual performance of employee. | | |
| | | Factors considered while recommending - Financial performance' | ncrease in the compe | ensation were : |
| | | - Comparison with peer: | | |
| | | - Industry Benchmarking and consider | ation towards cost of liv | vingadiustment/inflation |
| | | Company follows performance review r | | 0 |
| | | commensurate with the effort and it is al | igned with the perforn | nance of the Company. |
| /i. | comparison of the remuneration of the Key | Aggregate remuneration of KMP | | ₹ 163.13 lacs |
| | Managerial Personnel(KMP) against the | Revenue | | ₹ 18,655.19 lac |
| | performance of the company | Remuneration of KMPs as % of revenue | | 0.8 |
| | | Profit before Tax (PBT) | | ₹ 5211.97 lac |
| | - | Remuneration of KMPs as % of PBT | | 3.1 |
| /ii. | a. Variations in the market capitalization of the | a) Market capitalization as on March 3 | | 10 crores and was |
| | company; | ₹ 583.90 crores as on March 31, 2 | | |
| | b. Price earnings ratio as at the closing date | b) Price earnings ratio of the Company | was 11.08 as at Ma | rch 31, 2016 and was |
| | of the current financial year and previous | 6.85 as at March 31, 2015.** | | |
| | financial year c. Percentage increase over decrease in the | c) The Company has not made any Pu | hlic Issue or Rights is | sue of securities after |
| | market quotations of the shares of the company | 2009, so comparison have not bee | 0 | |
| | in comparison to the rate at which the company | offer price. | | |
| | came out with the last public offer | | | |
| | | The Q | | |
| | | The Company's shares are listed on Bom | | • |
| viii. | Average percentile increase already made in the | | ployees other than ma | inagerial personnel is |
| | salaries of employees other than the managerial personnel in the last financial year and its comparison | | ncreased by 9 09%* | and Sr. Vice President |
| | with the percentile increase in the managerial | | | |
| | remuneration and justification thereof and point out if | | | ith an objective to keep |
| | there are any exceptional circumstances for increase | | | |
| | in the managerial remuneration | - | | - |
| ix. | Comparison of the each remuneration of the Key | | Mr. Sunil Kapoor | Mr. Harish Agrawal |
| | Managerial Personnel against the performance of | Remuneration (₹) | 115.03 lacs | 48.09 lacs |
| | the company | Revenue (₹) | 18,655.1 | 9 lacs |
| | | Remuneration as % of revenue | 0.62 | 0.26 |
| | | Profit before Tax (PBT) (₹) | 5211.9 | 7 lacs |
| | | Remuneration of KMPs as % of PBT | 2.20 | 0.92 |
| х. | The key parameters for any variable component of | Performance of individual director and Co | mpany's financial per | formance are the key |
| | remuneration availed by the directors | parameters for a variable component of r | | |
| | | Non-executive directors are paid sitting fe | es which do not have | any variable component |
| xi. | The ratio of the remuneration of the highest paid | None | | |
| | director to that of the employees who are not | | | |
| | directors but receive remuneration in excess of the highest paid director during the year | | | |
| xii. | It is hereby affirmed that the remuneration is paid as | s per the Remuneration Policy for the Direct | ors Key Managerial P | ersonnel and employee |
| | The neroby animou that the remuneration is paid a | s per ale remaneration rolley for the Direct | oro, noy managenal r | ersonner and employees |
| k | Remuneration does not include variable pay. | | | |
| * | Market Capitalisation and Price earnings ratio is cal | lculated based on the lowest closing price | of the equity shares a | as on the last trading |
| | of the financial year over both the stock exchanges | | | |

** Market Capitalisation and Price earnings ratio is calculated based on the lowest closing price of the equity shares as on the last trading day of the financial year over both the stock exchanges.

Note: Employee performance is appraised based on the performance of the Company during the previous year and the change in remuneration is made effective from the beginning of the financial year. Remuneration of Mr. Sunil Kapoor was revised w.e.f January 24, 2016.

REPORT ON CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

Sustained strong performance by any company is directly linked to an organisation's philosophy and levels of Corporate Governance. Keeping this important reality in view, your Company has always placed major thrust on managing its affairs with diligence, transparency, responsibility and accountability.

The detailed report on Corporate Governance for the financial year ended March 31, 2016, as per the disclosure requirements prescribed in SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, is set out below:

1. COMPANY'S PHILOSOPHY ON CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

Company's Philosophy on Corporate Governance is a combination of voluntary practices and compliance with laws and regulations leading to delegation of operational powers to experienced staff members, effective control oversight mechanism, strategies and policies which are constantly reviewed and strengthened to be in alignment with market realities and overall management of the organisation.

In ensuring that the desired levels of corporate governance practices are imbibed in the organisation and with a focus on its own fiduciary & trusteeship role, the Board of Directors of the Company seeks to evolve, strengthen and adopt structures and policies which would align and direct the actions of the organisation towards creating wealth and shareholder value. This, together with meaningful CSR activities of the Company has enabled your Company to earn the trust and goodwill of its investors, business partners, employees and the communities in which it operates.

Your Company has adopted various code and policies to carry out duties and functions in most ethical and compliant manner and some of them are:

- i. Code of Conduct for the Board and Senior Managerial Personnel;
- ii. Whistle Blower Policy;
- iii. Corporate Social Responsibility Policy;
- iv. Nomination & Remuneration Policy;
- v. Board Evaluation Policy;
- vi. Fair Practice Code;
- vii. Code for regulating, monitoring and reporting of Trading by Insiders;
- viii. Policy on Related Party Transactions;
- ix. Policy on Material Subsidiaries;
- x. Documents preservation and archival Policy; and
- xi. Policy for determining material events and information

Your Company has complied with the requirements of Corporate Governance as laid down under the provisions of Companies Act, 2013, Clause 49 of the erstwhile Listing Agreement, SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, as applicable and RBI directions with regards to Corporate Governance.

2. BOARD OF DIRECTORS

The Company has maintained an optimum combination of Executive and Non-executive Directors including one woman director. As of March 31, 2016, the Board of Directors (the 'Board') consisted of eight members of which five were Independent Directors. The Independent Directors bring independent judgment in the Board's deliberations and decisions. Considering the stringent requirement of the skillsets on the Board, eminent persons, having an independent standing in their respective field/profession and who can effectively contribute to the Company's business and policy decisions, are considered by the Nomination & Remuneration Committee for appointment of Independent Directors on the Board. The number of directorships and memberships held in various committees of other companies by such persons is also considered. The Board considers the recommendations of the Nomination & Remuneration Committee and takes appropriate decisions in regard to continuance of and induction of new skill sets at the Board level to ensure the availability of these experienced professionals to guide the Company in an ever evolving business environment.

During the year your Company had a Non-executive Chairman and the management of the Company was led by the Executive Director, who operated under the overall supervision, direction and control of the Board. The Board reviews and approves strategy and oversees the actions and results of the management to ensure that the long-term objectives of enhancing stakeholder value are achieved.

None of the Director on the Company's Board is holding office of Director in more than twenty companies and Independent Director in more than seven listed companies. Further, none of the Director is a Member of more than ten committees and Chairman of more than five committees across all the companies in which he/she act as Director. All Non-executive Director are/were liable to retire by rotation.

Familarisation Programme

At the time of appointing a Director, a formal letter of appointment is given to him, which inter alia explains the roles, rights and responsibilities expected of him as a Director of the Company. The Director is also explained in detail the compliances required from him under the Companies Act, 2013, Clause 49 of the erstwhile Listing Agreement, SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, Code of Conduct, Code for regulating, monitoring and reporting of Trading by Insiders, RBI directions and other relevant regulations.

By way of an introduction to the Company, the Director is presented with, relevant Annual Reports, welcome letter with Company's details. The Executive Director also has a one-toone discussion with the Director. The Program aims to provide insights into the Company to enable the Director to be in a position to take well-informed timely decisions and contribute significantly to the Company. At every Board meeting, the Executive Director and the departmental heads apprise the Board members of the business operations, significant changes in operating environment, risks and mitigation strategies of the Company, to keep them abreast of the developments taken place between the meetings.

The Independent Directors of the Company are given every opportunity to familiarize themselves with the Company, its management and operations so as to understand the Company, business, industry and environment in which it functions.

The details of the familiarization programme for Independent Directors has been uploaded on the Company's website i.e. on

http://www.cgcl.co.in/images/Downloads/Familiarisation%20Programme%20for%20Independent%20Directors.pdf.

Directors' Profile

A brief resume of Directors, nature of their expertise and experience and other details are provided in the Annual Report.

Meetings, attendance and other details

During the year under review, four meetings of the Board of Directors were held. Board meetings were held on May 09, 2015, August 14, 2015, November 02, 2015 and February 11, 2016. The Twenty First Annual General Meeting ('AGM') was held on July 18, 2015. The Maximum time gap between any two consecutive meetings did not exceed 120 days.

The compositions of the Board, attendance at the Board meetings held during the Financial Year under review and at the last AGM, number of directorship, Memberships/ Chairmanships of the Committees of public companies and their shareholding as on March 31, 2016 in the Company are as follows:-

| Name of the Director | DIN | Ostariami | No. of Board Meetings | Attendance at the last | Directorships * | Commi positio | | Shareholding |
|--------------------------|----------|--|--------------------------|---------------------------|-----------------|------------------|--------|--------------|
| Name of the Director | DIN | Category | attended/ held | AGM | - | Chairman | Member | |
| Mr. Quintin E. Primo III | 06600839 | Non Executive, Non Independent | 4/4 | Yes | 1 | Nil | Nil | Nil |
| Mr. Sunil Kapoor | 01436404 | Executive | 4/4 | Yes | 3 | Nil | Nil | Nil |
| Mr. Rajesh Sharma | 00020037 | Promoter- Non- Executive Non Independent | 4/4 | Yes | 17 | Nil | 1 | 100 |
| Mr. Beni Prasad Rauka | 00295213 | Independent | 4/4 | Yes | 10 | 4 | 1 | Nil |
| Mr. Bhagwati Prasad | 05152091 | Independent | 4/4 | Yes | 2 | Nil | Nil | Nil |
| Ms. Bhagyam Ramani | 00107097 | Independent | 4/4 | Yes | 10 | Nil | 6 | Nil |
| Mr. Mukesh Kacker | 01569098 | Independent | 4/4 | Yes | 3 | Nil | 1 | Nil |
| Mr. T. R. Bajalia | 02291892 | Independent | 4/4 | Yes | 6 | Nil | 2 | Nil |

Excludes Directorship in Foreign Companies and Government Bodies.

** Only Audit Committee and Stakeholders Relationship Committee in Public Limited Companies have been considered for the Committee positions.

The Companies Act, 2013 read with the relevant rules made thereunder, now facilitates the participation of a director in Board/Committee Meetings through video conferencing or other audio visual means. Accordingly, the facility to participate in the meeting through video conferencing was made available to the Directors travelling abroad or present at other locations.

Meeting of Independent Directors

During the year under review, the Independent Directors met once on March 11, 2016, inter alia, to:

- i. Evaluate the performance of non-independent directors and the Board as a whole;
- ii. Evaluate performance of the Non-executive Chairman of the Company; and
- Evaluate the quality, quantity and timelines of flow of information between the executive management and the Board.

The suggestions made at the meeting of the Independent Directors were communicated to the Non-executive Chairman and the Executive Director for taking appropriate steps. All Independent Directors were present at the meeting.

3. COMMITTEES OF THE BOARD

Board has constituted a set of committees with specific terms of reference/ mandate, as to effectively focus on the issues falling under their jurisdiction. Minutes of proceedings of Committee meetings are circulated to the Directors and placed before the Board at their meetings for noting.

A. AUDIT COMMITTEE

The Company has constituted a qualified and independent Audit Committee, comprising of four Independent Directors who have considerable experience and expertise in accounting and financial management. The Audit Committee comprises of:

- i. Mr. Beni Prasad Rauka- Chairman
- ii. Ms. Bhagyam Ramani- Member
- iii. Mr. Mukesh Kacker- Member
- iv. Mr. T. R. Bajalia- Member

The Company Secretary acts as Secretary to the Committee.

The representatives of the Statutory Auditors are permanent invitees to the Audit Committee meetings and they attended all the meetings held during the year. The Internal Auditor reports directly to the Audit Committee.

The Chairman of the Audit Committee was present at the last Annual General Meeting held on July 18, 2015.

Terms of Reference

The terms of reference of Audit Committee are wide enough, covering the matters specified in SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 as well as in section 177 of the Companies Act, 2013, which inter alia includes the following:

- a) oversee the Company's financial reporting process and disclosure of its financial information;
- b) recommend appointment, remuneration and terms of appointment of auditors of the Company;
- c) approve payment to statutory auditors for any other services rendered by them;
- review with the management, the annual financial statements before submission to the Board for approval, focusing particularly on:
 - 1) matters to be included in Director's Responsibility Statements to be included in Board's report ;
 - 2) any changes in accounting policies and practices;
 - major accounting entries involving estimates based on the exercise of judgment by management;
 - significant adjustments resulting from the audit findings;
 - 5) compliance with listing and other legal requirements relating to financial statement;
 - 6) disclosure of related party transactions;
 - 7) qualification in draft audit report.
- e) review with the management, the quarterly financial statement before submission to the board for their approval;
- recommend appointment, remuneration and terms of appointment of internal auditors, tax auditors, secretarial auditor and any matters of resignation or dismissal;
- g) discuss with the statutory auditors before the audit commences, the nature and scope of the audit as well as post audit discussion to ascertain areas of concern;
- review the internal audit programme, ensuring co-ordination between the internal and statutory auditors, ensuring that the internal audit function is adequately resourced and has appropriate standing

within the Company, and to request internal auditor to undertake specific audit projects, having informed the management of their intentions;

- consider the major findings of internal investigations by the internal auditors into matters where there is suspected fraud or irregularity or failure of internal control systems of a material nature and reporting the matter to the Board;
- consider any material breaches or exposure; breaches of regulatory requirements or of ethical codes of practice to which the Company subscribes, or of any related codes, policies and procedures, which could have a material effect on the financial position or contingent liabilities of the Company;
- k) discuss significant findings with internal auditors and initiate follow up action thereon;
- look into the reasons for substantial defaults in the payment to the depositors, debenture holders, shareholders (in case of non-payment of declared dividends) and creditors;
- review performance of statutory and internal auditors and adequacy of internal control systems;
- n) approve transaction with related parties and subsequent modification to terms of contract/ transaction;
- o) scrutinize inter-corporate loans and investments;
- valuation of any of the undertakings or assets as and when necessary;
- evaluate adequacy of internal financial control and risk management system;
- r) review with management , the statement of uses / application of funds raised through an issue (public issue, rights issue, preferential issue, etc.), the statement of funds utilized for purposes other than those stated in the offer document/prospectus/ notice and the report submitted by the monitoring agency monitoring the utilization of proceeds of a public or rights issue , and making recommendation to the Board for taking steps in relation thereto;
- approve appointment of CFO (i.e. the Whole time Finance Director or any other person heading the finance function or discharging that function) after assessing the qualification, experience and background of the candidate;
- t) review functioning of the Whistle Blower Policy ;
- u) carry out any other functions as may be falling within the terms of reference of the Audit Committee or as may be delegated to the Committee from time to time.

The composition and terms of reference of the Audit Committee are in accordance with section 177 of the Companies Act, 2013, requirements prescribed in Non-Banking Financial Companies – Corporate Governance (Reserve Bank) Directions, 2015 and SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.

Meetings and attendance

During the year under review, four meetings of the Audit Committee were held on May 08, 2015, August 14, 2015, November 02, 2015 and February 11, 2016, where all members were present.

B. STAKEHOLDERS' RELATIONSHIP COMMITTEE

The Stakeholders' Relationship ('SR') Committee is lead by Independent Director and is primarily responsible to review all matters connected with transfer of securities and redressal of shareholders complaints. The composition of SR Committee is as follows:

- i. Mr. Beni Prasad Rauka- Chairman
- ii. Ms. Bhagyam Ramani- Member
- iii. Mr. Rajesh Sharma- Member

Terms of Reference

The terms of reference of the SR Committee inter alia, includes the following:

- oversee the redressal of security holder and investors' complaints/grievances pertaining to transfers, nonreceipt of annual reports, dividend payments, issue of duplicate certificates, transmission of securities and other miscellaneous complaints;
- ii. oversee the performance and service standards of the Registrar and Share Transfer Agent, and recommends measures to improve level of investor services.

The composition and terms of reference of the SR Committee are in accordance with section 178 of the Companies Act, 2013 and SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.

Meetings and attendance

During the year under review, four meetings of the SR Committee were held on May 08, 2015, August 14, 2015, October 31, 2015 and February 11, 2016, where all members were present.

Investor Grievance Redressal

The status of investor complaints is monitored by the SR Committee periodically and reported to the Board. The complaints received from the shareholders, regulators, stock exchanges are reviewed and they are expeditiously attended to by the Registrar and Share Transfer Agents.

Compliance Officer

Mr. Harish Agrawal, Senior Vice President & Company Secretary is the Compliance Officer for complying with the requirements of Securities Laws and SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.

During the year under review no complaint was received. There were no instruments for transfer pending as on March 31, 2016.

C. NOMINATION & REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

The Nomination & Remuneration ('NR') Committee is headed by an Independent Director and is primarily responsible for recommending candidates for appointment as Directors and KMPs and their remuneration, evaluation of performance of Directors and monitoring of remuneration policy. The composition of NR Committee is as follows:

- i. Ms. Bhagyam Ramani- Chairperson
- ii. Mr. Beni Prasad Rauka-Member
- iii. Mr. Rajesh Sharma Member

Terms of Reference

Terms of Reference of the NR Committee inter alia, includes the following:

- to assess that a person to be appointed as Director is 'fit and proper' and fulfills the set criteria as may be required by the Company;
- review & recommend to the Board on the structure and composition of the Board of Directors of the Company;
- iii. evaluate the eligibility of an individual on the basis of his/her qualification, positive attributes, independence and past experience, for appointment and removal as whole time director/managing director/senior management of the company and advising the Board of Directors/ Shareholders with such detailed evaluation in the matter of appointment and removal of such individual;
- iv. review, recommend and /or approve the remuneration that can be offered to the proposed whole time director/managing director/ non-executive director/ senior management of the Company;
- v. evaluate the performance of the directors of the Company & review and recommend to the Board on their re-appointment;
- vi. review, recommend and /or approve the modification in the remuneration of the Whole time director/ managing director/manager/ non-executive director and senior managerial personnel;
- vii. formulate remuneration policy relating to directors, key managerial personnel and other senior managerial employees of the Company;
- viii. evaluate performance of directors with respect to their role as Independent Director and Board members;
- ix. implement and administer the Employee Stock Option Scheme;

The Composition and terms of reference of the NR Committee is in compliance with provisions of section 178 of the Companies Act, 2013, SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 and SEBI (Share Based Employee Benefits) Regulations, 2014.

Meetings and attendance

During the year under review, two meetings of NR Committee were held on May 08, 2015 and January 16, 2016, where all members were present.

Nomination and Remuneration Policy

The Board of Directors of the company has adopted Nomination and Remuneration Policy ('Policy') for the Company, inter alia to deal with the manner of selection of Board of Directors, KMP and Managing Director and their remuneration. The Policy is annexed as **Annexure** to this Report.

Director's Remuneration

The details of sitting fees/remuneration paid to Directors during the FY 2015-16, are as under:

| Sr. No. | Name of the Director | Sitting Fees for attending Meetings (₹) | Salary and Perquisites (₹) | Incentive/ Bonus (₹) | Total (₹) |
|------------|--------------------------|--|-------------------------------|-------------------------|-------------|
| 1. | Mr. Quintin E. Primo III | 1,50,000 | N.A. | N.A. | 1,50,000 |
| 2. | Mr. Sunil Kapoor | Nil | 1,15,18,386 | Nil | 1,15,18,386 |
| 3. | Mr. Rajesh Sharma | Nil | Nil | Nil | Nil |
| 4. | Mr. Beni Prasad Rauka | 5,15,000 | N.A. | N.A. | 5,15,000 |
| 5. | Mr. Bhagwati Prasad | 1,70,000 | N.A. | N.A. | 1,70,000 |
| 6. | Ms. Bhagyam Ramani | 7,40,000 | N.A. | N.A. | 7,40,000 |
| 7. | Mr. Mukesh Kacker | 2,30,000 | N.A. | N.A. | 2,30,000 |
| 8. | Mr. T. R. Bajalia | 2,90,000 | N.A. | N.A. | 2,90,000 |

There were no pecuniary relationships or transactions of Nonexecutive Directors vis-à-vis the Company.

Service contract, Severance fees and Notice period

Mr. Sunil Kapoor was appointed as Executive Director of the Company for a period of one year w.e.f. January 24, 2014 and his appointment was renewed for a further period of one year w.e.f. January 24, 2015. His appointment was further renewed for 3 years w.e.f. January 24, 2016. His remuneration includes the salary of ₹ 1,11,73,172/- & perquisites of ₹ 3,45,214/. His appointment may be terminated by giving three months notice on either side or payment in lieu of notice. No severance fees are payable on termination of his employment.

Performance Evaluation of the Board, Directors and Committees of the Board

The Company has devised Board Evaluation Policy as to carry out annual performance evaluation of the Independent Directors, Board, Committees and other individual Directors.

A structured questionnaire was prepared for capturing various facets of the functioning of Board, such as adequacy of the composition of the Board and its Committees, Board culture, execution and performance of specific duties, obligations and governance.

A separate exercise was carried out to evaluate the performance of individual Directors including the Chairman of the Board, who were assessed to find out knowledge/skills, contribution to the Board and their communication/relationship with the Board and senior management of the Company. The performance evaluation of the Independent Directors was carried out by the entire Board. The performance evaluation of the Chairman and the Non-independent Directors were carried out by the Independent Directors.

D. CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY COMMITTEE

The Corporate Social Responsibility ('CSR') Committee is primarily responsible for assisting the Board in discharging its social responsibilities by formulating and monitoring implementation of the framework of policy adopted by the Board. The CSR Committee is lead by an Independent Director and the composition is as follows:

- i. Ms. Bhagyam Ramani- Chairperson
- ii. Mr. Beni Prasad Rauka- Member
- iii. Mr. Sunil Kapoor- Member
- iv. Mr. Rajesh Sharma- Member

Terms of Reference

Terms of Reference of the CSR Committee inter alia, includes:

- a) to formulate and recommend to the Board, a Corporate Social Responsibility Policy which shall indicate the activities to be undertaken by the company as specified in Schedule VII of Companies Act, 2013;
- b) to recommend the amount of expenditure to be incurred on the CSR activities ; and
- c) to monitor the implementation of the CSR Policy of the company from time to time.

The composition and terms of reference of the CSR Committee is in compliance with provisions of section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013 and Companies (Corporate Social Responsibility Policy) Rules, 2014.

Meetings and attendance

During the year under review four meetings of the CSR Committee were held on June 05, 2015, June 13, 2015, July 25, 2015 and January 16, 2016. The attendance at the meeting of CSR Committee is as follows:

| Name of the Member | No. of Meetings Held | No. of Meetings Attended |
|-----------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Ms. Bhagyam Ramani | 4 | 4 |
| Mr. Beni Prasad Rauka | 4 | 3 |
| Mr. Rajesh Sharma | 4 | 3 |
| Mr. Sunil Kapoor | 4 | 2 |

E. OPERATIONS & BORROWING COMMITTEE

The Operations and Borrowing Committee was constituted to oversee routine operations which are not specifically required to be referred to the Board and to borrow funds within the overall limits approved by the Shareholders of the Company. The Operations and Borrowing Committee is led by the Executive Director of the Company and comprise as follows:

- i. Mr. Sunil Kapoor- Chairman
- ii. Mr. Beni Prasad Rauka- Member
- iii. Ms. Bhagyam Ramani- Member

Terms of Reference

Terms of reference of the Operations and Borrowings Committee inter alia, includes the following:

- borrow funds up to the limits approved by the shareholders of the Company pursuant to section 180(1)(c) of the Companies Act, 2013;
- ii. open, operate and/or close banking, demat , escrow and other accounts;
- approve change in the authorized signatories to the aforesaid accounts;
- iv. acquire residential and commercial premises for housing branch offices and employees;
- register, approve and execute lease deed, Leave & License, Escrow and other agreements for day to day business operations and sub - delegate the authorities to the officials;
- vi. sale or purchase of office premises, flats, investments in real estate of the Company ;
- vii. authorize officials of the Company to initiate, defend and represent Company in any suits and/or criminal proceedings for and against the Company;
- viii. authorize officials to sign, execute and file various return, forms, other relevant documents of routine nature with various authorities like Income Tax, Service Tax, Shops and Establishment Act, Provident Fund & Miscellaneous Provisions Act, ESIC etc.;
- authorise officials to represent the Company before any regulatory authority(ies);
- oversee the functioning of Asset liability Management Committee as per clause 6.4 of guidelines for Asset-Liability Management (ALM) system in NBFCs.;
- xi. to make application for registration of the intellectual property rights in trade mark, copy rights belonging to the Company and to defend any infringements in respect thereto;
- xii. any other decision of routine nature having bearing on the day to day banking, operational and borrowing

of the Company and not requiring specific approval of the Board of Directors / Members.

Meetings and attendance

During the year under review the Operations & Borrowing Committee met eight times on July 31, 2015, August 08, 2015, August 22, 2015, September 19, 2015, December 10, 2015, December 29, 2015, January 08, 2016 and March 30, 2016. The attendance at the meeting of Operations & Borrowing Committee is as follows:

| Name of the Member | No. of Meetings Held | No. of Meetings Attended |
|-----------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Mr. Sunil Kapoor | 8 | 3 |
| Ms. Bhagyam Ramani | 8 | 8 |
| Mr. Beni Prasad Rauka | 8 | 8 |

F. STRATEGIC PLANNING COMMITTEE

The Board constituted the Strategic Planning Committee ('SPC') with primary responsibility to advise the Board on new business opportunities considering competitive positioning of the Company and recommend generally on issues of strategic importance to the organisation. SPC is lead by the Non-executive Chairman of the Company and comprises as follows:

- i. Mr. Quintin E. Primo III- Chairman
- ii. Mr. Sunil Kapoor- Member
- iii. Mr. Rajesh Sharma-Member
- iv. Mr. T. R. Bajalia- Member

Meetings and attendance

During the year under review SP Committee met two times on June 11, 2015 and February 11, 2016, where all the members were present.

G. RISK MANAGEMENT COMMITTEE

The Risk Management Committee is primarily responsible for review of operational risk, information technology risk and integrity risk, taking strategic actions to mitigate the risk associated with the nature of the business and appraising the Board of Directors at regular intervals regarding risk management policy and strategy.

Composition

The Risk Management Committee is lead by the Executive Director of the Company and comprises of the following:

- i. Mr. Sunil Kapoor Chairman
- ii. Mr. Beni Prasad Rauka- Member
- iii. Mr. T. R. Bajalia -Member
- iv. Ms. Bhagyam Ramani -Member

Meetings and attendance

During the year under review the Risk Management Committee met twice on October 31, 2015 and February 10, 2016, where all members were present.

4. EXECUTIVE COMMITTEES CONSTITUTED BY THE BOARD

Board has constituted a set of committees which are lead by a Board member with senior executives of the company contributing as members. Minutes of proceedings of these committees are circulated to the Directors and placed before the Board at their meetings for noting.

A. ASSET LIABILITY MANAGEMENT COMMITTEE

The Asset Liability Management Committee ('ALCO') is primarily responsible for cash flow and balance sheet planning, managing interest rate risks and liquidity risks associated with the business of the Company. It monitors the asset liability gap and strategizes action to mitigate the risk associated.

Composition

ALCO is lead by the Executive Director of the Company and is joined by senior executives from Finance, Risk, Information Technology, Treasury functions. ALCO comprises as follows:

| | i. | Mr. Sunil Kapoor | - Chairman |
|---|------|---------------------|--|
| | ii. | Mr. Ashok Agrawal | Senior Vice President (Compliance & Legal) |
| | iii. | Mr. Balasaheb Ugale | - Vice President –IT |
| | iv. | Mr. Gaurang Shah | Associate Director (Finance & Accounts) |
| - | v. | Mr. Ramesh Kelkar | Head of Credit & Risk-Wholesale & SME Lending |
| | | | |

The Composition of the ALCO and its terms of reference are in compliance with the requirements of Reserve Bank of India.

Meetings and attendance

During the year under review, eleven meetings of the ALCO were held on April 07, 2015, May 07, 2015, June 05, 2015, July 07, 2015, August 07, 2015, August 25, 2015, September 07, 2015, October 07, 2015, November 06, 2015, November 20, 2015 and January 20, 2016. Attendance at ALCO meetings is as follows:

| Name of the Member | No. of Meetings Held | No. of Meetings Attended |
|---------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Mr. Sunil Kapoor | 11 | 9 |
| Mr. Ashok Agarwal | 11 | 7 |
| Mr. Balasaheb Ugale | 11 | 9 |
| Mr. Gaurang Shah | 11 | 10 |
| Mr. Ramesh Kelkar | 11 | 10 |

B. INVESTMENT COMMITTEE

The Investment Committee decides on all proposals for investment & lending received by the Company within the exposure norms as laid down in the Credit and Investment Policy of the Company.

Composition

The Investment Committee is lead by Independent Director and comprises as follows:

| i. | Ms. Bhagyam Ramani | - Chairperson |
|-----|-----------------------|-----------------------------------|
| ii. | Mr. Sunil Kapoor | - Executive Director |
| iii | . Mr. S. K. Sangar | - Head of Wholesale Lending |
| iv. | Mr. Ramesh | - Head of Credit & Risk-Wholesale |
| | Kelkar | & SME Lending |

Meetings and attendance

During the year under review the Investment Committee met 14 times and the attendance at its meeting is as follows:

| Name of the Member | No. of Meetings Held | No. of Meetings Attended |
|--------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Ms. Bhagyam Ramani | 14 | 14 |
| Mr. Sunil Kapoor | 14 | 11 |
| Mr. Ramesh Kelkar | 14 | 14 |
| Mr. S K Sangar* | 3 | 3 |
| Mr. Hemant Dave\$ | 11 | 11 |

* Appointed as a Member w.e.f February 02, 2016

Ceased to be member w.e.f February 02, 2016

5. GENERAL BODY MEETINGS Annual General Meetings

All Annual General Meetings during the preceding three years were held at Indian Merchants Chamber, LNM IMC Building, Opposite Churchgate Station, Churchgate, Mumbai-400020. The date, time and the special resolution passed thereat are as follows:

| Year | Date | Time | Special Resolution Passed |
|---------|---------------|------|------------------------------|
| 2014-15 | July 18, | 12 | No special resolution was |
| | 2015 | Noon | passed |
| 2013-14 | August 04, | 12 | Authorised Board to |
| | 2014 | Noon | borrow upto ₹2000 crores |
| 2012-13 | September 28, | 12 | No special resolution was |
| | 2013 | Noon | passed |

Postal Ballot

No special resolution was passed through Postal Ballot during the Financial Year 2015-16.

6. **DISCLOSURES**

i. Related Party Transactions

During the year under review, the Company has not entered into any material transaction with any of the related parties. All related party transactions are at arm's- length and in the ordinary course of business and are not in conflict with the interest of the Company.

Suitable disclosure as required by the Accounting Standards (AS18) has been made in the Standalone Financial Statements and attention of the members is drawn to Note No. 27. The Board has approved a policy for related party transactions which has been uploaded on the Company's website i.e. on

http://www.cgcl.co.in/images/Downloads/Policy%20on%20Related%20Party%20Transactions_1.pdf.

ii. Strictures and Penalties

No strictures or penalties have been imposed on the Company by the Stock Exchanges or by the Securities and Exchange Board of India or by any statutory authority on any matters related to capital markets during the last three years.

iii. There are no inter-se relationships between the Directors of the Company.

iv. Whistle Blower Policy

The Company believes in the conduct of the affairs of its various constituents in a fair and transparent manner, by adopting the highest standard of professionalism, honesty, integrity and ethical behaviour and open communication. The Company has Whistle Blower Policy under which the employees are free to report instances of unethical behaviour, violation of laws and regulations and the Code of Conduct or policies of the Company. The employee can approach the Whistle Blower Committee which operated under the supervision of the Audit Committee. Employee may directly report to the Chairman of the Audit Committee. During the year under review no employee was denied access to the Audit Committee.

v. Policy on Material Subsidiaries

 The Board has approved a Policy on

 Material Subsidiaries which has been

 uploaded on the Company's website i.e. on

 http://www.cgcl.co.in/images/Downloads/Policy%200n%20Material%20Subsidiaries_1.pdf.

vi. Status of Adoption of Mandatory requirements of Clause 49 of erstwhile Listing Agreement and SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015

The Company has complied with all mandatory requirements of Clause 49 of the erstwhile Listing Agreement and SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.

7. MEANS OF COMMUNICATION

The quarterly and half yearly results are published in widely circulating national and local newspapers, such as The Asian Age/ The Financial Express/Business Standard in English and Mumbai Lakshdeep in Marathi. The same are also displayed on the web site of the Company i.e. www.cgcl.co.in

8. GENERAL SHAREHOLDER INFORMATION

i. Company Registration Details

The Corporate Identity Number (CIN) allotted to the Company by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs (MCA) is L65921MH1994PTC173469.

ii. Annual General Meeting

(Day, Date, Time and Venue) Tuesday, July 26, 2016 at 11 a.m. Walchand Hirachand Hall, Indian Merchants' Chamber, LNM IMC Bldg., Opp. Churchgate Station, Churchgate, Mumbai-400020

iii. Financial year & Calendar (tentative)

Financial Year - April 1, 2016 to March 31, 2017

Results for the quarter ending -

 June 30, 2016
 on or before August 14, 2016

 September 30, 2016
 on or before November 14, 2016

 December 31, 2016
 on or before February 14, 2017

 March 31, 2017
 on or before May 30, 2017

iv. Book Closure Date

July 18, 2016 (Monday) to July 26, 2016 (Tuesday) (both days inclusive).

v. Dividend

Dividend of 15% on the Equity Share amounting to ₹ 1.50/- on each Equity Share of ₹ 10/- of the Company will be paid to the Shareholders whose names appear in the Register of Members as on July 16, 2016, subject to approval of the Shareholders at the 22^{nd} Annual General Meeting, within the statutory time limit of 30 days.

vi. Listing

Equity Shares of the Company are listed on BSE & NSE.

ISIN: INE180C01018

- a. Bombay Stock Exchange Limited Phiroze Jeejeebhoy Towers, Dalal Street, Mumbai – 400 001 Code: 531595
- National Stock Exchange of India Limited Exchange Plaza, 5th Floor, Bandra-Kurla Complex, Bandra (East), Mumbai – 400 051. Code: CGCL

Listing Fees up to the Financial Year 2016-17 have been paid in full to both the Stock Exchanges.

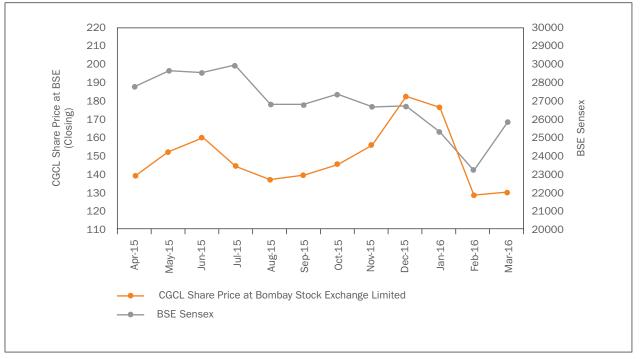
vii. Market Price Data

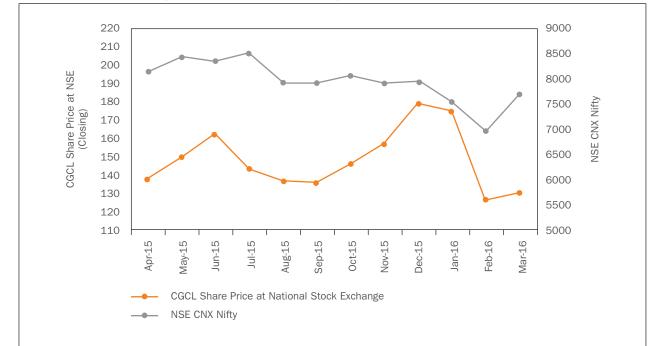
a) Equity Shares:

Monthly high/ low of the Closing Price and trading volumes on BSE/ NSE of Equity Shares of the Company is given hereunder:

| Month | Bombay Stock Exchange Limited (BSE) | | | National Stock Exchange of India Limited (NSE) | | |
|--------|-------------------------------------|---------------|---------------------------|--|---------------|---------------------------|
| | High Price (₹) | Low Price (₹) | Volume (No. of shares) | High Price (₹) | Low Price (₹) | Volume (No. of shares) |
| Apr-15 | 198.50 | 125.00 | 104452 | 198.35 | 124.55 | 1,52,153 |
| May-15 | 170.00 | 142.00 | 30739 | 170.00 | 141.25 | 48,674 |
| Jun-15 | 164.90 | 135.00 | 16577 | 165.80 | 132.15 | 28,039 |
| Jul-15 | 168.00 | 127.00 | 198408 | 166.85 | 127.00 | 3,63,439 |
| Aug-15 | 163.90 | 129.50 | 69533 | 163.25 | 127.50 | 89,607 |
| Sep-15 | 141.90 | 129.00 | 15454 | 159.70 | 124.00 | 24,984 |
| Oct-15 | 171.90 | 138.20 | 31444 | 172.75 | 135.40 | 62,100 |
| Nov-15 | 162.90 | 132.10 | 12404 | 161.70 | 135.00 | 25,292 |
| Dec-15 | 187.50 | 150.30 | 33749 | 193.70 | 150.10 | 54,135 |
| Jan-16 | 215.00 | 162.50 | 76585 | 218.90 | 156.20 | 1,19,636 |
| Feb-16 | 180.00 | 120.10 | 24875 | 179.80 | 116.00 | 83,095 |
| Mar-16 | 144.00 | 130.20 | 7860 | 148.50 | 120.10 | 25,101 |

b) Performance of the Company's Stock Price vis- a- vis BSE Sensex:





c) Performance of the Company's Stock Price vis- a- vis NSE Nifty

viii. Registrar and Transfer Agents

Members/ shareholders are requested to correspond with the Company's Registrars and Transfer Agents quoting their Folio No. / DP ID & Client ID at the following address:

Link Intime India Private Limited

C-13, Pannalal Silk Mills Compound, L.B.S.Marg, Bhandup (West), Mumbai – 400078 Tel: 022-25946970 Telefax: 022-25946969 e-mail: rnt.helpdesk@linkintime.co.in

During the year under review the Registrar and Transfer Agents was changed from MCS Share Transfer Agent Limited to Link Intime India Private Limited.

ix. Share Transfer System

Securities lodged for transfers are processed and security certificates are returned within a period of fifteen days from the date of receipt, subject to all documents being valid and complete in all respects. The Board of Directors has delegated the authority for approving transfer, transmission, etc. of the Company's securities to the Executive Director and the Company Secretary of the Company. The Company obtains from a Company Secretary in Practice half-yearly certificate of compliance with the share transfer formalities, as required under regulation 40(9) of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 and files a copy of the certificate with Stock Exchanges.

x. Shareholding Pattern as on March 31, 2016

| Category | No. of Shares | % of Holding |
|------------------------------------|---------------|--------------|
| A) Promoters Holding | | |
| Individuals | 9180167 | 26.2089 |
| Bodies Corporate | 16711491 | 47.7103 |
| Sub- Total (A) | 25891658 | 73.9192 |
| B) Non- Promoters Holding | | |
| 1) Foreign Institutional Investors | 3266047 | 9.3244 |
| 2) Financial Institutions / Banks | 15000 | 0.0428 |
| Sub- Total (B)(1) | 3281047 | 9.3672 |
| 3) Non- Institutions | | |
| Bodies Corporate | 4615433 | 13.1768 |
| Individuals | 1204414 | 3.4385 |
| Non Resident Indians | 14176 | 0.0405 |
| Clearing Member | 20233 | 0.0578 |
| Sub- Total(B)(2) | 5854256 | 16.7136 |
| Grand Total(A+B) | 35026961 | 100.0000 |

Distribution Schedule of Equity shareholder as on March 31, 2016

| Range | No. of Share Holders | % | No. of Shares | % |
|--------------|----------------------|----------|---------------|----------|
| 1 - 500 | 2341 | 85.3445 | 222117 | 0.6341 |
| 501 – 1000 | 183 | 6.6715 | 144598 | 0.4128 |
| 1001-2000 | 83 | 3.0259 | 119399 | 0.3409 |
| 2001–3000 | 42 | 1.5312 | 106528 | 0.3041 |
| 3001-4000 | 20 | 0.7291 | 70605 | 0.2016 |
| 4001-5000 | 11 | 0.401 | 51867 | 0.1481 |
| 5001-10000 | 25 | 0.9114 | 177313 | 0.5062 |
| 10001-50000 | 22 | 0.8020 | 395891 | 1.1302 |
| 50001-100000 | 2 | 0.0729 | 115783 | 0.3306 |
| Above 100000 | 14 | 0.5104 | 33622860 | 95.9914 |
| Total | 2743 | 100.0000 | 35026961 | 100.0000 |

xi. Dematerialisation of Equity Shares and Liquidity

The Company's shares are currently traded only in dematerialised form over NSE & BSE. To facilitate trading in dematerialised form, the Company has tied up with NSDL and CDSL. Shareholders can open account with any of the Depository Participants registered with any of these depositories. As on March 31, 2016, 99.94% of the Company's equity shares were held in dematerialised form.

xii. The Company has not issued any GDRs/ADRs.

xiii. Branches

Company has twenty three branches located at Ahmedabad, Delhi, Faridabad, Gurgaon, Ludhiana, Mumbai, Pune, Rajkot, Surat, Thane and Vapi.

xiv. Address for Correspondence

For any assistance regarding share transfer and transmission, change of address, non-receipt of dividend, duplicate/missing share certificates, demat and other matters please write to or contact Registrar & Share

Transfer Agent of the Company at address mentioned at (viii) above. For any query on the Annual Report and for any complaints or suggestions please write to or contact:

Mr. Harish Agrawal
Senior Vice President & Company Secretary
Capri Global Capital Limited
1-B, Court Chambers,
35, Sir Vithaldas Thackersey Marg,
New Marine Lines, Mumbai-400020.
Tel. No. (022) – 43548200
e-mail: investor.relation@cgcl.co.in

9. COMPLIANCE WITH DISCRETIONARY REQUIREMENTS AS PER REGULATION 27(1) OF SEBI (LISTING OBLIGATIONS AND DISCLOSURE REQUIREMENTS) REGULATIONS, 2015

The Company has adopted following discretionary requirements of regulation 27(1) of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015:

- **i. Audit Qualifications:** The Company is in the regime of unqualified financial statements.
- **ii. Separate posts of Chairman and CEO:** The Chairman of the Board is a Non-executive Director and his position is separate from that of the Executive Director.
- **iii. Reporting of Internal Auditor:** The Internal Auditor reports directly to the Audit Committee.

10. ED & CFO CERTIFICATION

Executive Director and Associate Director- Finance & Accounts of the Company provide annual certification on financial reporting and internal controls to the Board in terms of regulation 17(8) of SEBI (Listing Obligations and

Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015. Executive Director and Associate Director- Finance & Accounts also certify the accuracy of the quarterly financial results while placing results before the Board.

DECLARATION OF COMPLIANCE WITH CODE OF CONDUCT

I, Sunil Kapoor, Executive Director of the Company, hereby declare that, all the Members of the Board and Senior Management Personnel have confirmed their compliance with the Code of Conduct for the year ended March 31, 2016.

For Capri Global Capital Limited

Place: Gangtok, Sikkim Dated: April 23, 2016 (Sunil Kapoor) Executive Director

CERTIFICATE ON CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

To,

The Members of Capri Global Capital Limited, Mumbai

We have examined the compliance of conditions of Corporate Governance by Capri Global Capital Limited ('the Company') for the year ended 31st March, 2016 as stipulated in Chapter IV of Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 pursuant to the listing agreement of the said Company with the Stock Exchange.

The compliance of conditions of Corporate Governance is the responsibility of the management. Our examination was limited to procedures and implementation thereof, adopted by the Company for ensuring the compliance of the conditions of the Corporate Governance. It is neither an audit nor an expression of opinion on the financial statement of the Company.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanation given to us, we certify that the Company has complied with the conditions of Corporate Governance as stipulated in the provisions as specified in Chapter IV of Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 pursuant to the listing agreement of the said Company with the Stock Exchange.

We further state that such compliance is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the Company nor the efficiency or effectiveness with which the management has conducted the affairs of the Company.

> For **PRS Associates** Company Secretaries

Place: Mumbai Date: April 23, 2016 (Sanjay Shringarpure) Partner Membership No. FCS2857 CP No. 6107

Annexure Nomination and Remuneration Policy

This Policy has been laid down on the recommendations of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee of the Board, and is in compliance with the requirements of the Section 178 Companies Act, 2013 and Clause 49 of the Listing Agreement.

1.1 Objectives

The Policy lays down the:

- Criteria for determining inter-alia qualification, positive attributes and independence of Directors for their appointment on the Board of the Company;
- (ii) Criteria for payment of remuneration to Directors, Key Managerial Personnel and other Employees.

1.2 Definitions

- i. "Board" means Board of Directors of the Company.
- ii. "Company" means "Capri Global Capital Limited."
- iii. "Employees' Stock Option" means the option given to the Directors, Officers or Employees of a company or of its holding company or subsidiary company or companies, if any, which gives such Directors, Officers or Employees, the benefit or right to purchase, or to subscribe for, the shares of the Company at a future date at a pre-determined price.
- iii A. 'fit and proper 'shall mean an individual who is :
 - a. more than thirty years in age;
 - b. a graduate;
 - c. has minimum five years experience;
 - d. a person of integrity, reputation and character in the opinion of the Committee;
- iv. "Independent Director" means a director referred to in Section 149 (6) of the Companies Act, 2013.
- v. "Key Managerial Personnel" (KMP) means
 - a) Chief Executive Officer or the Managing / Executive Director or the Manager,
 - b) Company Secretary,
 - c) Whole-time Director,
 - d) Chief Financial Officer and
 - e) Such other officer as may be prescribed.
- vi. "Committee" shall mean the Nomination & Remuneration Committee of Board of Directors of the Company, constituted in accordance with the provisions of Section 178 of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Listing Agreement.
- vii. "Policy or This Policy" means, "Nomination and Remuneration Policy."
- viii. "Remuneration" means any money or its equivalent

given or passed to any person for services rendered by him and includes perquisites as defined under the Income-tax Act, 1961.

ix. "Senior Management" means, personnel of the Company who are members of its core management team excluding Board of Directors. This would include all members of management one level below the executive directors, including all the functional heads.

1.3 Interpretation

Terms that have not been defined in this Policy shall have the same meaning assigned to them in the Companies Act, 2013, SEBI Act, 1992, Listing Agreement and Regulations as notified by the Securities and Exchange Board of India from time to time.

1.4 Appointment and Removal of Managerial Person, Director, Key Management Personnel and Senior Management Personnel

i. Appointment criteria and qualifications:

- a) The Committee shall identify and ascertain the integrity, qualification, expertise and experience of the person for appointment as Managerial Person, Director, KMP or Senior Management Personnel and recommend to the Board his / her appointment.
- b) The Committee has discretion to decide whether qualification, expertise and experience possessed by a person are sufficient / satisfactory for the designated position.

ii. Term / Tenure:

- a) The Company shall appoint or re-appoint a person as its Managerial Person by passing of a resolution and disclosure of such appointment in the Directors Report forming part of the Annual Report.
- b) No Independent Director shall hold office for more than two consecutive Terms, but such Independent Director shall be eligible for appointment after expiry of three years of ceasing to become an Independent Director.
- c) Provided that an Independent Director shall not, during the said period of three years, be appointed in or be associated with the Company in any other capacity, either directly or indirectly. Term can be for a maximum period of five years.
- d) the time of appointment of Independent Director it should be ensured that number of Boards on which such Independent Director serves, is restricted to seven listed companies as an Independent Director and three listed companies as an Independent Director in case such person is serving as a Whole-time Director of the Company.

iii. Removal:

Due to reasons for any disqualification mentioned in the Companies Act, 2013 ('Act'), rules made there under or under any other applicable Act, rules and regulations, the Committee may recommend, to the Board with reasons recorded in writing, removal of a Managerial Person, Director, KMP or Senior Management Personnel subject to the provisions and compliance of the Act, rules and regulations.

iv. Retirement:

The Managerial Person, Director, KMP and Senior Management shall retire as per the applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the prevailing policy of the Company. The Board will have the discretion to retain the Managerial Person, Director, and KMP, Senior Management in the same position / remuneration or otherwise even after attaining the retirement age, for the benefit of the Company.

1.5 Disqualifications for Appointment of Directors

- i. A person shall not be eligible for appointment as director of the company if:
 - a) He is of unsound mind and stands so declared by a competent court;
 - b) He is undischarged insolvent;
 - c) He has applied to be adjudicated as an insolvent and his application is pending;
 - d) He has been convicted by a court of any offence, weather involving moral turpitude or otherwise, and sentenced in respect thereof to imprisonment for not less than six months and a period of five years has not elapsed from the date of expiry of the sentence:

Provided that if a person has been convicted of any offence and sentenced in respect thereof to imprisonment for a period of seven years or more, he shall not be eligible to be appointed as a director in any company:

- An order disqualifying him for appointment as a director has been passed by a court or Tribunal and the order in force;
- He has not paid any calls in respect of any shares of the company held by him whether alone or jointly with others and six months have elapsed from the last day fixed for the payment of the call;
- 3) He has been convicted of the offence dealing with related party transactions under section 188 at any time during the

last preceding five years; or

- 4) He has not complied with sub-section (3) of section 152 of the Companies Act, 2013.
- ii. A person who has been a Director of the company which:
 - has not filed financial statements or annual returns for any continuous period of three financial years; or
 - b) has failed to repay the deposits accepted by it or pay interest thereon or to redeem any debentures on the due date or pay interest due thereon or pay dividend declared and such failure to pay or redeem continues for one year of more,

shall be ineligible to be appointed as a director of the Company for a period of five years from the date on which the other company fails to do so.

A person shall not be eligible for appointment and continuance as a Director, if he / she is not found 'fit and proper' by the Committee.

1.6 Remuneration Policy

Remuneration Policy of CGCL is designed to attract, motivate, and retain manpower in a competitive environment considering qualification, positive attribute, integrity and independence, and is guided by the common reward framework and set of principles and objectives. The Remuneration Policy applies to the Company's Senior Management Personnel, including its Key Managerial Person and the Board of Directors.

The policy captures remuneration strategies, policies and practices of CGCL, including compensation, variablecompensation, equity-based plans and the process for the measurement and assessment of employee and executive performance. The remuneration / compensation / commission etc. to the Managerial Person, Director, KMP and Senior Management Personnel will be determined by the Committee and recommended to the Board for approval.

1.6.1 Remuneration Strategy for Employees at CGCL

The Company adopts a total compensation philosophy in rewarding employees. The Total compensation package for the employees comprises of Fixed and Variable Component. Fixed pay consists of the base salary and any recurring, regular allowances payable in the specific location. Variable pay includes performance bonuses and ESOP's for eligible employees.

The level of Total compensation is designed to be appropriate to attract, retain and motivate employees to contribute their best. In determining the Total compensation of employees, the Company takes into account the role and its responsibilities, the individuals' and teams' performance, and the Company's performance, as well as market factors. The Company's remuneration strategy is marketdriven and aims at attracting and retaining high calibre talent.

Factors such as profitability and achievement of key performance indicators are taken into consideration, in determining the bonus pool for the Company and its business units. Individual bonus allocation is based on performance against various set of pre-defined objectives.

The strategy is in consonance with the existing industry practice and is directed towards rewarding performance, based on review of achievements, on a periodical basis.

1.6.2 Remuneration of Key Management Personnel

The Company shall review, at least annually, the Key Management personnel's remuneration arrangements in light of current market benchmarks and expert advice on remuneration levels and, with due consideration to law and corporate governance principles.

Remuneration of the Key Management Personnel consists of a fixed component and a variable performance incentive. The annual appraisal of the Key Management personnel is based on a detailed performance evaluation of their Key Performance Indicators (KPI's)

- i. Fixed Component: Consists of Basic Pay (Usually 40%-60% of the gross Fixed Salary).
- Perquisites: In the form of house rent allowance/ accommodation, reimbursement of medical expenses, conveyance, children education, telephone, communication equipments like lpad's etc.
- Retirement Benefits: Pension contributions, Gratuity payments are made in accordance with applicable laws and employment agreements.
- iv. Severance payments: In accordance with termination clauses in employment agreements, the severance payment is in accordance with applicable local legal framework.
- v. Personal benefits: Based on employment agreements and Company policy, Company Car and Driver is provided to specific grade.

- vi. Medical Insurance Coverage of ₹ 5 Lacs every year to the personnel, his/her spouse, two children and parents (In case of female employees they can choose the option for including their in-laws in lieu of her parents).
- vii. Term Insurance Coverage between ₹ 50 Lacs to ₹ 1 Cr. based on the grade.
- viii. Variable pay is linked to the below three factors:
 - a) the financial results of the company;
 - b) targets achieved;
 - c) the individual performance and that of the department/team.
- ix. Annual Performance Linked Bonus: Individual bonus allocation takes performance ratings and performance against various set of objectives mentioned below into consideration:
 - a) In the beginning of the year the Board sets the organization performance objectives based on qualitative and quantitative measures.
 - b) These objectives are reviewed periodically to ensure they remain consistent with the Company's priorities and the changing nature of the Company's business.
 - c) These objectives form part of the performance targets for the Managerial Personnel.
 - Performance against these objectives is reviewed annually by the Board and is reflected in the Managerial Personnel's remuneration review.

16.3 Remuneration of Non-executive Directors including Independent Directors

The Non-Executive Directors of the Company shall be paid sitting fees as per the recommendation of Committee and approved by the Board of the Company not exceeding \gtrless 1, 00,000/- per meeting.

An independent Director shall not be entitled to any Stock Options of the Company.

1.7 Deviations from the Policy

Deviations on elements of this policy in extraordinary circumstances, when deemed necessary in the interests of the Company, will be made if there are specific reasons to do so in an individual case.

1.8 Amendments

The Remuneration policy may be reviewed by the Board of the Company on the recommendation of the Nomination & Remuneration Committee of the Board.

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

TO THE MEMBERS OF CAPRI GLOBAL CAPITAL LIMITED

Report on the Standalone Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying standalone financial statements of **CAPRI GLOBAL CAPITAL LIMITED** ("the Company"), comprising of the Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2016, the Statement of Profit and Loss, the Cash Flow Statement for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory.

Management's Responsibility for the Standalone Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the preparation of these standalone financial statements in terms of requirements of the Companies Act, 2013 (hereinafter referred to as "the Act") that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these standalone financial statements based on our audit.

We have taken into account the provisions of the Act and the Rules made thereunder including the accounting and auditing standards and matters which are required to be included in the audit report.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing specified under Section 143(10) of the Act and other authoritative pronouncements issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. Those Standards and pronouncements require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the standalone financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and the disclosures in the standalone financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the standalone financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal financial control relevant to the Company's preparation of the standalone financial statements that give a true and fair view in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of the accounting policies used and the reasonableness of the accounting estimates made by the Company's Directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the standalone financial statements.

Opinion

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the financial statements give the information required by the Act in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India:

- a) In the case of the Balance Sheet, of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2016;
- b) In the case of the Statement of Profit and Loss, of the Profit for the year ended on that date; and
- c) In the case of the Cash Flow Statement, of the cash flows for the year ended on that date.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2016 ("the Order") issued by the Central Government of India in terms of Sub-section (11) of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 and on the basis of such checks of the books and records of the Company as we considered appropriate and according to the information and explanations given to us, we give in the Annexure-A a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order.
- 2. As required by section 143(3) of the Act, we report that :
 - We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit;
 - In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company, so far as appears from our examination of those books;
 - c) The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss and the Cash Flow Statement dealt with by this report are in agreement with the books of account;

- In our opinion the aforesaid standalone financial statement comply with the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014.
- e) On the basis of written representations received from the directors as on March 31, 2016, and taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on 31st March, 2016, from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act.
- f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in Annexure - B.
- g) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with the Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, we report that:

- The Company does not have any pending litigations which would impact its financial position.
- ii) The Company did not have any long term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses.
- iii) There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investors Education and Protection Fund by the Company.

For and on behalf of KARNAVAT & CO. Chartered Accountants Firm Regn No. 104863W

Camp: Gangtok Dated: April 23, 2016 **(Shashikant Gupta)** Partner Membership No. 45629

Annexure - A to Independent Auditors' Report

The Annexure referred to in paragraph 1 under the 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' our report to the members of CAPRI GLOBAL CAPITAL LIMITED, ('the Company') for the year ended on March 31, 2016. We report that:-

- i. In respect of its fixed assets:
 - (a) The Company is maintaining proper records showing full particulars including quantitative details and situation of fixed assets.
 - (b) The Company has a regular programme of physical verification of fixed assets which is, in our opinion, reasonable having regard to the size of the Company and the nature of its assets. In accordance with this programme, certain fixed assets have been physically verified by the management during the year and no material discrepancies have been noticed on such verification.
 - (c) As per the information and explanation given to us by the management, the Company does not own any immovable property. Accordingly, the provisions of Clause 3(i)(c) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- ii. In respect of its inventories:

The inventory has been physically verified during the year by the management. In our opinion, the frequency of verification is reasonable. There were no material discrepancies noticed on physical verification of inventories as compared to the book records.

- iii. The Company has not granted any loans, secured or unsecured to Companies, firms, Limited Liability Partnerships or other parties covered in the register maintained under section 189 of the Act and hence provisions of Clause 3(iii) of the aforesaid Order are not applicable to the Company.
- iv. The Company has not granted any loans or made any investments, or provided any guarantee or security to the parties covered under Section 185 and 186 and hence provisions of Clause 3(iv) of the aforesaid Order are not applicable to the Company.
- In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not accepted deposits from the public within the meaning of Sections 73, 74, 75 and 76 of the Act and the Rules framed thereunder to the extent notified.
- vi. In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us maintenance of cost records

under sub-section (1) of the Section 148 of the Companies Act, 2013 has not been prescribed by the government.

- vii. (a) According to the records of the Company, the Company is generally regular in depositing with appropriate authorities undisputed statutory dues including provident fund, employees' state insurance, incometax, sales tax, wealth tax, duty of customs, duty of excise, value added tax or cess and other statutory dues applicable to it. No undisputed amounts payable in respect of provident fund, employees' state insurance, income-tax, sales tax, wealth tax, duty of customs, duty of excise, value added tax or cess and other statutory dues were outstanding, as at 31-03-2016, for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable.
 - (b) According to the records of the Company and information and explanations given to us no dues of income tax, sales tax, wealth tax, service tax, duty of customs, duty of excise, value added tax or cess that have not been deposited on account of any disputes.
- viii. Based on our audit procedures and according to the information and explanations given to us by the management, we are of the opinion that the Company has not defaulted in repayment of dues to financial institutions and bank.
- ix. The Company has not raised any money by way of initial public offer, further public offer (including debt instruments) and term loans and hence provisions of Clause 3(ix) of the aforesaid Order are not applicable to the Company.
- x. During the course of our examination of the books and records of the Company, carried out in accordance with the generally accepted auditing practices in India, and according to the information and explanations given to us, we have neither come across any instance of material fraud by the Company or on the Company by its officers or employees, noticed or reported during the year, nor have we been informed of any such case by the management.
- xi. The Company has paid/provided managerial remuneration in accordance with the requisite approvals mandated by the provision of the Section 197 read with Schedule V of the Act.
- xii. The Company is not a Nidhi Company and the Nidhi Rules, 2014 are not applicable to the Company and hence provisions of Clause 3(xii) of the aforesaid Order are not applicable to the Company.
- xiii. The Company has entered into the transaction with the related parties in compliance with the provisions

Camp: Gangtok

Dated: April 23, 2016

of the Section 177 and 188 of the Act. The details of such related party transactions have been disclosed in the standalone financial statements as required under Accounting Standard (AS)18, Related Party Disclosures specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014.

- xiv. The Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or fully or partly convertible debentures during the year under review and hence provisions of Clause 3(xiv) of the aforesaid Order are not applicable to the Company.
- xv. The Company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with its directors or the persons connected

with him and hence provisions of Clause $\Im(xv)$ of the aforesaid Order are not applicable to the Company.

xvi. The Company has obtained registration as required under Section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934.

> For and on behalf of KARNAVAT & CO. Chartered Accountants Firm Regn No. 104863W

(Shashikant Gupta) Partner Membership No. 45629

Annexure - B to Independent Auditors' Report

The Annexure referred to in paragraph 2(f) under the 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' our report to the members of **CAPRI GLOBAL CAPITAL LIMITED**, ('the Company') for the year ended on March 31, 2016.

Report on the Internal Financial Controls under Clause (i) of Sub-Section 3 of Section 143 of the Act

We have audited internal financial controls over financial reporting of **CAPRI GLOBAL CAPITAL LIMITED** ("the Company") as of March 31, 2016 in conjunction with our audit of the standalone financial statements of the Company for the year then ended on that date.

Management's Responsibility for the Internal Financial Controls

The Company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI). These responsibilities includes design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of business, including adherence to Company's policies, the safeguarding of the assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Act.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting ('the Guidance Note') and the Standards on Auditing deemed to be prescribed under Section 143(10) of the Act to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls, both applicable to an audit of internal financial controls and both issued by the ICAI. Those Standards and Guidance note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedure to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal controls based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system over financial reporting.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

A Company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide a reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and preparation of financial statements for external purpose in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A Company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that:

- Pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the Company;
- Provide reasonable assurance that the transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with the generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the Company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the Company; and
- Provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the Company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial control over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

In our opinion, the Company has, in all material aspects, an adequate internal financial control system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at March 31, 2016, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

Camp: Gangtok Dated: April 23, 2016 For and on behalf of KARNAVAT & CO. Chartered Accountants Firm Regn No. 104863W

(Shashikant Gupta)

Partner Membership No. 45629

BALANCE SHEET

as at 31st March, 2016

| | | | ₹ in Lac | | |
|-----------|-------------------------------|-------|---------------------|---------------------|--|
| | | Notes | As at 31-03-2016 | As at 31-03-2015 | |
| I. EQ | UITY AND LIABILITIES | | | | |
| 1 | Shareholders' Fund | | | | |
| | Share Capital | 2 | 3,502.70 | 3,502.70 | |
| | Reserves and Surplus | 3 | 105,099.80 | 99,811.14 | |
| | | | 108,602.50 | 103,313.84 | |
| 2 | Non-Current Liabilities | | | | |
| | Long Term Borrowings | 4 | 10,168.33 | 3,750.00 | |
| | Other Non Current Liabilities | 5 | 238.45 | 345.17 | |
| | | | 10,406.78 | 4,095.17 | |
| 3 | Current Liabilities | | | | |
| | Short Term Borrowings | 6 | 1,156.44 | - | |
| | Trade Payables | 7 | 115.64 | 90.08 | |
| | Other Current Liabilities | 5 | 8,983.78 | 4,609.70 | |
| | Short Term Provisions | 8 | 1,123.27 | 1,143.54 | |
| | | | 11,379.13 | 5,843.33 | |
| Total | | | 130,388.41 | 113,252.34 | |
| II. AS | SETS | | | | |
| 1 | Non Current Assets | | | | |
| | Fixed Assets | 9 | | | |
| | Tangible Assets | | 402.89 | 272.94 | |
| | Intangible Assets | | 369.90 | 536.79 | |
| | | | 772.79 | 809.73 | |
| | Non Current Investments | 10 | 4,027.09 | 3,770.00 | |
| | Deferred Tax Assets (Net) | 11 | 39.30 | 22.32 | |
| | Long Term Loans and Advances | 12 | 92,411.33 | 60,565.91 | |
| | Other Non-Current Assets | 13 | 17.63 | 1,713.31 | |
| | | | 96,495.35 | 66,071.54 | |
| 2 | Current Assets | | | | |
| | Current Investments | 10 | 8,250.00 | 8,927.44 | |
| | Inventories | 14 | - | 2,354.47 | |
| | Trade Receivables | 15 | 811.66 | 2,599.76 | |
| | Cash and Bank Balances | 16 | 1,643.72 | 2,940.78 | |
| | Short Term Loans and Advances | 12 | 15,830.67 | 28,817.07 | |
| | Other Current Assets | 13 | 6,584.22 | 731.54 | |
| | | | 33,120.27 | 46,371.06 | |
| Total | | | 130,388.41 | 113,252.34 | |
| Significa | nt Accounting Policies | ents. | | | |

As per our report of even date attached For and on behalf of KARNAVAT & CO. **Chartered Accountants** Firm Regn. No. 104863W

(Shashikant Gupta) Partner Membership No. 45629

Place: Gangtok, Sikkim Date: April 23, 2016

(Quintin E. Primo III) Non-Executive Chairman DIN 06600839

> (Bhagyam Ramani) Independent Director DIN 00107097

> (T. R. Bajalia) Independent Director DIN 02291892

(Gaurang Shah) Associate Director Finance & Accounts

Place: Gangtok, Sikkim Date: April 23, 2016

(Sunil Kapoor) **Executive Director**

(Beni Prasad Rauka) Independent Director

DIN 01436404

DIN 00295213

(Harish Agrawal) Senior Vice President & **Company Secretary** (Rajesh Sharma) Director DIN 00020037

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

(Mukesh Kacker) Independent Director DIN 01569098

STATEMENT OF PROFIT AND LOSS

for the year ended 31st March, 2016

| | | | | ₹ in Lacs |
|------|--|-------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| | | Notes | Year Ended 31-03-2016 | Year Ended 31-03-2015 |
| Ι. | INCOME | | | |
| | Revenue from Operations | 17 | 18,638.83 | 18,955.14 |
| | Other Income | 18 | 16.36 | 260.94 |
| Tota | I Revenue | | 18,655.19 | 19,216.08 |
| П. | EXPENSES | | | |
| | Employee Benefit Expenses | 19 | 3,240.21 | 2,599.25 |
| | Finance Costs | 20 | 1,177.73 | 465.12 |
| | Depreciation and Amortization Expenses | 21 | 332.16 | 358.78 |
| | Loan Provisions/Write off (Net of Provisions) | 22 | 6,872.30 | 1,215.13 |
| | Other Expenses | 23 | 1,820.81 | 990.12 |
| Tota | I Expenses | | 13,443.21 | 5,628.39 |
| III. | Profit before Exceptional Items and Tax | | 5,211.98 | 13,587.69 |
| | Less: Exceptional Items | | - | - |
| IV. | Profit before Tax | | 5,211.98 | 13,587.69 |
| | Less: Tax Expenses | | | |
| | Current Tax | | 1,470.00 | 5,116.33 |
| | Deferred Tax | | (14.31) | (47.06) |
| | Earlier years adjustments | | (364.20) | 0.10 |
| | | | 1,091.49 | 5,069.36 |
| V. | Profit for the period | | 4,120.49 | 8,518.33 |
| VI. | Earnings per Equity Share Before Exceptional Items | 29 | | |
| | (Nominal Value of share ₹10/- each) | | | |
| | Basic | | 11.76 | 24.33 |
| | Diluted | | 11.76 | 24.33 |
| | Earnings per Equity Share After Exceptional Items | 29 | | |
| | (Nominal Value of share ₹10/- each) | | | |
| | Basic | | 11.76 | 24.33 |
| | Diluted | | 11.76 | 24.33 |
| Sigr | ificant Accounting Policies | 1 | | |
| The | accompanying notes are an integral part of the Financial Statements. | | | |

As per our report of even date attached For and on behalf of **KARNAVAT & CO.** Chartered Accountants Firm Regn. No. 104863W

(Shashikant Gupta) Partner Membership No. 45629

Place: Gangtok, Sikkim Date: April 23, 2016 (Quintin E. Primo III) Non-Executive Chairman DIN 06600839

> (Bhagyam Ramani) Independent Director DIN 00107097

> (T. R. Bajalia) Independent Director DIN 02291892

(Gaurang Shah) Associate Director Finance & Accounts

Place: Gangtok, Sikkim Date: April 23, 2016 For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

(Sunil Kapoor) Executive Director DIN 01436404

(Beni Prasad Rauka) Independent Director DIN 00295213

(Harish Agrawal) Senior Vice President & Company Secretary

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DIN 00020037 (Mukesh Kacker) Independent Director

Director

(Rajesh Sharma)

DIN 01569098

CASH FLOW STATEMENT

for the year ended 31st March, 2016

| | | | ₹ in Lacs |
|------------|---|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| Parti | culars | Year Ended 31-03-2016 | Year Ended 31-03-2015 |
| (A) | Cash Flow From Operating Activities and Exceptional Items | | |
| | Profit Before Taxation | 5,211.98 | 13,587.69 |
| | Add/(Less): | | |
| | Depreciation | 332.16 | 358.78 |
| | Employees Stock Option Scheme Expenses | - | 2.95 |
| | (Profit)/Loss on Sale of Fixed Assets | 1.71 | (0.02) |
| | Bad Debts Written Off | 6,593.77 | - |
| | Provisions/Sundry Balances Written back/off | - | 16.15 |
| | Profit on Sale of Property | - | (106.28) |
| | Provision for Standard Assets | 85.60 | 110.06 |
| | Floating Provision Against Standard Asset | 207.68 | 1,281.75 |
| | Provision for Restructured Standard Asset | (63.87) | 130.64 |
| | Provision for Sub-Standard Assets | 49.12 | (307.32) |
| | Operating Profit before exceptional items | 12,418.16 | 15,074.40 |
| | Add: Exceptional Items | - | - |
| | Operating Profit before working capital changes | 12,418.16 | 15,074.40 |
| | Movements in Working Capital | | |
| | (Increase)/Decrease in Trade & Other Receivables | (22,786.58) | (21,185.61) |
| | (Increase)/Decrease in Stock-in-trade | 2,354.47 | 13,447.03 |
| | Increase/(Decrease) in Trade & Other Payables | 3,655.39 | 3,366.10 |
| | Cash Flow generated from/(used in) Operating Activities | (4,358.55) | 10,701.92 |
| | Less:- Direct Taxes Paid | (2,743.51) | (5,140.29) |
| | Net Cash generated from/(used in) Operating Activities (A) | (7,102.06) | 5,561.63 |
| | | | |
| (B) | Cash Flow From Investing Activities | | |
| | Purchase of Fixed Assets | (306.70) | (58.64) |
| | Sale of Fixed Assets | 10.02 | 0.30 |
| | Sale of Property | - | 301.00 |
| | (Increase)/Decrease in Investments | (844.65) | - |
| | (Purchase)/Sale of Mutual Funds | - | (8,927.44) |
| | Encashment of Fixed Deposit | 1,200.00 | 300.00 |
| | Net Cash Flow generated from/(used in) Investing Activities (B) | 58.67 | (8,384.78) |
| (C) | Cash Flow From Financing Activities | | |
| (9) | Increase/Decrease in Borrowings | 7,574.77 | 5,000.00 |
| | Dividend Paid | (525.40) | (525.08) |
| | | | |
| | Dividend Distribution Tax Paid | (106.96) | (89.24) |
| | Increase in Share Capital | 6,942.40 | 2.16 4,387.84 |
| | Net Cash Flow generated from/(used in) Financing Activities (C) | | 1,564.70 |
| | Net Increase/(Decrease) in Cash & Cash Equivalents (A+B+C) | (100.99) | |
| | Cash & Cash Equivalents at the beginning | 1,740.78 | 176.08 |
| | Cash & Cash Equivalents acquired on Merger | 3.93 | - |
| | Cash & Cash Equivalents at the end | 1,643.72 | 1,740.78 |
| | Net Increase/(Decrease) in Cash & Cash Equivalents | (100.99) | 1,564.70 |

CASH FLOW STATEMENT

for the year ended 31st March, 2016

| Notes: | | ₹ in Lacs |
|---|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| 1. Cash and Cash equivalents | Year Ended 31-03-2016 | Year Ended 31-03-2015 |
| Cash in hand | 11.26 | 1.00 |
| Balance with banks: | | |
| In Current Accounts | 1,374.74 | 239.17 |
| In Unpaid Dividend Account | 0.89 | 0.61 |
| Current maturities of fixed deposits with Original Maturity of Less than 3 Months | 256.83 | 1,500.00 |
| Total | 1,643.72 | 1,740.78 |

2. Cash flows arising on account of taxes on income are not specifically bifurcated with respect to investing & financing activities.

3. Previous quarter's figures have been regrouped, wherever necessary to confirm to current year's classification.

4. Figures in brackets represent outflows.

As per our report of even date attached For and on behalf of KARNAVAT & CO. **Chartered Accountants** Firm Regn. No. 104863W

(Shashikant Gupta) Partner Membership No. 45629

Place: Gangtok, Sikkim Date: April 23, 2016

(Quintin E. Primo III) Non-Executive Chairman DIN 06600839

> (Bhagyam Ramani) Independent Director DIN 00107097

> (T. R. Bajalia) Independent Director DIN 02291892

(Gaurang Shah) Associate Director Finance & Accounts

Place: Gangtok, Sikkim Date: April 23, 2016

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

(Rajesh Sharma) DIN 00020037

> (Mukesh Kacker) Independent Director DIN 01569098

Director

(Harish Agrawal) Senior Vice President & **Company Secretary**

(Sunil Kapoor)

DIN 01436404

DIN 00295213

Executive Director

(Beni Prasad Rauka)

Independent Director

for the year ended 31st March, 2016

1. Significant Accounting Policies

1.1 Basis of preparation

The financial statements of the company have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in India (Indian GAAP) to comply with the accounting standards specified under section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 and the relevant provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and guidelines issued by the Reserve Bank of India ('RBI') as applicable to a Non Banking Finance Company. The financial statements have been prepared on an accrual basis and under the historical cost convention.

The accounting policies adopted in the preparation of financial statements are consistent with those of previous year.

1.2 Use of Estimates:

Presentation and Disclosure of Financial Statement

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Indian GAAP requires the management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenue, expenses, assets and liabilities and the disclosure of contingent liabilities, at the end of the reporting period. Although these estimates are based on the management's best knowledge of current events and actions, uncertainty about these assumptions and estimates could result in the outcomes requiring a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets or liabilities in future periods.

1.3 Revenue Recognition

Revenue is recognized to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the company and the revenue can be reliably measured. The following specific recognition criteria are met before revenue is recognized:

a) Sale of Traded Goods

Revenue from sale of traded goods is recognized when all the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the traded goods have been passed to the buyer.

b) Income from Advisory Services

Income from Advisory Services are accounted for as and when the relevant services are rendered and revenue is recognised using completed service contract method except where the recovery is uncertain in which case it is accounted for on receipt.

c) Interest

Interest income is recognized on a time proportion basis taking into account the amount outstanding and the applicable interest rate. Interest income is included under the head "Revenue from Operations" in the statement of profit and loss. Delayed Payment charges, Penal Interest, Other Penal Charges, etc., are recognised on receipt basis on account of uncertainty of the ultimate collection of the same. Further, in accordance with the guidelines issued by the Reserve Bank of India for Non-Banking Finance Companies, income on business assets classified as Non-performing Assets, is also recognised on receipt basis.

d) Dividends

Dividend income is recognized when the company's right to receive dividend is established on the reporting date.

1.4 Inventories

The inventories held as stock-in-trade under current assets are valued at lower of cost or market value.

1.5 Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and Cash Equivalents for the purposes of cash flow statement comprise cash at bank and in hand and short term investments with an original maturity of three months or less, as per Accounting Standard 3 "Cash Flows".

1.6 Tangible Fixed Assets

Tangible Fixed Assets are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, if any. The cost of fixed assets comprises purchase price and any attributable cost of bringing the asset to it's working condition for it's intended use.

1.7 Depreciation on Tangible Fixed Assets

The Company has worked depreciation with reference to the Useful life of Fixed Assets prescribed by the PART C of Schedule II to the Act. The carrying values have been depreciated over the remaining useful life of the Asset using Written Down Value Method and the same is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

1.8 Intangible Assets

Intangible Assets are stated at cost less accumulated amortisation and impairment losses, if any. The cost of intangible assets comprises purchase price and any attributable cost of bringing the asset to it's working condition for it's intended use. Intangible assets are amortized over the useful life on prorata basis under the straight line method as estimated by the management, which is generally between three to five years.

1.9 Impairment of Tangible and Intangible Assets:

The carrying amount of assets is reviewed at each balance sheet date if there is any indication of impairment based on internal/external factors. An impairment loss is recognized wherever the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the greater of the assets, net selling price and value in

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for the year ended 31st March, 2016

use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value at the weighted average cost of capital.

After impairment, depreciation is provided on the revised carrying amount of the asset over its remaining useful life. A previously recognized impairment loss is increased or reversed depending on changes in circumstances. However the carrying value after reversal is not increased beyond the carrying value that would have prevailed by charging usual depreciation if there was no impairment.

1.10 Foreign Currency Translation

a) Foreign Currency Transactions and Balances

(i) Initial recognition

Foreign Currency Transactions are recorded in the reporting currency, by applying to the foreign currency amount the exchange rate between the reporting currency and the foreign currency at the date of the transaction. Exchange differences, if any, arising out of transactions settled during the year are recognised in the statement of profit and loss.

(ii) Conversion

Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in the foreign currencies as at the Balance Sheet date are translated at the closing exchange rates on that date. The exchange differences, if any, are recognised in the statement of profit & loss and related assets and liabilities are accordingly restated in the Balance Sheet.

1.11 Investments:

Investments which are readily realizable and intended to the held for not more than one year from the date on which such investments are made, are classified as current investments. All other investments are classified as long term investments.

Current investments are carried in the financial statements at lower of cost and fair value determined on an individual investment basis. Long Term Investments are carried at cost. However, provision for diminution in value is made to recognize a decline other than temporary in the value of the investments. In case of investments in mutual funds, the net asset value of units declared by the mutual funds is considered as the fair value.

On disposal of an investment, the difference between its carrying amount and net disposal proceeds is charged or credited to the statement of profit and loss.

1.12 Retirement and other employee benefits

The Company has adopted the revised Accounting Standard 15 – Accounting for Employee Benefits. The accounting

policy followed by the Company in respect of its employee benefit schemes is set out below:

Gratuity:

The Company has funded Defined Benefit Obligation Plan for gratuity to its employees, who have completed five years or more of service, under the group gratuity scheme of Life Insurance Corporation (LIC) of India & to HDFC Standard Life Insurance Company. The Company has created planned assets by contribution to the gratuity fund with LIC of India & HDFC Standard Life Insurance Company Limited.

Leave Encashment:

Provision for Leave Encashment is made on the basis of Actuarial Valuation.

1.13 Employee stock Compensation Cost

Measurement and disclosure of the employee sharebased payment plans is done in accordance with SEBI (Employee Stock Option Scheme and Employee Stock Purchase Scheme) Guidelines, 1999 and the Guidance Note on Accounting for Employee Share-based Payments, issued by ICAI. The Company measures compensation cost relating to employee stock options using the intrinsic value method. Compensation expense is amortized over the vesting period of the option on a straight line basis.

1.14 Leases

Where the Company is lessee

Leases, where the lessor effectively retains substantially all the risks and benefits of ownership of the leased item, are classified as operating leases. Operating lease payments are recognized as an expense in the statement of profit and loss on a straight line basis over the lease term.

1.15 Earnings Per Share

The Company reports basic and diluted earnings per share in accordance with Accounting Standard 20 – Earning per Share.

Basic earnings per share are calculated by dividing the net profit or loss for the period attributable to equity shareholders (after deducting preference dividends and attributable taxes) by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period. Partly paid equity shares are treated as fraction of an equity share to the extent that they are entitled to participate in dividends relative to a fully paid equity share during the reporting period. The Weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period is adjusted for events such as bonus issue, bonus element in a rights issue, share spilt, and reverse share split (consolidation of shares) that have changed the number of equity shares outstanding, without a corresponding change in resources.

for the year ended 31st March, 2016

For the purpose of calculating diluted earnings per share, the net profit or loss for the period attributable to equity shareholders and the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the period are adjusted for the effects of all dilutive potential equity shares.

1.16 Taxes on Income

Income tax expenses comprises of current tax (i.e. amount of tax for the period determined in accordance with the income-tax law) & the deferred tax charge or benefit (reflecting the tax effect of timing differences between accounting income and taxable income for the period).

Deferred Taxation:

The deferred tax charge or benefit and the corresponding deferred tax liabilities and assets are recognised using the tax rates that have been enacted or substantially enacted as at the balance sheet date. Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent there is reasonable certainty that the asset can be realised in future; however, where there is unabsorbed depreciation or carried forward loss under taxation laws, deferred tax assets are recognised only if there is a virtual certainty of realisation of the assets. Deferred tax assets are reviewed as at each balance sheet date and written down or written up to reflect the amount that is reasonable/virtually certain (as the case may be) to be realised.

1.17 Provisions

The company creates a provision when there is present obligation as a result of a past event that probably requires

2. Share Capital

an outflow of resources and a reliable estimate can be made of the amounts of the obligation. Provisions are not discounted to their present value and are determined based on the best estimate required to settle the obligation at the reporting date. These estimates are reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimates. If it is no longer probable that the outflow of resources would be required to settle the obligation, the provision is reversed.

1.18 Contingent Liabilities / Assets

A contingent liabilities is a possible obligation that arise from past events whose existence will be confirmed by the occurrence or non occurrence of one or more uncertain future events beyond the control of the company or a present obligation that is not recognized because it is not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation. A contingent liability also arises in extremely rare cases where there is a liability that cannot be recognized because it cannot be measured reliably. The company does not recognize a contingent liability but discloses its existence in the financial statements.

Contingent assets are not recognised in the financial statements. However contingent assets are assessed continually and if it is virtually certain that an economic benefit will rise, asset and related income are recognised in the period in which the change occurs.

| | | ₹ in Lacs |
|--|------------|------------|
| | 31-03-2016 | 31-03-2015 |
| Authorized Shares | | |
| 7,20,00,000 (31 Mar 2015: 5,50,00,000) Equity Shares of ₹ 10 each | 7,200.00 | 5,500.00 |
| | 7,200.00 | 5,500.00 |
| Issued, Subscribed and fully paid up Shares | | |
| 3,50,26,961 (31 Mar 2015: 3,50,26,961) Equity Shares of ₹10/- Each fully paid up | 3,502.70 | 3,502.70 |
| Total | 3,502.70 | 3,502.70 |

2.1 Reconciliation of the Shares outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the reporting period

| | 31-03-2 | 31-03-2016 | | 31-03-2015 | |
|---|------------|------------|------------|------------|--|
| | Nos. | ₹ In Lacs | Nos. | ₹ In Lacs | |
| Equity Shares: | | | | | |
| At the beginning of the period | 35,026,961 | 3,502.70 | 34,977,953 | 3,497.80 | |
| Issued during the period - Warrant Conversion | - | - | 27,408 | 2.74 | |
| Issued during the period - ESOP | - | - | 21,600 | 2.16 | |
| Outstanding at the end of the period | 35,026,961 | 3,502.70 | 35,026,961 | 3,502.70 | |

2.2 Terms/Rights attached to equity shares:

The company has only one class of equity share having a par value of ₹ 10 per share. Each holder of equity shares is entitled to one vote per share. The company declares and pays dividends in Indian Rupees. The dividend proposed by the Board of Directors is subject to the approval of the shareholders in the ensuing Annual General Meeting.

for the year ended 31st March, 2016

During the year ended 31st March 2016, the amount of per share dividend recognized as distributions to equity shareholders was ₹ 1.50/- (March 31, 2015 ₹ 1.50/-)

In the event of liquidation of the company, the holders of equity shares will be entitled to receive remaining assets of the company. The distribution will be proportional to the number of equity shares held by the shareholders.

2.3 Details of shareholders holding more than 5% share in the company

Equity Shares of ₹ 10 each fully paid up:

| | 31-03 | -2016 | 31-03-2015 | |
|--|------------|-------|------------|-------|
| Name of Shareholder | Nos. | % | Nos. | % |
| Capri Global Holdings Pvt. Ltd. | 13,208,079 | 37.71 | 13,208,079 | 37.71 |
| Mr. Ramesh Chandra Sharma | 8,752,986 | 24.99 | 8,752,986 | 24.99 |
| Capri Global Advisory Services Pvt. Ltd. | 3,503,412 | 10.00 | 3,503,412 | 10.00 |
| Roopam Multitrade Private Limited | N.A. | N.A. | 1,950,000 | 5.57 |

As per records of the company, including its register of shareholders/members and other declarations received from shareholders regarding beneficial interest, the above shareholding represents both legal and beneficial ownerships of shares.

3. Reserve and Surplus

| | | | ₹ in Lacs |
|-----|--|------------|------------|
| | | 31-03-2016 | 31-03-2015 |
| 3.1 | Securities premium account | | |
| | Balance as per the last financial statements | 44,710.06 | 44,657.47 |
| | Add : On account of Warrant Conversion | - | 27.30 |
| | Add : On account of ESOP Exercised | - | 25.28 |
| | Closing Balance | 44,710.06 | 44,710.06 |
| 3.2 | General Reserve | | |
| | Balance as per the last financial statements | 3,860.00 | 3,160.00 |
| | Add:-Pursuant to the Scheme of merger of Subsidiaries (Refer Note 38) | 1,800.53 | - |
| | Add: Amount transferred from surplus balance in the statement of profit and loss | 310.00 | 700.00 |
| | Closing Balance | 5,970.53 | 3,860.00 |
| 3.3 | Surplus / (Deficit) in the Statement of Profit and Loss | | |
| | Balance as per the last Financial Statements | 39,231.08 | 33,902.48 |
| | Profit for the year : | 4,120.49 | 8,518.33 |
| | Less: Appropriations | | |
| | Less : Depreciation Charged off as per Revised Depreciation Guidelines | - | 7.36 |
| | Proposed Dividend (Amount per share ₹ 1.50/- (31 March 2015 : ₹ 1.50/-) | 525.40 | 525.40 |
| | Tax on Proposed Dividend | 106.96 | 106.96 |
| | Transfer to Reserve Fund under Section 45 I C(1) of Reserve Bank of India Act,1934 | 850.00 | 1,850.00 |
| | Transfer to General Reserve | 310.00 | 700.00 |
| | Net surplus in the Statement of Profit and Loss | 41,559.21 | 39,231.08 |
| 3.4 | Reserve Fund as per Section 45 I C(1) of Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934 | | |
| | Balance as per the last Financial Statements | 12,010.00 | 10,160.00 |
| | Add: Amount transferred from surplus balance in the Statement of Profit and Loss | 850.00 | 1,850.00 |
| | Closing Balance | 12,860.00 | 12,010.00 |
| | Total Reserves and Surplus | 105,099.80 | 99,811.14 |

for the year ended 31st March, 2016

4. Long Term Borrowings

| | | ₹ in Lacs |
|------------------------------------|------------|------------|
| | 31-03-2016 | 31-03-2015 |
| rom Banks | | |
| Term Loan from Bank of Maharashtra | 4,375.00 | 3,750.00 |
| Term Loan from Andhra Bank | 2,610.00 | - |
| Term Loan from Bank of India | 2,083.33 | - |
| Term Loan from Vijaya Bank | 1,100.00 | - |
| otal | 10,168.33 | 3,750.00 |

Note : The above term loans are secured against the Pari-pasu Charge on the Standard Identified Receivables of MSME, Retails Credit assets and Wholesale Credit Assets of the Company.

| Name of Bank | Facility amount ₹ in Lacs | Repayment schedule | Floating Interest Rate |
|------------------------------------|------------------------------|--|---------------------------|
| Term Loan from Bank of Maharashtra | 5,000.00 | Repayable in 12 quarterly instalments started from Sep 2015 | 11.20% |
| Term Loan from Andhra Bank | 3,000.00 | Repayable in 12 quarterly instalments starting from Dec 2016 | 11.20% |
| Term Loan from Bank of India | 2,500.00 | Repayable in 12 quarterly instalments starting from Dec 2016 | 11.20% |
| Term Loan from Bank of Maharashtra | 20,000.00 | Repayable in 12 quarterly instalments starting from Mar 2017 | 11.20% |
| Term Loan from Andhra Bank | 3,000.00 | Repayable in 12 quarterly instalments starting from Jun 2017 | 11.20% |
| Term Loan from Vijaya Bank | 5,000.00 | Repayable in 12 quarterly instalments starting from May 2017 | 11.20% |

₹ in Lacs

5. Other Liabilities:

| | | | | < III Laus |
|--|------------|-------------|------------|------------|
| | Non-Cu | Non-Current | | ent |
| | 31-03-2016 | 31-03-2015 | 31-03-2016 | 31-03-2015 |
| Current Maturities of Long-term Borrowings (Refer Note: 4) | - | - | 2,791.67 | 1,250.00 |
| Temporary overdrawn balance as per books. | - | - | 5,465.85 | 3,189.49 |
| Other Payables | | | | |
| Audit fees Payable | - | - | 8.04 | 6.39 |
| Service Tax Payable | - | - | - | 0.19 |
| Provident Fund & ESIC Payable | - | - | 5.32 | 8.52 |
| TDS Payable | - | - | 59.96 | 51.33 |
| Employee Profession Tax Payable | - | - | 0.39 | - |
| Margin Money | 238.45 | 345.17 | 62.00 | 103.17 |
| Unpaid Dividend | - | - | 0.89 | 0.61 |
| Others | - | - | 589.66 | - |
| Total | 238.45 | 345.17 | 8,983.78 | 4,609.70 |

6. Short Term Borrowings

| | | ₹ in Lacs |
|--------------------------------------|------------|------------|
| | 31-03-2016 | 31-03-2015 |
| Loans repayable on demand (Secured) | | |
| From Banks | | |
| Cash Credit from Union Bank of India | 1,156.44 | - |
| Total | 1,156.44 | - |

Note : The Company has the Cash Credit limit of 5,000 Lacs. (31 March 2015 ₹ NIL) against the Pari-pasu Charge on the Standard Identified Receivables of MSME, Retails Credit assets and Wholesale Credit Assets of the Company.

7. Trade Payable

| | | ₹ in Lacs |
|--|------------|------------|
| | 31-03-2016 | 31-03-2015 |
| Trade Payables (Including acceptances) | | |
| - Due to Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises | - | - |
| - Due to Others | 115.64 | 90.08 |
| Total | 115.64 | 90.08 |

for the year ended 31^{st} March, 2016

8. Short Term Provisions

| | | | ₹ in Lacs |
|------|---|------------|-------------|
| | | 31-03-2016 | 31-03-2015 |
| 8.1 | Provisions for employee benefits: | | |
| | Salary and Reimbursements | 9.31 | 6.22 |
| | Bonus | 250.00 | 300.00 |
| | Provision for Gratuity | 3.79 | 7.99 |
| | Leave encashment payable | 11.32 | - |
| 8.2 | Others: | | |
| | Proposed Dividend | 525.40 | 525.40 |
| | Provision for Dividend Distribution Tax | 106.96 | 106.96 |
| | Provision for Income Tax(Net of Deposits) | - | 82.28 |
| | Provision for expenses | 216.49 | 114.69 |
| Tota | l | 1,123.27 | 1,143.54 |
| Note | : | | |
| (i) | Provision for Taxation (Net of deposits) comprises of : | | |
| | Provision for Income Tax | - | 29,481.33 |
| | Less : Income Tax Deposits | - | (29,399.05) |
| | | - | 82.28 |

| | | 1160 | | אטעומ סטענט | | | | DEDDECIA | | ZATION | | | ₹ in Lacs Ω∩κ |
|-------|--|---------------------------|--------------------|--------------|-----------------|----------------|---|---------------|---------------|--------------|------------|------------|------------------|
| | | | | | | | | | | | • | | |
| | | | Cost as at | Additions | Disposals/ | Cost as at | As at | For the | Adjustment | Adjustment | As at | As at | As at |
| | | | 01.04.2015 | | adjustments | 31.03.2016 | 01.04.2015 | Period | in Retained | on Disposals | 31.03.2016 | 31.03.2016 | 31.03.2015 |
| | | | | | | | | | Earnings | | | | |
| a) | Tangible Assets | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Computers | 3 Yrs. / 6 Yrs. | 218.61 | 80.79 | 3.91 | 295.49 | 169.59 | 46.62 | 1 | 3.69 | 212.52 | 82.97 | 49.02 |
| | Furniture and Fixtures | 10 years | 190.92 | 19.91 | I | 210.83 | 109.30 | 25.78 | - | 1 | 135.08 | 75.75 | 81.62 |
| | Office Equipments | 5 years | 107.26 | 25.18 | 2.55 | 129.89 | 80.14 | 16.94 | | 2.38 | 94.69 | 35.20 | 27.13 |
| | Electric Installation | 10 years | 29.08 | | 1 | 29.08 | 19.12 | 3.40 | | 1 | 22.52 | 6.57 | 96.6 |
| | Vehicles | 8 years | 280.19 | 154.43 | 52.41 | 382.21 | 174.74 | 46.13 | | 41.06 | 179.81 | 202.40 | 105.45 |
| | Current Year | | 826.07 | 280.30 | 58.87 | 1,047.50 | 552.89 | 138.87 | | 47.14 | 644.62 | 402.89 | 273.18 |
| | Previous Year | | 784.59 | 37.53 | (0.80) | 821.32 | 366.77 | 170.97 | 11.15 | 0.52 | 548.38 | 272.94 | 417.82 |
| q | b) Intangible Assets | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Software | | 162.32 | 26.40 | 1 | 188.72 | 96.44 | 51.90 | | 1 | 148.33 | 40.38 | 65.88 |
| | Royalty | | 705.40 | | I | 705.40 | 234.49 | 141.39 | | I | 375.88 | 329.52 | 470.91 |
| | Current Year | | 867.72 | 26.40 | I | 894.12 | 330.93 | 193.29 | | I | 524.22 | 369.90 | 536.79 |
| | Previous Year | | 846.61 | 21.11 | 1 | 867.72 | 143.12 | 187.81 | | 1 | 330.93 | 536.79 | 703.48 |
| NoI | Notes : | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| a) | Software are amortized on pro rata basis using straight line method over the useful life estimated by the management which is three years. | on pro rata basis u | using straight lir | ne method ov | ver the usefu | life estimate | d by the mana | igement whic | h is three ye | ars. | | | |
| (q | Royalty is amortized on pro-rata basis using straight line method over the useful life estimated by the management which is five years. | pro-rata basis usin | ig straight line n | nethod over | the useful life | estimated by | y the manager | nent which is | five years. | | | | |
| () () | Gross Block of Computers as on 01.04.2015 includes ₹ 4.75 Amortization of software · | ers as on 01.04.20 • • |)15 includes ₹ ∠ | 1.75 Lacs (M | /DV ₹ 0.24 La | acs) of Subsid | Lacs (WDV ₹ 0.24 Lacs) of Subsidiary Company acquired on account of Scheme of Merger. | acquired on | account of S | cheme of Me | rger. | | |
| 5 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

| | Cost | Cost Amortized Balance to be amortize | | Balance to be amortized | ortized |
|---------------------|--------|---------------------------------------|--------|-------------------------|---------|
| rear or Acquisition | | No. of years* | Amount | No. of years* | Amount |
| 2010-11 | 13.31 | с | 13.31 | | |
| 2011-12 | 3.44 | c | 3.44 | 1 | |
| 2012-13 | 19.39 | S | 19.39 | | I |
| 2013-14 | 810.47 | 2 | 472.97 | 7 | 337.50 |
| 2014-15 | 21.11 | 1 | 11.41 | 2 | 9.70 |
| 2015-16 | 26.40 | 1 | 3.69 | c | 22.70 |
| Total | 894.12 | | 524.22 | | 369.90 |

* Period of amortization of less than 6 months is not considered in the number of years column.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS for the year ended 31st March, 2016

for the year ended 31^{st} March, 2016

10. Investments

| _ | Non-Cu | rrent | Curre | ent |
|--|------------|------------|------------|---|
| | 31-03-2016 | 31-03-2015 | 31-03-2016 | 31-03-2015 |
| 10.1 Trade Investments, Unquoted | | | | |
| (valued at cost unless stated otherwise) | | | | |
| Investment in equity shares of Subsidiaries: | | | | |
| 2,50,00,000 (31 March 2015 :2,50,00,000) Equity Share of ₹ 10/- | | | | |
| each fully paid up of Capri Global Housing Finance Private Limited | 2,500.00 | 2,500.00 | - | |
| Nil (31 March 2015 : 50,00,000) Equity Share of ₹ 10/- each fully | | | | |
| paid up of Capri Global Investment Advisors Private Limited | - | 500.00 | - | |
| Nil (31 March 2015 :50,00,000) Equity Share of ₹ 10/- each fully | | | | |
| paid up of Capri Global Distribution Company Private Limited | - | 500.00 | - | |
| Nil (31 March 2015 : 25,00,000) Equity Share of ₹ 10/- each fully | | | | |
| paid up of Capri Global Finance Private Limited | - | 250.00 | - | |
| 50,000 (31 March 2015 : 50,000) Equity Share of ₹ 10/- each fully | | | | |
| paid up of Capri Global Resources Private Limited | 5.00 | 5.00 | - | |
| Nil (31 March 2015 : 1,50,000) Equity Share of ₹ 10/- each paid up | | | | |
| of Capri Global Research Private Limited | - | 15.00 | - | |
| Investment in Equity Shares: | | | | |
| Nil (31 March 2015 : 1) Equity Share of ₹ 10/- each fully paid up of | | | | |
| Ganraj Homes Pvt. Ltd | - | - | - | |
| daniaj homes i vi. Eta | 2,505.00 | 3,770.00 | | |
| 10.2 Non-Trade Investments, Quoted | 2,303.00 | 3,110.00 | _ | |
| (valued at cost unless stated otherwise) | | | | |
| | | | | |
| Investment in Equity Shares: | | | | |
| 2,08,000 (31 March 2015 : Nil) CARE Equity Shares of ₹10 each | 1,522.09 | - | - | |
| fully paid -up | 4 500 00 | | | |
| | 1,522.09 | - | - | |
| 10.3 Non-trade Investments , Unquoted | | | | |
| (valued at cost unless stated otherwise) | | | | |
| Investment in Mutual Funds: | | | | |
| Nil (31 March 2015 : 7,69,951.75) units of ICICI PRU MF Money | - | - | - | 1,485.69 |
| Market-D-G-Inv | | | | , |
| 36,55,137.75 (31 March 2015 : 36,55,137.75) units of Rel. | - | - | 800.00 | 800.00 |
| Floating Rate STP(Dir Growth Dir Plan) | | | | |
| 51,187.07 (31 March 2015 : 64,458.44) units of Rel. Liquid Fund | - | - | 1,250.00 | 1,440.00 |
| Cash Fund Plan-DG-Inv. | | | , | , |
| Nil (31 March 2015 : 51,966.29) units of Rel. Money Manager Fund | - | - | - | 1,000.00 |
| DG Invest. | | | | |
| Nil (31 March 2015 : 75,871.21) units of IDFC MF Cash Fund G | - | _ | - | 1,285.33 |
| Direct - Investments | | | | |
| 63,08,966.30 (31 March 2015 : 34,44,759.83) units of Reliance | - | - | 2,000.00 | 1,000.00 |
| Medium Term Fund-Inv | | | _, | _, |
| Nil (31 March 2015 : 56,267.70) units of Rel MF Liquid - Treasury - | - | - | - | 1,916.41 |
| Direct - G - Investments | | | | _, |
| 5,35,494.11 (31 March 2015 : Nil) units of ICICI PRU Liquid Fund | - | - | 1,200.00 | |
| D-G-Invt | | | 1,200.00 | |
| 2,78,02,353.54 (31 March 2015 : Nil) units of Rel. Banking & PSU | - | _ | 3,000.00 | |
| Dir-Growth-Investment | | | | |
| | - | - | 8,250.00 | 8,927.44 |
| Total | 4,027.09 | 3,770.00 | 8,250.00 | 8,927.44 |
| Aggregate amount of Unquoted Investments | | | | |
| In Equity Shares | 2,505.00 | - | - | |
| In Mutual Funds | - | - | 8,250.00 | 8,927.44 |
| Aggregate amount of Quoted Investments | | | | |
| In Equity Shares | 1,522.09 | - | - | |
| | | | | |

for the year ended 31st March, 2016

11. Deferred Tax Assets/(Liabilities) Net

(Disclosure as per AS-22 "Accounting for Taxes on Income")

| | | ₹ in Lacs |
|---|------------|------------|
| | 31-03-2016 | 31-03-2015 |
| Deferred Tax Assets | | |
| Timing difference on account of : | | |
| Excess of WDV of the assets as per Income Tax Act, 1961 over the Financial Books. | 39.30 | 22.32 |
| Deferred Tax Assets/(Liabilities) Net | 39.30 | 22.32 |
| Amount to be Charged to Statement of Profit and Loss before adjustment | (14.31) | (50.85) |
| Adjustment on account of Depreciation as per Revised Depreciation Guidelines | - | 3.79 |
| Amount to be Charged to Statement of Profit and Loss after adjustment | (14.31) | (47.06) |

12. Loans and Advances

| | | | | ₹ in Lacs |
|--|-------------|------------|------------|------------|
| | Non-Cu | rrent | Curre | ent |
| | 31-03-2016 | 31-03-2015 | 31-03-2016 | 31-03-2015 |
| 12.1 Capital Advances | | | | |
| Unsecured, considered good | 1,352.35 | 836.34 | 320.60 | |
| | 1,352.35 | 836.34 | 320.60 | |
| 12.2 Deposits | | | | |
| Unsecured, considered good | 44.86 | 21.71 | 42.30 | 30.02 |
| | 44.86 | 21.71 | 42.30 | 30.02 |
| 12.3 Other Loans and Advances | | | | |
| Income Tax Deposits (Net of provision for taxation) | 1,552.51 | - | - | - |
| Other Advances | - | 0.06 | 3.29 | 5.72 |
| Prepaid Expenses | 17.95 | 9.42 | 27.45 | 22.60 |
| Loans to Employees | | | | |
| Less than 12 months | - | - | - | |
| More than 12 months | 61.96 | 34.78 | - | - |
| Current maturities of more than 12 months | - | - | 25.06 | 22.83 |
| Advances Recoverable in cash or kind | | | | |
| (Secured, Considered good) | 89,959.62 | 60,865.78 | 15,534.90 | 29,401 |
| | 91,592.04 | 60,910.03 | 15,590.70 | 29,452.57 |
| Less : Statutory Provision on Standard Assets | (443.53) | (300.55) | (74.61) | (133.72) |
| Less : Provision for Standard Restructured Assets | (25.00) | - | (21.76) | (130.64) |
| Less : Floating Provision Against Standard Asset | - | (825.96) | - | (396.73) |
| Less : Provision for Non Performing Assets | (109.39) | (75.67) | (26.56) | (4.43) |
| | 91,014.12 | 59,707.85 | 15,467.77 | 28,787.05 |
| Total | 92,411.33 | 60,565.91 | 15,830.67 | 28,817.07 |
| Note : | | | | |
| Income Tax Deposits (Net of provisions) comprises of : | | | | |
| Income Tax Deposits | 12,253.69 | | | |
| Less: Provision for Income Tax | (10,701.18) | | | |
| | 1,552.51 | | | |

for the year ended 31st March, 2016

13. Other Assets

| | | | | ₹ in Lacs |
|---|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| | Non-Cu | rrent | Curre | ent |
| | 31-03-2016 | 31-03-2015 | 31-03-2016 | 31-03-2015 |
| Interest accrued but not due | 2.00 | 1,732.33 | 4,836.72 | 670.50 |
| Fixed Deposits with original maturity for more than 12 months | 15.63 | 15.63 | - | - |
| Current Maturities of Fixed Deposits with original maturity for more than 12 months | - | - | 1,700.00 | - |
| Inventory of Gift Items | - | - | 60.91 | 60.91 |
| Service Tax Receivables | - | - | 10.24 | 10.50 |
| Less : Statutory Provision on Standard Assets | - | (8.66) | (23.65) | (2.59) |
| Less : Floating Provision Against Standard Asset | - | (25.98) | - | (7.78) |
| Total | 17.63 | 1,713.31 | 6,584.22 | 731.54 |

Note :

Fixed Deposits of ₹ Nil (31 March 2015 ₹ 15.63 Lacs) have been pledged as security for Bank Guarantee.

Fixed Deposits of ₹ 1200.00 Lacs (31 March 2015 : ₹ 1200 Lacs (Included in Note 16.1)) have been pledged as security for overdraft facility from bank.

14. Inventories

(valued at lower of cost and net realizable value)

| | | ₹ in Lacs |
|---|------------|------------|
| | 31-03-2016 | 31-03-2015 |
| Traded Goods | | |
| Bonds | | |
| Nil (31 Mar 2015 : 250) Units of 8.95% Infotel Broadband Services Ltd | - | 2,354.47 |
| Total | - | 2,354.47 |

15. Trade receivables:

| | | ₹ in Lacs |
|--|------------|------------|
| | 31-03-2016 | 31-03-2015 |
| Secured, considered good | | |
| Outstanding for a period exceeding six months from the due date of payment | 42.43 | 56.13 |
| Outstanding for a period less than six months | 797.04 | 2,594.11 |
| Less : Statutory Provision on Standard Assets | (1.95) | (12.62) |
| Less : Floating Provision Against Standard Asset | - | (25.28) |
| Less : Provision for Standard Restructured Assets | (20.01) | - |
| Less : Provision for Non Performing Assets | (5.85) | (12.58) |
| Total | 811.66 | 2,599.76 |

16. Cash and Bank Balances

| | | ₹ in Lacs |
|--|------------|------------|
| - | 31-03-2016 | 31-03-2015 |
| 16.1 Cash and Cash equivalents | | |
| Cash in hand | 11.26 | 1.00 |
| Balance with banks: | | |
| In Current Accounts | 1,374.74 | 239.17 |
| In Unpaid Dividend Account | 0.89 | 0.61 |
| Fixed deposits with Original Maturity of Less then 3 Months | 256.83 | 1,500.00 |
| | 1,643.72 | 1,740.78 |
| 16.2 Other Bank Balances | | |
| Fixed Deposits with original maturity for more than 3 months but less than 12 months | - | 1,200.00 |
| | - | 1,200.00 |
| Total | 1,643.72 | 2,940.78 |

for the year ended $31^{\mbox{\scriptsize st}}$ March, 2016

17. Revenue from Operations

| | | ₹ in Lacs |
|---|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| | Year Ended 31-03-2016 | Year Ended 31-03-2015 |
| 17.1 Income from Traded Goods | | |
| Sale of Government & Corporate Bonds | 2,516.25 | - |
| Sale of Mutual Funds | - | 74,313.27 |
| | 2,516.25 | 74,313.27 |
| Less : Purchases | - | 60,385.00 |
| Less : Opening Stock | 2,354.47 | 15,801.50 |
| Add : Closing Stock | - | 2,354.47 |
| Less : Direct Expenses | - | 0.03 |
| | 161.78 | 481.22 |
| 17.2 Revenue From Financial Services | | |
| Loan Processing Fees Received | 694.98 | 520.24 |
| | 694.98 | 520.24 |
| 17.3 Interest Income | | |
| Interest on Loans given | 15,640.19 | 16,640.59 |
| Interest on Bonds | 74.79 | 184.83 |
| Interest on Bank Deposits | 193.98 | 205.85 |
| | 15,908.96 | 17,031.28 |
| 17.4 Other Operating Income | | |
| Dividend on Non Current Investments | 54.08 | - |
| Gain on sale of Current Investments | 1,260.03 | 495.48 |
| Provisions no longer required, written back | 52.04 | 16.15 |
| Foreclosure Fees Received | 506.96 | 410.77 |
| | 1,873.11 | 922.40 |
| Total Revenue from Operations | 18,638.83 | 18,955.14 |

18. Other Income

| | | ₹ in Lacs |
|---|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| | Year Ended 31-03-2016 | Year Ended 31-03-2015 |
| Bad Debts of Syndication Business Recovered | - | 138.35 |
| Rent Received | 16.29 | 16.29 |
| Profit on sale of Property | - | 106.28 |
| Profit on sale of Fixed Assets | - | 0.02 |
| Other Income | 0.07 | - |
| Total | 16.36 | 260.94 |

19. Employee Benefit Expenses

| | | ₹ in Lacs | |
|--|--------------------------|--------------------------|--|
| | Year Ended 31-03-2016 | Year Ended 31-03-2015 | |
| Salaries, Wages and Bonus | 3,040.41 | 2,412.91 | |
| Contribution to Provident Fund | 55.86 | 48.12 | |
| Employees Stock Option Scheme Expenses | - | 2.95 | |
| Gratuity Expenses | 33.77 | 24.75 | |
| Staff Welfare Expenses | 110.17 | 110.52 | |
| Total | 3,240.21 | 2,599.25 | |

for the year ended 31st March, 2016

20. Finance Costs

| | ₹ in Lacs | |
|----------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| | Year Ended 31-03-2016 | Year Ended 31-03-2015 |
| Interest on Bank Overdraft | 5.44 | 1.09 |
| Interest on Term Loan | 944.67 | 370.28 |
| Loan Processing Fees | 209.95 | 72.15 |
| Interest on Bank CC | 17.67 | 21.59 |
| Total | 1,177.73 | 465.12 |

21. Depreciation and Amortization Expenses

| | ₹ in Lacs | |
|-----------------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| | Year Ended 31-03-2016 | Year Ended 31-03-2015 |
| Depreciation of Tangible Assets | 138.87 | 170.97 |
| Amortization of Intangible Assets | 193.29 | 187.81 |
| Total | 332.16 | 358.78 |

22. Loan Provisions/Write off (Net of Provisions)

| | ₹ in Lacs | |
|---|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| | Year Ended 31-03-2016 | Year Ended 31-03-2015 |
| Bad Debts Written Off (Net off Provision) | 6,593.77 | - |
| General Provision for Standard assets | 85.60 | 110.06 |
| Floating Provision Against Standard Asset | 207.68 | 1,281.75 |
| Provision for Restructured Standard Asset | (63.87) | 130.64 |
| Provision made for Non Performing Asset | 49.12 | (307.32) |
| Total | 6,872.30 | 1,215.13 |

23. Other Expenses

| | ₹ in Lacs | |
|--|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| | Year Ended 31-03-2016 | Year Ended 31-03-2015 |
| Advertisement Expenses | 2.80 | 5.15 |
| Loss On Sale Of Fixed Assets | 1.71 | - |
| Bank charges | 7.49 | 4.92 |
| Business Promotion Expenses | 70.08 | 1.93 |
| Computer Maintenance | 3.92 | 24.62 |
| Conveyance Expenses | 58.57 | 35.29 |
| Custodian Charges | 1.61 | 2.28 |
| Corporate Social Responsibility Expenses | 232.07 | 18.23 |
| Delivery/Brokerage Charges | - | 0.70 |
| Donation | 1.18 | 0.60 |
| Directors Sitting Fees | 22.39 | 13.59 |
| Filing & Other Fees to ROC | 2.21 | 1.15 |
| Electricity Charges | 48.30 | 39.35 |
| General Expenses | 112.21 | 85.05 |
| Insurance Charges | 8.63 | 7.32 |
| Legal & Professional Fees | 526.29 | 184.39 |
| Listing Fees & Stock Exchange Fees | 2.13 | 2.57 |
| Meeting & Conference Expenses | 21.07 | 3.50 |
| Membership & Subscription | 18.26 | 14.22 |
| Motor Car Expenses | 7.97 | 12.85 |
| Payment to Auditors (as per details given below) | 9.84 | 7.47 |
| Printing & Stationery | 44.32 | 24.28 |
| Postage & Stamps | 14.06 | 7.16 |
| Rates & Taxes | 0.30 | 0.43 |

for the year ended 31st March, 2016

| | | ₹ in Lacs | |
|---------------------------------|------------|------------|--|
| | Year Ended | Year Ended | |
| | 31-03-2016 | 31-03-2015 | |
| Recruitment & Training Expenses | 54.14 | 19.43 | |
| Rent Paid | 332.77 | 332.98 | |
| Software Expenses | 13.80 | 5.90 | |
| Sundry Balance Written off | 6.46 | - | |
| Telephone and Internet Expenses | 81.65 | 43.85 | |
| Travelling Expenses | 114.57 | 90.92 | |
| Total | 1,820.81 | 990.12 | |
| Payment to Auditors Include | | | |
| As Auditor | | | |
| Statutory Audit Fees | 5.61 | 4.37 | |
| Tax Audit Fees | 1.45 | 1.45 | |
| Limited Review | 1.47 | 1.22 | |
| In Other capacity | | | |
| Certification fees | 1.31 | 0.42 | |
| Reimbursement of Expenses | - | - | |
| | 9.84 | 7.47 | |

24. Gratuity and other post employment benefit plans (AS - 15)

The Company has an funded defined benefit obligation plan for gratuity under the Group Gratuity scheme of Life Insurance Corporation of India. The company has created plan assets by contributing to the Gratuity Fund with LIC Of India & to HDFC Standard Life Insurance Company.

The following tables summarise the components of the net employee benefit expenses recognised in the Statement of profit and loss, and the fund status and amount recognised in the balance sheet for the gratuity benefit plan.

A) Principal actuarial assumptions as at the balance sheet date:

| | 2015-16 | 2014-15 |
|-------------------------|--|---------------------------|
| Mortality | Indian Assured Life Mortality (2006-08) | LIC 1994-96 (ultimate) |
| Discount Rate | 7.96% | 7.95% |
| Salary Escalation | 5.00% | 5.00% |
| Employee Attrition Rate | 5.00% | 5.00% |

B) Changes in the present value of the defined benefit obligation are as follows:

| | ₹ in Lacs | |
|---|-----------|---------|
| | 2015-16 | 2014-15 |
| Liability at the beginning of the Year | 67.49 | 38.83 |
| Interest Cost | 5.37 | 3.62 |
| Current Service Cost | 28.79 | 20.02 |
| Liability Transferred In/Acquisitions | 0.44 | - |
| Past Service Cost (non vested benefit) | - | - |
| Past Service Cost (vested benefit) | - | - |
| Benefits paid | (9.02) | - |
| Actuarial (Gain)/Loss on Obligations - Due to change in Financial Assumptions | (0.10) | 8.55 |
| Actuarial (Gain)/Loss | 1.88 | (3.53) |
| Liability at the end of the Year | 94.85 | 67.49 |

for the year ended 31st March, 2016

C) The major categories of plan assets as a percentage of the fair value of total plan assets are as follows:

| | | ₹ in Lacs |
|--|---------|-----------|
| Particulars | 2015-16 | 2014-15 |
| Investments | 59.50 | 40.58 |
| Actual return on plan assets | 4.73 | 3.53 |
| Contributions | 32.99 | 15.00 |
| Assets Transferred In/Acquisitions | 5.42 | - |
| Benefits Paid | (9.02) | - |
| Actuarial Gain/(Loss) on plan assets | (2.56) | 0.39 |
| Fair value of plan assets at the end of the year | 91.06 | 59.50 |

D) Amount Recognized in Balance Sheet

Provision for Gratuity

| | | ₹ in Lacs | |
|--|---------|-----------|--|
| | 2015-16 | 2014-15 | |
| Liability at the end of the Year | 94.85 | 67.49 | |
| Fair Value of plan assets at the end of the year | 91.06 | 59.50 | |
| Difference | (3.79) | (7.99) | |
| Unrecognised past service cost | - | - | |
| Unrecognised transition liability | - | - | |
| Amount in Balance Sheet | (3.79) | (7.99) | |

E) Statement of Profit and Loss

Net Employee Benefit Expenses (recognised in employee cost)

| | | ₹ in Lacs | |
|---|---------|-----------|--|
| | 2015-16 | 2014-15 | |
| Current Service Cost | 28.79 | 20.02 | |
| Interest on defined benefit obligation | 0.64 | 3.62 | |
| Expected returns on plan assets | - | (3.53) | |
| Net actuarial losses/(gains) recognised in the year | 4.34 | 4.63 | |
| Past Service Cost | - | - | |
| Actuarial (gain)/losses | - | - | |
| Total included in employee benefit expense | 33.77 | 24.74 | |

Leave Encashment:

A) Actuarial assumptions as at the balance sheet date:

| | 2015-16 |
|---------------------------------|--|
| Mortality | Indian Assured Life Mortality (2006-08) |
| Mortality Rate After Employment | N.A. |
| Discount Rate | 7.96% |
| Salary Escalation | 5.00% |
| Employee Attrition Rate | 5.00% |
| Expected Return on Plan Assets | N.A. |

B) Changes in the present value of the Projected Benefit Obligation are as follows:

| | ₹ in Lacs |
|---|-----------|
| | 2015-16 |
| Liability at the beginning of the Year | - |
| Interest Cost | - |
| Current Service Cost | 11.32 |
| Past Service Cost (non vested benefit) | - |
| Past Service Cost (vested benefit) | - |
| Benefits paid | - |
| Actuarial (Gain)/Loss on Obligations - Due to change in Financial Assumptions | 11.32 |
| Actuarial (Gain)/Loss | (11.32) |
| Liability at the end of the Year | 11.32 |

for the year ended 31st March, 2016

C) Amount Recognized in Balance Sheet

Provision for Leave Encashment

| | ₹ in Lacs |
|--|-----------|
| | 2015-16 |
| Present Value of Benefit Obligation at the end of the Year | 11.32 |
| Fair Value of Plan assets at the end of the year | - |
| Funded Status (Surplus/(deficit)) | (11.32) |
| Unrecognised past service cost at the end of the Year | - |
| Amount in Balance Sheet | (11.32) |

D) Statement of Profit and Loss

Net Employee Benefit Expenses (recognised in employee cost)

| | ₹ in Lacs |
|---|-----------|
| | 2015-16 |
| Current Service Cost | 11.32 |
| Net Interest Cost | - |
| Expected returns on plan assets | - |
| Net actuarial losses/(gains) recognised in the year | - |
| Past Service Cost | - |
| Actuarial (gain)/losses | - |
| Total included in employee benefit expense | 11.32 |

Note:

1. The Company has made provision of Leave Encashment amounting to ₹ 11.32 Lacs for the employees who are at the rank of Associate Vice President and above.

Further, during the year, the Company has also paid for Leave Encashment amounting to \gtrless 27.63 Lacs, for employees other than mentioned above, which is charged to the Statement of Profit & Loss.

2. Previous Year figures has not been disclosed since this is first year of actuarial valuation.

25. Employee Stock Option Plan

During the year the Company granted 4,00,000 Employee Stock Options (ESOP) under the Employee Stock Option Scheme 2009 (ESOP 2009) to an employee spread over a period of 5 years. The said ESOPs will start its vesting period from October 15, 2016. Hence, no provision is required to be made during the current financial year.

26. Segment Reporting (AS-17)

Primary Segment (Business Segment)

The Company operates mainly in the business segment of fund based financing activity. All other activities revolve around the main business. Further, all activities are carried out within India. As such, there are no separate reportable segments as per the provisions of AS 17 on 'Segment Reporting'.

Secondary Segment (Geographical Segment)

The Company operates only in domestic markets. As a result separate segment information for different geographical segments is also not disclosed.

for the year ended 31st March, 2016

27. Disclosures as required by Accounting Standard (AS-18) 'Related Party Disclosures' in respect of transactions for the year are as under:

| Α. | List of Related Parties over which control exists: | |
|------------|--|--|
| Sr. No. | Name of the Related Party | Relations |
| i) | Subsidiaries Companies | |
| 1 | Capri Global Housing Finance Private Limited | Wholly owned Subsidiary |
| 2 | Capri Global Investment Advisors Private Limited | Wholly owned Subsidiary up to 31 st March 2015 |
| 3 | Capri Global Distribution Company Private Limited | Wholly owned Subsidiary up to 31 st March 2015 |
| 4 | Capri Global Finance Private Limited | Wholly owned Subsidiary up to 31 st March 2015 |
| 5 | Capri Global Research Private Limited | Wholly owned Subsidiary up to 31 st March 2015 |
| 6 | Capri Global Resources Private Limited | Wholly owned Subsidiary |
| ii) | Enterprises over which Management and/or their relatives | have control |
| 1 | Money Matters Infrastructure Private Limited | |
| 2 | Parijat Properties Pvt. Ltd | |
| 3 | Dreamwork Media & Entertainment Pvt. Ltd | |
| 4 | Capri Global Holdings Pvt. Ltd | |
| 5 | Ramesh Chandra Sharma - HUF | |
| iii) | Key Management Personnel | |
| 1 | Mr. Sunil Kapoor | Executive Director |
| 2 | Mr. Quinton E Primo III | Non-Executive Chairman |
| 3 | Mr Harish Agrawal | Company Secretary |
| 4 | Mr. Anand Agarwal | Chief Financial Officer (From 16-October-2014 to 29-December-2014) |

for the year ended 31st March, 2016

| Srubulation bulk bulk bulk bulk bulkEnterprises over which bulk bulk bulk bulkEnterprises over which bulk bulk bulk bulk bulkEnterprises over which bulk bulk bulk bulkEnterprises over which bulk bulk bulk bulkEnterprises over which bulk bulk bulk bulkEnterprises over which bulk bulk bulk bulkEnterprises over which bulk bulk bulk bulkEnterprises over which bulk bulk bulkEnterprises over which bulk bulk bulkEnterprises over which bulk bulk bulkEnterprises over which bulk bulkEnterprises over which bulk bulkEnterprises over which bulk bulkEnterprises over which bulkEnterprises over which bulkEnterprise bulkTotal bulkMar 31, bulk bulkMar 31, bulk bulkMar 31, bulk bulkMar 31, bulkMar 31, | 5 | | 2 3 3 31 110 7 31 1 | | | | | | | ₹ in Lacs |
|---|-----|---|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|---|--|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| Variationals Voil Ended Ver Ende Ver Ended Ver Ended <th>Sr.</th> <th></th> <th>Subsid</th> <th>laries</th> <th>Enterprises Management relatives ha</th> <th>over which and/or their ve control</th> <th>Key Mana Perso</th> <th>agement nnel</th> <th>Tot</th> <th>al</th> | Sr. | | Subsid | laries | Enterprises Management relatives ha | over which and/or their ve control | Key Mana Perso | agement nnel | Tot | al |
| Profit and Loss Account Items: 16.29 < | No. | Particulars | Year Ended Mar 31, 2016 | Year Ended Mar 31, 2015 | Year Ended Mar 31, 2016 | Year Ended Mar 31, 2015 | Year Ended Mar 31, 2016 | Year Ended Mar 31, 2015 | Year Ended Mar 31, 2016 | Year Ended Mar 31, 2015 |
| (1) Incomes: (1) Incomes: (1) Incomes: (1) Incomes: (1) Expenses (1) Expense | a | Profit and Loss Account Items: | | | | | | | | |
| Rent Received 16.29 16.29 16.29 1 (II) Expenses 110 Expenses 16.20 16.20 16.29 1 (II) Expenses 110 Expenses 16.20 18.1.54 1 18 Rent Paid 10 Expenses 1 12.2.27 18 18 Statries, Commission and other benefits 1 1 12 1 18 <td></td> <td>(I) Incomes:</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> | | (I) Incomes: | | | | | | | | |
| (II) Expenses (II) Expenses 131.54 2 212.27 18 Rent Paid 2 1 145.63 184.12 165.63 18 Salaries, Commission and other benefits 2 2 2 2 18 18 Salaries, Commission and other benefits 2 2 2 18.1.54 2 18 18 Salaries, Commission and other benefits 2 2 2 2 18 | | Rent Received | 1 | 1 | 16.29 | 16.29 | 1 | I | 16.29 | 16.29 |
| Rent Paid - 122.27 181.54 - 122.27 18 Salaries, Commission and other benefits - - 122.27 181.54 - 125.27 18 Salaries, Commission and other benefits - - - - 165.63 184.12 165.63 18 Director Sitting Fees - - - - 1.50 1.50 1.50 1.50 Balance Sheet Items: - - - 0.10 - 1.50 <td></td> <td>(II) Expenses</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> | | (II) Expenses | | | | | | | | |
| Salaries, Commission and other benefits - - - - 165.63 184.12 165.63 18 Director Sitting Fees - - - - 1.50 1.00 1.50 1.50 Balance Sheet Items: - - - - - 1.50 1.50 1.50 Balance Sheet Items: - - 0.10 - - 1.50 1.50 1.50 Recoverable Amount - 0.10 - 0.10 - </td <td>.—</td> <td>Rent Paid</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>122.27</td> <td>181.54</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>122.27</td> <td>181.54</td> | .— | Rent Paid | | | 122.27 | 181.54 | | | 122.27 | 181.54 |
| Director Sitting Fees - - - 1.50 1.00 1.50 Balance Sheet Items: - - - - 1.50 1.00 1.50 Balance Sheet Items: - - 0.10 - - - - - 1.50 Recoverable Amount - 0.10 - 0.10 - | := | Salaries, Commission and other benefits | I | | 1 | 1 | 165.63 | 184.12 | 165.63 | 184.12 |
| Balance Sheet Items: Balance Sheet Items: Recoverable Amount . Recoverable Amount . a) Expenses incurred for related parties . a) Expenses incurred for related parties . Advance Received . 0.10 . . . Advance Repaid Balance Sheet Items (Closing Balances): . < | ≔ | Director Sitting Fees | - | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1.50 | 1.00 | 1.50 | 1.00 |
| Recoverable Amount - | q | Balance Sheet Items: | | | | | | | | |
| a) Expenses incured for related parties - 0.10 - 305.00 305.00 305.00 305.00 305.00 305.00 305.00 - 305.00 - 305.00 - 105.00 - 305.00 - 305.00 - 305.00 - - 305.00 - - 305.00 - - 305.00 - - 305.00 - - 305.00 - - 105.00 - - 305.00 - - - 305.00 - - 105.00 - - 305.00 - - - - - - 305.00 - - - | | Recoverable Amount | | | | | | | | |
| Advance Received - 305.00 305.00 Advance Repaid - - 305.00 Advance Repaid - - 305.00 Balance Sheet Items (Closing Balances): - 305.00 305.00 Loans & Advances Given - 0.10 - - - - - | | a) Expenses incurred for related parties | I | 0.10 | I | I | I | I | I | 0.10 |
| Advance Repaid - - 305.00 Balance Sheet Items (Closing Balances): . . 305.00 Loans & Advances Given (Maximum Amount Involved during the year) - 0.10 - - - - | := | Advance Received | | 1 | 305.00 | | | | 305.00 | 1 |
| Balance Sheet Items (Closing Balances): Loans & Advances Given (Maximum Amount Involved during the year) - 0.10 | ≣ | Advance Repaid | 1 | I | 305.00 | | | | 305.00 | 1 |
| ed during the year) - 0.10 | ပ | Balance Sheet Items (Closing Balances): | | | | | | | | |
| - 0.10 | | Loans & Advances Given | | | | | | | | |
| | | (Maximum Amount Involved during the year) | | 0.10 | | 1 | 1 | | - | 0.10 |

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28. Leases (AS - 19)

Operating Leases:

The company has taken office premises & guest houses under operating lease and the leases are of cancellable/ noncancellable in nature. The lease arrangement are normally renewable on expiry of the lease period at the option of the lessor/ lessee ranging from 3 to 5 years. Some of the lease agreements are having lock in period of six months to three years which are non-cancellable during that period. After the expiry of the lock in period, the lease agreement becomes cancellable in nature at the option of the lessor or the lessee by giving 1-3 months notice to the either party. There are no restrictions imposed by the lease agreement. There is no contingent rent in the lease agreement. There is escalation clause in some lease agreements. The future minimum lease payments in respect of the non cancellable lease are as follows :

| | | | ₹ in Lacs |
|-----|---|-----------|-----------|
| Par | ticulars | 2015-2016 | 2014-2015 |
| a) | Payable not later than one year | 133.08 | 14.25 |
| b) | Payable later than one year and not later than five years | 95.06 | 34.29 |
| c) | Payable later than five years | - | - |

The lease payments recognized in the Statement of Profit & Loss in respect of non-cancellable lease for the year are ₹ 98.20 Lacs (31 March 2015: ₹3.23 Lacs).

The lease payments recognized in the Statement of Profit & Loss in respect of cancellable lease for the year are ₹ 232.62 Lacs (31 March 2015: ₹325.16 Lacs).

The Company had sub-leased the office premises under operating lease in the current year.

The lease income recognized in the Statement of Profit & Loss for the year is ₹ 16.29 Lacs (31 March 2015: ₹16.29 Lacs).

29. Earnings Per Share (AS - 20)

| Particulars | | | For Year Ended March 31, 2016 | For Year Ended March 31, 2015 |
|--|---------|-----------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| Net Profit after tax as per Statement of Profit and Loss | (A) | ₹ In Lacs | 4,120.49 | 8,518.33 |
| Weighted average number of equity shares for calculating Basic EPS | (B) | Nos. | 35,026,961 | 35,013,630 |
| Weighted average number of equity shares for calculating Diluted EPS | (C) | Nos. | 35,026,961 | 35,013,630 |
| Basic earnings per equity share (in Rupees) (Face value of $\stackrel{\scriptstyle \scriptstyle \overline{\bullet}}{}$ 10/- per share) | (A)/(B) | | 11.76 | 24.33 |
| Diluted earnings per equity share (in Rupees) (Face value of ₹ 10/- per share) | (A)/(C) | | 11.76 | 24.33 |

| Particulars | | For Year Ended March 31, 2016 | For Year Ended March 31, 2015 |
|---|------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| Weighted average number of equity shares for calculating EPS | Nos. | 35,026,961 | 35,013,630 |
| Add : Equity shares arising on conversion of warrants | Nos. | - | - |
| Add : Equity shares for no consideration arising on grant of stock options under ESOP | Nos. | - | - |
| Weighted average number of equity shares in calculation of diluted EPS | Nos. | 35,026,961 | 35,013,630 |

30. The company believes that no impairment of assets arises during the year as per Accounting Standard - 28 "Impairment of Assets".

31. Contingent Liabilities

On account of bank guarantee to the Central Bureau of Investigation against release of cash ₹ Nil (31st March, 2015: ₹ 12.12 Lacs)

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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the year ended 31st March, 2016

32. Capital and other commitments

a) Estimated amount of contracts remaining to be executed on capital account and not provided for ₹ 2.92 Lacs (31st March, 2015 ₹ 2.92 Lacs)

| | b) | Amount payable towards acqu | uisition of Property: | ₹ 5,350.97 Lacs (31 st March, 2015 ₹ Nil) |
|----|------|---|------------------------------------|---|
| | C) | Other Commitments Pending disbursements of sa | nctioned loans | ₹ 20,501.08 Lacs (31 st March, 2015 ₹ 8,541.59 Lacs) |
| 3. | - | enditure in Foreign Currency ign Travelling Expenses | ₹ 24.77 Lacs (31 st Ma | rch, 2015 : ₹ 12.63 Lacs) |
| | Staf | f Welfare Expenses | ₹ Nil (31 st March, 201 | 5:₹1.60 Lacs) |
| | Dire | ctor Sitting Fees | ₹ 1.50 Lacs (31 st Marc | sh, 2015 : ₹ 1.00 Lacs) |

34. Details of dues to Micro and Small Enterprises as defined under the MSMED Act, 2006

Based on the intimation received by the Company, none of the suppliers have confirmed to be registered under "The Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development ('MSMED') Act, 2006". Accordingly, no disclosures relating to amounts unpaid as at the year end together with interest paid /payable are required to be furnished.

35 (a). Additional Disclosures as required in terms of Paragraph 13 of NonBanking Financial (Non-Deposit Accepting or Holding) Companies Prudential Norms (Reserve Bank) Directions, 2007 issued by Reserve Bank of India.

| | | | | ₹ in Lacs |
|------|----------|---|--------------------|----------------|
| Par | ticula | rs | Amount Outstanding | Amount Overdue |
| Liab | oilities | Side | | |
| 1 | | ns and advances availed by the non banking financial company inclusive of interest rued thereon but not paid: | | |
| | a) | Debentures: | | |
| | | Secured | - | - |
| | | Unsecured | - | - |
| | | (other than falling within the meaning of public deposits) | | |
| | b) | Deferred Credits | - | - |
| | c) | Term Loans | 12,960.00 | - |
| | d) | InterCorporate loans and borrowings | - | - |
| | e) | Commercial Paper | - | - |
| | f) | Other Loans (Cash Credit Facility) | 1,156.44 | - |
| Tota | al | | 14,116.44 | - |

| Par | ticulars | ₹ in Lacs Amount Outstanding | | |
|-----|---|------------------------------------|--|--|
| A | ata Cida | outstanding | | |
| | ets Side | | | |
| 2 | Breakup of Loans and Advances including bills receivables (other than those included in (4) below): | | | |
| | a) Secured | 111,058.48 | | |
| | b) Unsecured | - | | |
| 3 | Breakup of Leased Asets and stock on hire and other assets counting towards AFC activities | | | |
| | i) Lease assets including lease rentals under sundry debtors: | | | |
| | a) Financial Lease | - | | |
| | b) Operating Lease | - | | |

for the year ended 31st March, 2016

| | | | ₹ in Lacs |
|--------|-------|---|-------------|
| Partic | cular | Irs | Amount |
| | ::) | Check on him including him charges under sundry debters | Outstanding |
| | ii) | Stock on hire including hire charges under sundry debtors: a) Assets on hire b) | |
| | | | - |
| | :::> | b) Repossed Assets | - |
| | iii) | Other loans counting towards AFC activities | |
| | | a) Loans where assets have been repossessed | - |
| | _ | b) Loans other than (a) above | - |
| | | akup of Investments: | |
| | | rent Investments: | |
| | 1. | Quoted: | |
| | | i) Shares: (a) Equity | - |
| | | (b) Preference | - |
| | | ii) Debentures and Bonds | - |
| | | iii) Units of mutual funds | - |
| | | iv) Government Securities | - |
| | | v) Others (please specify) | - |
| | | - Certificate of Deposits | - |
| | 2. | Unquoted: | |
| | | i) Shares: (a) Equity | - |
| | | (b) Preference | - |
| | | ii) Debentures and Bonds | - |
| | | iii) Units of mutual funds | 8,250.00 |
| | | iv) Government Securities | - |
| | | v) Others (please specify) | - |
| | Long | ig Term investments: | |
| | 1. | Quoted: | |
| | | i) Shares: (a) Equity | 1,522.08 |
| | | (b) Preference | - |
| | | ii) Debentures and Bonds | - |
| | | iii) Units of mutual funds | - |
| | | iv) Government Securities | - |
| | | v) Others (please specify) | - |
| | 2. | Unquoted: | |
| | | i) Shares: (a) Equity | 2,505.00 |
| | | (b) Preference | |
| | | ii) Debentures and Bonds | - |
| | | iii) Units of mutual funds | |
| | | | - |
| | | | |
| | | v) Others (please specify) | - |

5 Borrower groupwise classification of assets financed as in (2) and (3) above:

| Cat | to do nu | A | nount net of Provisions | ₹ in Lacs |
|-----|--------------------------------|------------|-------------------------|------------|
| Gal | tegory | Secured | Unsecured | Total |
| 1. | Related Parties | | | |
| | a) Subsidiaries | - | - | - |
| | b) Companies in the same group | - | - | - |
| | c) Other related parties | - | - | - |
| 2. | Other than related parties | 111,058.48 | - | 111,058.48 |
| Tot | al | 111,058.48 | - | 111,058.48 |

for the year ended 31st March, 2016

6 Investor groupwise classification of all investments (current and long term) in shares and securities (both quoted and unquoted):

| | | | ₹ in Lacs |
|-----|--------------------------------|---|-----------------------------------|
| Cat | tegory | Market Value/ Break up or fair value or NAV | Book Value (Net of Provisions) |
| 1. | Related Parties | | |
| | a) Subsidiaries | 4,155.57 | 2,505.00 |
| | b) Companies in the same group | - | - |
| | c) Other related parties | - | - |
| 2. | Other than related parties | 10,189.29 | 9,772.08 |
| Tot | al | 14,344.86 | 12,277.08 |

7 Other information

| | | ₹ in Lacs |
|------|---|-----------|
| Par | ticulars | Amount |
| i) | Gross Non Performing Assets | |
| | a) Related Parties | - |
| | b) Other than related parties | 974.35 |
| ii) | Net Non Performing Assets | |
| | a) Related Parties | - |
| | b) Other than related parties | 832.55 |
| iii) | Assets acquired in satisfaction of debt | - |

35 (b) Schedule to the Balance Sheet of Non Banking Financial (Non- Deposit Accepting or Holding) Company as required by RBI as per their Circular RBI/2008-09/116 DNBS (PD). CC. No. 125/03.05.002/2008-09, Guidelines for NBFC -ND-SI as regards capital adequacy, liquidity and disclosure norms.

(I) Disclosure for CRAR :-

| | Items | As on March 31, 2016 | As on March 31, 2015 |
|------|---|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| i) | CRAR (%) | 79.72% | 89.68% |
| ii) | CRAR - Tier I Capital (%) | 79.32% | 88.20% |
| iii) | CRAR - Tier II Capital (%) | 0.40% | 1.48% |
| iv) | Amount of subordinated debt raised as Tier-II capital | Nil | Nil |
| V) | Amount raised by issue of Perpetual Debt Instrument | Nil | Nil |

(II) Exposures

(A) Exposure to Real Estate Sector

| | | | ₹ in Lacs |
|-----|---|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| Cat | tegory | As on March 31, 2016 | As on March 31, 2015 |
| a) | Direct Exposure | | |
| | i) Residential Mortgages - | | |
| | Lending fully secured by mortgages on residential property that is o be occupied by the borrower or that is rented; (Individual housing up to ₹ 15 Lacs may be shown separately) | | 23,871.99 |
| | ii) Commercial Real Estate - | | |
| | Lending secured by mortgages on commercial real estates(buildings, retail space, multipurpose commercial premises, multi-f residential buldings, multi-tenanted commercial premises, indu or warehouse space, hotels, land acquisition, development construction, etc. | family ustrial | 68,095.89 |
| | ii) Investments in Mortgage Backed Securities(MBS) and other securi exposures - | itised | |
| | a. Residential | Nil | Nil |
| | b. Commercial Real Estate | Nil | Nil |
| b) | Indirect Exposure | | |
| | Fund based and non-fund based exposure on National Housing Bank(and Housing Finance Companies (HFCs.) | (NHB) Nil | Nil |

(B) Exposure to Capital Market

for the year ended 31^{st} March, 2016

| | | | ₹ in Lacs |
|-------|---|----------------|----------------|
| Cate | gory | As on | As on |
| | | March 31, 2016 | March 31, 2015 |
| i) | direct investment in equity shares, convertible bonds, convertible debentures and units of equity-oriented mutual funds the corpus of which is not exclusively invested in corporate debt; | 1,522.09 | Nil |
| ii) | advances against shares / bonds / debentures or other securities or on clean basis to individuals for investment in shares (including IPOs / ESOPs), convertible bonds, convertible debentures, and units of equity-oriented mutual funds; | Nil | Nil |
| iii) | advances for any other purposes where shares or convertible bonds or convertible debentures or units of equity oriented mutual funds are taken as primary security; | Nil | Nil |
| iv) | advances for any other purposes to the extent secured by the collateral security of shares or convertible bonds or convertible debentures or units of equity oriented mutual funds i.e. where the primary security other than shares / convertible bonds / convertible debentures / units of equity oriented mutual funds 'does not fully cover the advances; | Nil | Nil |
| V) | secured and unsecured advances to stockbrokers and guarantees issued on behalf of stockbrokers and market makers; | Nil | Nil |
| vi) | loans sanctioned to corporates against the security of shares / bonds / debentures or other securities or on clean basis for meeting promoter's contribution to the equity of new companies in anticipation of raising resources: | Nil | Nil |
| vii) | bridge loans to companies against expected equity flows / issues; | Nil | Nil |
| viii) | all exposures to Venture Capital Funds (both registered and unregistered) | Nil | Nil |
| Tota | Exposure to Capital Market | 1,522.09 | Nil |
| (C) | Details of financing of parent company products | Nil | Nil |
| (D) | Details of Single Borrower Limit (SGL) / Group Borrower Limit (GBL) exceeded by the NBFC | Nil | Nil |
| (E) | Unsecured Advances | Nil | Nil |

| | 1 Day to | Over one | Over 2 Months | Over one Over 2 Months Over 3 Months Over 6 Months | Over 6 Months | 0ver 1 to 3 | Over 3 to 5 | Over 5 Years |
|------------------------------|------------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|--|----------------------|-------------|-------------|---------------------|
| | 30/31 days(One Month) | Month to 2 Months | to 3 Months | to 6 Months | to 1 Year | Years | Years | |
| Liabilities | | | | | | | | |
| Borrowing from Banks | - | • | 416.67 | 416.67 | 1,958.33 | 8,223.27 | 1,945.06 | |
| | | 1 | - | (416.67) | (833.34) | (3,333.32) | (416.67) | |
| Market Borrowings | - | 1 | 1 | I | 1 | 1 | I | |
| | | 1 | 1 | | 1 | 1 | 1 | |
| Foreign Currency liabilities | • | • | 1 | | • | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| Assets | | | | | | | | |
| Advances | 2,213.57 | 897.53 | 2,182.85 | 7,367.17 | 9,131.35 | 34,957.93 | 15,296.97 | 39,011.12 |
| | (4,647.39) | (1,515.57) | (1,126.39) | (3,696.47) | (17,879.78) | (34,171.05) | (8,451.03) | (23,680.31) |
| Investments | 5,000.00 | 3,250.00 | 1 | | | 1,522.09 | | 2,505.00 |
| | (1,400.00) | I | 1 | (7,527.44) | (2,354.47) | 1 | I | (3,770.00) |
| Foreign Currency assets | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | |
| | | | | | | | | |

Note:

Maturity pattern of the Investments are based on the Management's intention to hold them for a desired period. .__

ii) Figures of Previous years are given in brackets

Disclosures for Non Banking Financial Company as required by RBI as per their Notification No. DNBR.019/CGM (CDS) - 2015 dated April 10, 2015 36

| | i. RBI Registration No. B-13.01882 | B-13.01882 |
|-------------|--|---|
| := : | ii. Ratings assigned by credit rating agencies and migration of ratings during the year; Upgraded from A to A+ by Credit Analysis and Research | Upgraded from A to A+ by Credit Analysis and Research |
| : : | iii. Penalties, if any, levied by any regulator; | NIL |
| i<. | Information namely, area, country of operation and joint venture partners with regard to | Country of Operation : India |
| | Joint ventures and overseas subsidiaries and | Joint Venture - NA |

₹ in Lacs Total

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

111,058.48 (95,167.99) 12,277.09 (15,051.91)

for the year ended 31st March, 2016

12,960.00 (5,000.00)

| | Type of Restructuring | | | Under CD | Under CDR Mechanism | | | Under S | SME Debt Rest | Under SME Debt Restructuring Mechanism | hanism | | | Others | | | | Total | _ | |
|---|---|--------------------|----------|----------|---------------------|------|-------|----------|---------------|--|----------|----------------|----------|----------|------|-------|----------|----------|---------------|------------|
| Asset Classification Details | n Details | | Standard | Sub- | Doubtful | Loss | Total | Standard | Sub- | Doubtful | Loss Tot | Total Standard | Sub | Doubtful | Loss | Total | Standard | Sub- | Doubtful Loss | is Total |
| | | | | Standard | | | | | Standard | | | | Standard | | | | St | Standard | | |
| Restructured | Restructured Accounts as on April | No. of borrowers | • | • | | | • | | | | | - 1.00 | · | | • | • | 1.00 | | | - 1.00 |
| 1 of the FY (c | 1 of the FY (opening figures)* | Amount outstanding | 1 | | | | • | | | 1 | | - 2,612.75 | | | | • | 2,612.75 | | 1 | - 2,612.75 |
| | | Provision thereon | • | • | | • | • | • | • | • | • | - 130.64 | | | • | • | 130.64 | | • | - 130.64 |
| Fresh restruc | Fresh restructuring during the year | No. of borrowers | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | · | | • | • | • | • | • | • | |
| | | Amount outstanding | • | | | • | • | • | • | | | • | | | • | • | • | | • | |
| | | Provision thereon | 1 | | | | • | | | | | - | | | | • | | | - | - |
| Upgradations | Upgradations to restructured standard | No. of borrowers | | | | • | • | | • | • | | • | | | • | • | | | • | - |
| category durii | category during the FY 2015-16 | Amount outstanding | • | | | • | • | | • | | | • | | | • | • | | | | |
| | | Provision thereon | | | | • | • | | | | | | | | | • | | | | |
| Restructured | Restructured standard advances which | No. of borrowers | • | • | | • | • | | | | | • | • | | • | • | • | | • | |
| cease to attract higher processe to attract higher provided the FY and hence need restructured standard at restructured standard at hearing of the next EV he | cease to attract higher provisioning and / or additional risk weight at the end of the FY and hence need not be shown as restructured standard advances at the horining of the new FV | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 9.000 | | Amount outstanding | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | |
| | | Provision thereon | • | | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | |
| Downgradatic accounts duri | Downgradations of restructured accounts during the FY 2015-16 | No. of borrowers | • | • | • | | • | | • | • | | • | | | • | • | | • | | |
| | | Amount outstanding | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | |
| | | Provision thereon | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | | • | • | • | | • | • | • | • | • | |
| Write-offs of restructure during the FY 2015-16 | Write-offs of restructured accounts during the FY 2015-16 | No. of borrowers | 1 | • | | | | • | | | • | 1 | | | | • | | | | |
| | | Amount outstanding | • | • | • | • | • | | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | | • | • | |
| Restructured March 31 of t | Restructured Accounts as on March 31 of the FY 2015-16 (closing | No. of borrowers | | | | | ı | | • | | | - 1.00 | | | | · | 1.00 | | | - 1.00 |
| "Buroo / | | Amount outstanding | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | - 1,335.44 | | • | • | • | 1,335.44 | • | • | - 1,335.44 |
| | | Provision thereon | • | | | • | • | | | - | | - 66.77 | | | | • | 66.77 | | | - 66.77 |

for the year ended 31st March, 2016

* Excluding the figures of Standard Restructured Advances which do not attract higher provisioning or risk weight (if applicable).

Corporate Overview

Statutory Reports

for the year ended 31st March, 2016

v. Asset-Liability profile, extent of financing of parent company products, NPAs and movement of NPAs, details of all off-balance sheet assignment transactions and other disclosures;

Investments

| | | | | ₹ in Lacs |
|------|--------|---|----------------|----------------|
| Davt | laulau | - | As on | As on |
| Part | icula | 5 | March 31, 2016 | March 31, 2015 |
| (1) | Valu | e of Investments | | |
| | (i) | Gross Value of Investments | | |
| | | (a) In India | 12,277.09 | 15,051.91 |
| | | (b) Outside India, | Nil | Nil |
| | (ii) | Provisions for Depreciation | | |
| | | (a) In India | Nil | Nil |
| | | (b) Outside India, | Nil | Nil |
| | (iii) | Net Value of Investments | | |
| | | (a) In India | 12,277.09 | 15,051.91 |
| | | (b) Outside India. | Nil | Nil |
| (2) | Mov | ement of provisions held towards depreciation on investments. | | |
| | (i) | Opening balance | Nil | Nil |
| | (ii) | Add : Provisions made during the year | Nil | Nil |
| | (iii) | Less: Write-off/write-back of excess provisions during the year | Nil | Nil |
| | (iv) | Closing balance | Nil | Nil |

Derivatives

Forward Rate Agreement / Interest Rate Swap

| | | | ₹ in Lacs |
|-------|---|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| Part | ticulars | As on March 31, 2016 | As on March 31, 2015 |
| (i) | The notional principal of swap agreements | Nil | Nil |
| (ii) | Losses which would be incurred if counterparties failed to fulfill their obligations under the agreements | Nil | Nil |
| (iii) | Collateral required by the NBFC upon entering into swaps | Nil | Nil |
| (iv) | Concentration of credit risk arising from the swaps \$ | Nil | Nil |
| (v) | The fair value of the swap book @ | Nil | Nil |

Exchange Traded Interest Rate (IR) Derivatives

| | | ₹ in Lacs |
|--------|--|-----------|
| S. No. | Particulars | Amount |
| (i) | Notional principal amount of exchange traded IR derivatives undertaken during the year | Nil |
| (ii) | Notional principal amount of exchange trade IR derivatives outstanding as on 31 st March, 2016 | Nil |
| (iii) | Notional principal amount of exchange traded of exchange traded IR derivatives outstanding and not "highly effective | Nil |
| (iv) | Mark-to-market value of exchange traded IR derivatives outstanding and not "highly effective | Nil |

Disclosures on Risk Exposure in Derivatives

Qualitative Disclosures

No disclosures are given since the Company does not have any Exposure in Derivative.

Quantitative Disclosures

| | | | ₹ in Lacs |
|---------|---|-------------------------|------------------------------|
| SI. No. | Particulars | Currency Derivatives | Interest Rate Derivatives |
| (i) | Derivatives (Notional Principal Amount) | Nil | Nil |
| | For hedging | Nil | Nil |
| (ii) | Marked to Market Positions [1] | | |
| | a) Asset (+) | Nil | Nil |
| | b) Liability (-) | Nil | Nil |
| (iii) | Credit Exposure [2] | Nil | Nil |
| (iv) | Un-hedged Exposures | Nil | Nil |

Statutory Reports

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the year ended 31st March, 2016

Disclosures relating to Securitisation

Outstanding amount of Securitised assets as per the books of the SPVs sponsored by the Company and Total amount of Exposure retained by the Company

| | | - | ₹ in l | |
|---------|------|--|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| SI. No. | Part | iculars | As on March 31, 2016 | As on March 31, 2015 |
| 1. | No d | of SPVs sponsored by the NBFC for securitisation transactions | Nil | Nil |
| 2. | Tota | I amount of securitised assets as per books of the | | |
| | SPV | s sponsored | Nil | Nil |
| 3. | | I amount of exposures retained by the Company to comply with MRR as on the date alance sheet | Nil | Nil |
| | a) | Off-balance sheet exposures | | |
| | | First loss | Nil | Nil |
| | | Others | Nil | Nil |
| | b) | On-balance sheet exposures | | |
| | | First loss | Nil | Nil |
| | | Others | Nil | Nil |
| 4. | Amc | unt of exposures to securitisation transactions other than MRR | | |
| | a) | Off-balance sheet exposures | | |
| | | i) Exposure to own securitizations | | |
| | | First loss | Nil | Nil |
| | | Loss | Nil | Nil |
| | | ii) Exposure to third party securitisations | | |
| | | First loss | Nil | Nil |
| | | Others | Nil | Nil |
| | b) | On-balance sheet exposures | | |
| | | i) Exposure to own securitisations | | |
| | | First loss | Nil | Nil |
| | | Others | Nil | Nil |
| | | ii) Exposure to third party securitisations | | |
| | | First loss | Nil | Nil |
| | | Others | Nil | Nil |

Details of Financial Assets sold to Securitisation / Reconstruction Company for Asset Reconstruction

| | | | ₹ in Lacs |
|-------|---|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| Part | iculars | As on March 31, 2016 | As on March 31, 2015 |
| (i) | No. of accounts | Nil | Nil |
| (ii) | Aggregate value (net of provisions) of accounts sold to SC / RC | Nil | Nil |
| (iii) | Aggregate consideration | Nil | Nil |
| (iv) | Additional consideration realized in respect of accounts transferred in earlier years | Nil | Nil |
| (V) | Aggregate gain / loss over net book value | Nil | Nil |

Details of Assignment transactions undertaken by NBFCs

| | | | ₹ in Lacs |
|-------|---|----------------|----------------|
| Dari | iculars | As on | As on |
| Fait | | March 31, 2016 | March 31, 2015 |
| (i) | No. of accounts | Nil | Nil |
| (ii) | Aggregate value (net of provisions) of accounts sold | Nil | Nil |
| (iii) | Aggregate consideration | Nil | Nil |
| (iv) | Additional consideration realized in respect of accounts transferred in earlier years | Nil | Nil |
| (V) | Aggregate gain / loss over net book value | Nil | Nil |

for the year ended 31st March, 2016

Details of non-performing financial assets purchased / sold

A. Details of non-performing financial assets purchased :

| | | | | ₹ in Lacs |
|-----|--------|---|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| Par | ticula | 'S | As on March 31, 2016 | As on March 31, 2015 |
| 1. | (a) | No. of accounts purchased during the year | Nil | Nil |
| | (b) | Aggregate outstanding | Nil | Nil |
| 2. | (a) | Of these, number of accounts restructured during the year | Nil | Nil |
| | (b) | Aggregate outstanding | Nil | Nil |

B. Details of Non-performing Financial Assets sold :

| | | | ₹ in Lacs |
|-----|----------------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| Par | ticulars | As on March 31, 2016 | As on March 31, 2015 |
| 1. | No. of accounts sold | Nil | Nil |
| 2. | Aggregate outstanding | Nil | Nil |
| 3. | Aggregate consideration received | Nil | Nil |

Provisions and Contingencies

| | ₹ in Lacs | |
|--|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| | As on March 31, 2016 | As on March 31, 2015 |
| Break up of 'Provisions and Contingencies' shown under the head Expenditure in Statement of Profit and Loss | | |
| Provisions for depreciation on Investment | Nil | Nil |
| Provision towards NPA | 49.12 | (307.32) |
| Provision made towards Income tax | 1470.00 | 5116.33 |
| Other Provision and Contingencies | | |
| Provision for Standard Assets | 85.60 | 110.06 |
| Floating Provision Against Standard Asset | 207.68 | 1281.75 |
| Provision for Standard Restructured Assets | (63.87) | 130.64 |

Draw Down from Reserves

The Company has not made any draw down from reserves during the previous year.

Concentration of Advances, Exposures and NPAs

Concentration of Advances

| | | ₹ in Lacs |
|---|----------------|----------------|
| | As on | As on |
| | March 31, 2016 | March 31, 2015 |
| Total Advances to twenty largest borrowers | 34,188.37 | 49,685.63 |
| Percentage of Advances to twenty largest borrowers to Total Advances of the Company | 32.26% | 52.21% |

Concentration of Exposures

| | | ₹ in Lacs |
|---|----------------|----------------|
| Particulars | As on | As on |
| | March 31, 2016 | March 31, 2015 |
| Total Exposure to twenty largest borrowers/customers | 34,188.37 | 49,685.63 |
| Percentage of Exposures to twenty largest borrowers / customers to Total Exposure of the NBFC | 32.26% | 52.21% |
| on borrowers / customers | | |

Concentration of NPAs

| | | ₹ in Lacs | |
|---|-------------------------|-------------------------|--|
| Particulars | As on March 31, 2016 | As on March 31, 2015 | |
| Total Exposure to top four NPA accounts (Gross) | 642.81 | 722.31 | |

for the year ended 31st March, 2016

Sector-wise NPAs

| SI. No. | | March 31, 2016 March 31, 201 Nil N 1.29% 2.10 | | |
|---------|---------------------------------|---|-------------------------|--|
| | Sector | | As on March 31, 2015 | |
| 1. | Agriculture & allied activities | Nil | Nil | |
| 2. | MSME | 1.29% | 2.10% | |
| 3. | Corporate borrowers | Nil | Nil | |
| 4. | Services | Nil | Nil | |
| 5. | Unsecured personal loans | Nil | Nil | |
| 6. | Auto loans | Nil | Nil | |
| 7. | Other personal loans | Nil | Nil | |

Movement of NPAs

| | | | ₹ in Lacs |
|-------|---|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| Part | ticulars | As on March 31, 2016 | As on March 31, 2015 |
| (i) | Net NPAs to Net Advances (%) | 0.75% | 0.88% |
| (ii) | Movement of NPAs (Gross) | | |
| | (a) Opening balance | 926.81 | 4,000.00 |
| | (b) Additions during the year | 8,551.36 | 926.81 |
| | (c) Reductions during the year | 8,503.82 | 4,000.00 |
| | (d) Closing balance | 974.35 | 926.81 |
| (iii) | Movement of Net NPAs | | |
| | (a) Opening balance | 834.13 | 3,600.00 |
| | (b) Additions during the year | 7,696.22 | 834.13 |
| | (c) Reductions during the year | 7,697.80 | 3,600.00 |
| | (d) Closing balance | 832.55 | 834.13 |
| (iv) | Movement of provisions for NPAs (excluding provisions on standard assets) | | |
| | (a) Opening balance | 92.68 | 400.00 |
| | (b) Provisions made during the year | 855.14 | 92.68 |
| | (c) Write-off / write-back of excess provisions | 806.02 | 400.00 |
| | (d) Closing balance | 141.80 | 92.68 |

Off-balance Sheet SPVs sponsored

| Name of the SPV sponsored – N/A | | | |
|---------------------------------|----------|--|--|
| Domestic | Overseas | | |
| N/A | N/A | | |

Customer Complaints

| | Particulars | Current Year | Previous Year |
|-----|--|--------------|---------------|
| (a) | No. of complaints pending at the beginning of the year | - | - |
| (b) | No. of complaints received during the year | 24 | 57 |
| (C) | No. of complaints redressed during the year | 22 | 57 |
| (d) | No. of complaints pending at the end of the year | 2 | - |

38 The Hon'ble High Court of Judicature at Bombay on 11th September, 2015 approved the Scheme of Amalgamation of Capri Global Distribution Company Private Limited and Capri Global Finance Private Limited and Capri Global Investment Advisors Private Limited and Capri Global Research Private Limited ('the Transferor Companies') with Capri Global Capital Limited and their respective shareholders and creditors ('the Scheme'). The Scheme became effective on 19th October, 2015 upon obtaining all sanctions and approvals as required under the Scheme. The Appointed Date for the merger is 1st April 2015. As the Transferor Companies were wholly owned subsidiaries of the Company, no shares of the Company were issued and allotted pursuant to the Scheme.

for the year ended 31st March, 2016

Pursuant to the Scheme, the entire business including the assets, liabilities, duties & obligations of the Transferor Companies have become vested in the Company w.e.f. 1st April, 2015. Since the Scheme got the requisite approvals in the financial year ended 31st March, 2016, the impact of the amalgamation has been given in the current financial year itself.

In accordance with the provisions of the Scheme; •

- The investments held by the Company in the Transferor Companies / Wholly Owned Subsidiaries were cancelled.
- The amalgamation is accounted under the Pooling of Interest Method as per Accounting Standard 14 Accounting for Amalgamations as referred to in the Scheme of Amalgamation approved by the Hon'ble Bombay High Court.
- The value of investments of the Transferor Companies in the books of the Transferee Company was equivalent to the paid up value of the Transferor Companies, hence no goodwill or capital reserve was created on the said amalgamation.

The Company has recognised the impact of the said Scheme during the year as per the details below:

| | | | ₹ in Lacs |
|------|---|--------|-----------|
| Part | ticulars | Amount | Amount |
| ASS | ETS: | | |
| i) | Capri Global Distribution Company Pvt. Ltd. | | |
| | Bank | 0.23 | |
| | Fixed Deposit | 69.00 | |
| | Investment | 621.05 | |
| | Income Tax Deposit | 36.92 | |
| | Other Asset | 2.11 | 729.31 |
| ii) | Capri Global Investment Advisors Pvt. Ltd. | | |
| | Computers (WDV) | 0.24 | |
| | Investment | 901.03 | |
| | Bank | 3.56 | |
| | Fixed Deposit | 620.25 | |
| | Income Tax Deposit | 637.92 | |
| | Advance against Property | 478.77 | |
| | Service Tax Receivable | 3.36 | |
| | Other Asset | 25.57 | 2,670.69 |
| iii) | Capri Global Research Pvt. Ltd. | | |
| | Bank | 0.09 | |
| | Fixed Deposit | 5.00 | |
| | Income Tax Deposit | 0.02 | |
| | Deferred Tax Asset | 2.73 | |
| | Other Asset | 0.13 | 7.96 |
| iv) | Capri Global Finance Pvt. Ltd. | | |
| | Bank | 0.07 | |
| | Fixed Deposit | 323.75 | |
| | Income Tax Deposit | 23.37 | |
| | Other Asset | 9.91 | 357.09 |
| | | | 3,765.06 |

| | | | ₹ in Lacs |
|-----|---|--------|-----------|
| Par | rticulars | Amount | Amount |
| LIA | BILITIES: | | |
| i) | Capri Global Distribution Company Pvt. Ltd. | | |
| | Income Tax Provision | 37.12 | |
| | Audit Fees Payable | 0.22 | 37.33 |
| ii) | Capri Global Investment Advisors Pvt. Ltd. | | |
| | Bank | 0.22 | |
| | Income Tax Provision | 636.12 | |
| | Audit Fees Payable | 0.23 | |
| | Deferred Tax | 0.07 | |
| | TDS Payable | 0.02 | 636.66 |

for the year ended 31st March, 2016

| | | | ₹ in Lacs |
|------|--|--------|-----------|
| Part | ticulars | Amount | Amount |
| iii) | Capri Global Research Pvt. Ltd. | | |
| | Income Tax Provision | 0.07 | |
| | Audit Fees Payable | 0.28 | 0.35 |
| iv) | Capri Global Finance Pvt. Ltd. | | |
| | Income Tax Provision | 25.05 | |
| | Audit Fees Payable | 0.14 | 25.19 |
| | | | 699.53 |
| NET | ASSETS | | 3,065.53 |
| Inve | stment In Subsidiaries | | 1,265.00 |
| Amo | ount transferred to the General Reserves as per the Scheme of Demerger | | 1,800.53 |

Note : Pursuant to the Scheme, the entire business including the assets, liabilities, duties & obligations of the Transferor Companies have become vested in the Transferee Company w.e.f. 1st April, 2015. The figures for the year ended 31st March, 2016 are not comparable with the corresponding previous year to that extent.

39. The Non-Banking Financial (Non-Deposit Accepting or Holding) Companies Prudential Norms (Reserve Bank) Directions, 2007, require the Company to make provision for standard assets at 0.30 percent of the Standard Assets. However, as a prudent practice, the Company has adopted to make provision of 0.50 percent. Consequently, during the current financial year, the profits of the company are lower by ₹ 34.24 Lacs.

Further, in pursuance to the Company's Board approved policy, the Company has started making an additional Floating Provision on Standard Assets of 1.5 percent and the same has been fully utilised towards Write off to the extent of ₹ 1,489.43 Lacs.

40. In the opinion of the Board, the Current Assets, Loans & Advances are realizable in the ordinary course of business at least equal to the amount at which they are stated in the Balance Sheet. The provision for all known liabilities is adequate and not in excess of the amount reasonably necessary.

41. Previous year figures

Previous year figures have been regrouped and reclassified wherever necessary to confirm to current year's presentation.

As per our report of even date attached For and on behalf of **KARNAVAT & CO.** Chartered Accountants Firm Regn. No. 104863W

(Shashikant Gupta) Partner Membership No. 45629

Place: Gangtok, Sikkim Date: April 23, 2016 (Quintin E. Primo III) Non-Executive Chairman DIN 06600839

> (Bhagyam Ramani) Independent Director DIN 00107097

> (T. R. Bajalia) Independent Director DIN 02291892

(Gaurang Shah) Associate Director Finance & Accounts

Place: Gangtok, Sikkim Date: April 23, 2016 For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

(Sunil Kapoor) Executive Director DIN 01436404 (Rajesh Sharma) Director DIN 00020037

(Beni Prasad Rauka) Independent Director DIN 00295213 (Mukesh Kacker) Independent Director DIN 01569098

(Harish Agrawal)

Senior Vice President & Company Secretary

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

TO THE MEMBERS OF CAPRI GLOBAL CAPITAL LIMITED

Report on the Consolidated Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying consolidated financial statements of **CAPRI GLOBAL CAPITAL LIMITED** ("the Holding Company") and its subsidiaries (together referred to as "Group"), comprising of the Consolidated Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2016, the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss, the Consolidated Cash Flow Statement for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information (hereinafter referred to as "the Consolidated Financial Statement").

Management's Responsibility for the Consolidated Financial Statements

The Holding Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the preparation of these consolidated financial statements in terms of requirements of the Companies Act, 2013 (hereinafter referred to as "the Act") that give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position, consolidated financial performance and consolidated cash flows of the Group in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014. The Holding Company's Board of Directors is also responsible for ensuring accuracy of the records including financial information considered necessary for the preparation of Consolidated Financial Statements. The respective Board of Directors of the Companies included in the Group are responsible for maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Group and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, which has been used for purpose of preparation of the Consolidated Financial Statements by the Directors of the Holding Company as aforesaid.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audit. While conducting audit.

We have taken into account the provisions of the Act and the Rules made thereunder including the accounting and auditing standards and matters which are required to be included in the audit report.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing specified under Section 143(10) of the Act and other

authoritative pronouncements issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. Those Standards and pronouncements require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and the disclosures in the consolidated financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal financial control relevant to the Holding Company's preparation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of the accounting policies used and the reasonableness of the accounting estimates made by the Holding Company's Directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the consolidated financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the consolidated financial statements.

Opinion

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the consolidated financial statements give the information required by the Act in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India:

- a) In the case of the Consolidated Balance Sheet, of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2016;
- b) In the case of the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss, of the **Profit** for the year ended on that date; and
- c) In the case of the Consolidated Cash Flow Statement, of the cash flows for the year ended on that date.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- 1. As required by section 143(3) of the Act, we report that :
 - We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit of the aforesaid consolidated financial statements;
 - b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law relating to preparation of the aforesaid consolidated financial statements have been kept so far as it appears from our examination of those books and the reports of the other auditors

- c) The Consolidated Balance Sheet, the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss, and the Consolidated Cash Flow Statement dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the relevant books of account maintained for the purpose of preparation of the consolidated financial statements.
- In our opinion, the aforesaid consolidated financial statements comply with the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014.
- e) On the basis of written representations received from the directors of the Group as on March 31, 2016, and taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on 31st March, 2016, from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act.
- f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting and the operating effectiveness of such controls relevant to the Holding Company's preparation of the consolidated financial statements, we refer to Annexure-B of our report of even date on the standalone financial statements of the Holding Company.

- g) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with the Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, we report that:
 - i) There were no pending litigations which would impact the consolidated financial position of the Group.
 - The Group did not have any material foreseeable losses on long-term contracts including derivative contracts.
 - iii) There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Holding Company, and its subsidiary companies.

For and on behalf of KARNAVAT & CO. Chartered Accountants Firm Regn No. 104863W

Camp: Gangtok Dated: April 23, 2016 **(Shashikant Gupta)** Partner Membership No. 45629

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET

as at 31st March, 2016

| | | | ₹ in Lac | | |
|-----------|---|-------|---------------------|---------------------|--|
| | | Notes | As at 31-03-2016 | As at 31-03-2015 | |
| I. EQ | QUITY AND LIABILITIES | | | | |
| 1 | Shareholders' Fund | | | | |
| | Share Capital | 2 | 3,502.70 | 3,502.70 | |
| | Reserves and Surplus | 3 | 106,750.36 | 103,017.75 | |
| | | | 110,253.06 | 106,520.45 | |
| 2 | Non-Current Liabilities | | | | |
| | Long Term Borrowings | 4 | 10,168.33 | 3,750.00 | |
| | Other Non Current Liabilities | 5 | 238.45 | 345.17 | |
| | | | 10,406.78 | 4,095.17 | |
| 3 | Current Liabilities | | | | |
| | Short Term Borrowings | 6 | 1,156.44 | - | |
| | Trade Payables | 7 | 115.63 | 90.08 | |
| | Other Current Liabilities | 5 | 8,985.04 | 4,611.68 | |
| | Short Term Provisions | 8 | 1,123.27 | 1,096.86 | |
| | | | 11,380.38 | 5,798.63 | |
| Total | | | 132,040.22 | 116,414.25 | |
| II. AS | SSETS | | | | |
| 1 | Non Current Assets | | | | |
| | Fixed Assets | 9 | | | |
| | Tangible Assets | | 433.54 | 319.47 | |
| | Intangible Assets | | 369.90 | 536.79 | |
| | | | 803.44 | 856.26 | |
| | Non Current Investments | 10 | 2,799.28 | 2,799.28 | |
| | Deferred Tax Assets (Net) | 11 | 193.98 | 178.07 | |
| | Long Term Loans and Advances | 12 | 92,489.75 | 61,049.68 | |
| | Other Non-Current Assets | 13 | 312.05 | 3,307.25 | |
| | | | 95,795.06 | 67,334.28 | |
| 2 | Current Assets | | | | |
| | Current Investments | 10 | 8,250.00 | 8,927.44 | |
| | Inventories | 14 | - | 2,354.47 | |
| | Trade Receivables | 15 | 811.77 | 2,599.87 | |
| | Cash and Bank Balances | 16 | 1,812.79 | 3,469.34 | |
| | Short Term Loans and Advances | 12 | 15,831.38 | 28,817.06 | |
| | Other Current Assets | 13 | 8,735.78 | 2,055.54 | |
| | | | 35,441.72 | 48,223.71 | |
| Total | | | 132,040.22 | 116,414.25 | |
| Significa | ant Accounting Policies ompanying notes are an integral part of the Financial Statem | 1 | | | |

As per our report of even date attached For and on behalf of **KARNAVAT & CO.** Chartered Accountants Firm Regn. No. 104863W

(Shashikant Gupta) Partner Membership No. 45629

Place: Gangtok, Sikkim Date: April 23, 2016 (Quintin E. Primo III) Non-Executive Chairman DIN 06600839

> (Bhagyam Ramani) Independent Director DIN 00107097

> (T. R. Bajalia) Independent Director DIN 02291892

(Gaurang Shah) Associate Director Finance & Accounts

Place: Gangtok, Sikkim Date: April 23, 2016 (Sunil Kapoor) Executive Director DIN 01436404

(Beni Prasad Rauka) Independent Director DIN 00295213

(Harish Agrawal) Senior Vice President & Company Secretary (Rajesh Sharma)

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Director DIN 00020037

(Mukesh Kacker) Independent Director DIN 01569098

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT AND LOSS

for the year ended 31st March, 2016

| | | | | ₹ in Lacs |
|------|--|-------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| | | Notes | Year Ended 31-03-2016 | Year Ended 31-03-2015 |
| ι. | INCOME | | | |
| | Revenue from Operations | 17 | 18,902.69 | 19,823.39 |
| | Other Income | 18 | 156.46 | 784.57 |
| Tota | I Revenue | | 19,059.15 | 20,607.96 |
| П. | EXPENSES | | | |
| | Employee Benefit Expenses | 19 | 3,272.68 | 2,637.02 |
| | Finance Costs | 20 | 1,177.73 | 465.12 |
| | Depreciation and Amortization Expenses | 21 | 347.64 | 383.10 |
| | Loan Provisions/Write off (Net off Provision) | 22 | 6,872.30 | 1,215.13 |
| | Other Expenses | 23 | 1,824.94 | 997.99 |
| Tota | I Expenses | | 13,495.29 | 5,698.37 |
| III. | Profit before Exceptional Items and Tax | | 5,563.86 | 14,909.59 |
| | Less: Exceptional Items | | - | |
| IV. | Profit before Tax | | 5,563.86 | 14,909.59 |
| | Less: Tax Expenses | | | |
| | Current Tax | | 1,579.00 | 5,408.18 |
| | Deferred Tax | | (15.91) | (22.32) |
| | Earlier years adjustments | | (364.20) | 0.10 |
| | | | 1,198.89 | 5,385.94 |
| V. | Profit for the period | | 4,364.97 | 9,523.65 |
| VI. | Earnings per Equity Share Before Exceptional Items | | | |
| | (Nominal Value of share ₹10/- each) | 29 | | |
| | Basic | | 12.46 | 27.20 |
| | Diluted | | 12.46 | 27.20 |
| | Earnings per Equity Share After Exceptional Items | | | |
| | (Nominal Value of share ₹10/- each) | 29 | | |
| | Basic | | 12.46 | 27.20 |
| | Diluted | | 12.46 | 27.20 |
| Sigr | ificant Accounting Policies | 1 | | |
| The | accompanying notes are an integral part of the Financial Statements. | | | |

As per our report of even date attached For and on behalf of **KARNAVAT & CO.** Chartered Accountants Firm Regn. No. 104863W

(Shashikant Gupta) Partner Membership No. 45629

Place: Gangtok, Sikkim Date: April 23, 2016 (Quintin E. Primo III) Non-Executive Chairman DIN 06600839

> (Bhagyam Ramani) Independent Director DIN 00107097

> (T. R. Bajalia) Independent Director DIN 02291892

(Gaurang Shah) Associate Director Finance & Accounts

Place: Gangtok, Sikkim Date: April 23, 2016 For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

(Sunil Kapoor) Executive Director DIN 01436404

(Beni Prasad Rauka) Independent Director DIN 00295213

(Harish Agrawal) Senior Vice President & Company Secretary (Rajesh Sharma) Director DIN 00020037

(Mukesh Kacker) Independent Director DIN 01569098

CONSOLIDATED CASH FLOW STATEMENT

for the year ended 31st March, 2016

| | | Year Ended | ₹ in Lacs Year Ended |
|-----------|---|-------------|--------------------------------|
| Parti | culars | 31-03-2016 | 31-03-2015 |
| (A) | Cash Flow From Operating Activities and Exceptional Items | | |
| | Profit Before Taxation | 5,563.85 | 14,909.59 |
| | Add/(Less): | | |
| | Depreciation | 347.63 | 383.10 |
| | Employees Stock Option Scheme Expenses | - | 2.95 |
| | Loss /(Profit) on Sale of Fixed Assets | 1.80 | (0.00) |
| | Bad Debts Written Off | 6,593.77 | - |
| | Provisions/Sundry Balances Written back/off | - | 16.15 |
| | Profit on Sale of Property | - | (106.28) |
| | Provision for Standard Assets | 85.60 | 110.06 |
| | Floating Provision Against Standard Asset | 207.68 | 1,374.43 |
| | Provision for Restructured Standard Asset | (63.87) | 130.64 |
| | Provision for Sub-Standard Assets | 49.12 | (400.00) |
| | Operating Profit before exceptional items | 12,785.58 | 16,420.65 |
| | Add: Exceptional Items | - | - |
| | Operating Profit before working capital changes | 12,785.58 | 16,420.65 |
| | Movements in Working Capital | | |
| | (Increase)/Decrease in Trade & Other Receivables | (23,186.25) | (22,655.76) |
| | (Increase)/Decrease in Stock-in-trade | 2,354.47 | 14,008.98 |
| | Increase/(Decrease) in Trade & Other Payables | 3,655.80 | 3,476.34 |
| | Cash Flow generated from/(used in) Operating Activities | (4,390.40) | 11,250.21 |
| | Less: Direct Taxes Paid | (2,885.30) | (5,389.34) |
| | Net Cash generated from/(used in) Operating Activities (A) | (7,275.70) | 5,860.87 |
| (B) | Cash Flow From Investing Activities | | |
| <u>``</u> | Purchase of Fixed Assets | (306.70) | (58.64) |
| | Sale of Fixed Assets | 10.09 | 0.30 |
| | Sale of Property | - | 301.00 |
| | Investment in Fixed Deposit | 174.80 | (688.80) |
| | Encashment of Fixed Deposit | 1,200.00 | 300.00 |
| | (Purchase)/Sale of Investments | (844.65) | (8,639.77) |
| | Net Cash Flow generated from/(used in) Investing Activities (B) | 233.54 | (8,785.91) |
| (C) | Cash Flow From Financing Activities | | |
| | Dividend Paid | (525.40) | (525.08) |
| | Tax on Dividend | (106.96) | (89.24) |
| | Increase/Decrease in Borrowings | 7,574.77 | 5,000.00 |
| | Increase in Share Capital | - | 2.16 |
| | Net Cash Flow generated from/(used in) Financing Activities (C) | 6,942.41 | 4,387.84 |
| | Net Increase/(Decrease) in Cash & Cash Equivalents (A+B+C) | (99.75) | 1,462.80 |
| | Cash & Cash Equivalents at the beginning | 1,748.85 | 286.05 |
| | Cash & Cash Equivalents at the end | 1,649.10 | 1,748.85 |
| | Net Increase/(Decrease) in Cash & Cash Equivalents | (99.75) | 1,462.80 |

CONSOLIDATED CASH FLOW STATEMENT

for the year ended $31^{\rm st}$ March, 2016

| Not | es: | | ₹ in Lacs |
|------|---|----------|--------------------------|
| 1. | sh and Cash equivalents Year Ended 31-03-2016 | | Year Ended 31-03-2015 |
| | Cash in hand | 11.26 | 1.01 |
| | Balance with banks: | | |
| | In Current Accounts | 1,377.11 | 247.23 |
| | Deposits with original maturity of less than three months | - | - |
| | In Unpaid Dividend Account | 0.89 | 0.61 |
| | Current maturities of fixed deposits with Original Maturity of Less than 3 Months | 259.83 | 1,500.00 |
| Tota | al | 1,649.10 | 1,748.85 |

2. Cash flows arising on account of taxes on income are not specifically bifurcated with respect to investing & financing activities.

3. Previous Quarter's figures have been regrouped, wherever necessary to confirm to current year's classification.

4. Figures in brackets represent outflows.

As per our report of even date attached For and on behalf of **KARNAVAT & CO.** Chartered Accountants Firm Regn. No. 104863W

(Shashikant Gupta) Partner Membership No. 45629

Place: Gangtok, Sikkim Date: April 23, 2016 (Quintin E. Primo III) Non-Executive Chairman DIN 06600839

> (Bhagyam Ramani) Independent Director DIN 00107097

> (T. R. Bajalia) Independent Director DIN 02291892

(Gaurang Shah) Associate Director Finance & Accounts

Place: Gangtok, Sikkim Date: April 23, 2016 For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

(Rajesh Sharma) Director DIN 00020037

(Mukesh Kacker) Independent Director DIN 01569098

(Harish Agrawal) Senior Vice President & Company Secretary

(Sunil Kapoor)

DIN 01436404

DIN 00295213

Executive Director

(Beni Prasad Rauka)

Independent Director

for the year ended 31st March, 2016

1. Significant Accounting Policies

1.1 Basis of preparation

The financial statements of the company have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in India (Indian GAAP) to comply with the accounting standards specified under section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 and the relevant provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and guidelines issued by the Reserve Bank of India ('RBI') as applicable to a Non Banking Finance Company. The financial statements have been prepared on an accrual basis and under the historical cost convention.

The accounting policies adopted in the preparation of financial statements are consistent with those of previous year.

1.2 Use of Estimates:

Presentation and Disclosure of Financial Statement

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Indian GAAP requires the management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenue, expenses, assets and liabilities and the disclosure of contingent liabilities, at the end of the reporting period. Although these estimates are based on the management's best knowledge of current events and actions, uncertainty about these assumptions and estimates could result in the outcomes requiring a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets or liabilities in future periods.

1.3 Basis of Consolidation:

The consolidated financial statements relate to Capri Global Capital Limited (the Parent Company) and its subsidiary companies.

(i) Principles of Consolidation:

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Accounting Standard 21 (AS–21) - "Consolidated Financial Statements" as specified under section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014. The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the following basis:

a) The financial statements of the Parent and its subsidiary companies (together the "Group") have been combined on a line by line basis by adding together the book values of like items of assets, liabilities, income and expenses, after fully eliminating intra-group balances and unrealised profits or losses on intra-group transactions.

- b) The consolidated financial statements have been prepared using uniform accounting policies for like transactions and other events in similar circumstances and are presented, to the extent possible, in the same manner as the Parent Company's separate financial statements. Appropriate adjustments have been made in the financial statements of the subsidiaries with respect to different accounting policies for like transaction and events in similar circumstances for the purpose of preparation of consolidated financial statements.
- c) The excess of cost to the Parent Company of its investment in the subsidiary over the Parent Company's portion of equity of the subsidiary is recognised in the financial statements as Goodwill. This Goodwill is tested for impairment at the end of the financial year. The excess of Parent Company's portion of equity over the cost of investment as at the date of its investment is treated as Capital Reserve.
- d) The financial statements of the subsidiaries used in consolidation are drawn up to the same reporting date as that of the Parent Company i.e. year ended March 31, 2016.
- Wholly owned Indian subsidiary companies included in the consolidated financial statements Name of Subsidiaries;
 - Capri Global Housing Finance Private Limited (Formerly known as Capri Global Securities Private Limited)
 - b) Capri Global Resources Private Limited (Formerly known as Money Matters Resources Private Limited)
- (iii) Wholly owned Indian subsidiary companies merged in Holding Company
 - Capri Global Investment Advisors Private Limited (Formerly known as Money Matters Investment Advisors Private Limited)
 - b) Capri Global Distribution Company Private Limited (Formerly known as Money Matters Distribution Company Private Limited)
 - c) Capri Global Finance Private Limited (Formerly known as Money Matters Capital Private Limited)
 - Capri Global Resources Private Limited (Formerly known as Money Matters Resources Private Limited)

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NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the year ended 31st March, 2016

1.4 Revenue Recognition

Revenue is recognized to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the company and the revenue can be reliably measured. The following specific recognition criteria are met before revenue is recognized:

a) Sale of Traded Goods

Revenue from sale of traded goods is recognized when all the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the traded goods have been passed to the buyer.

b) Income from Advisory Services

Income from Advisory Services are accounted for as and when the relevant services are rendered and revenue is recognised using completed service contract method except where the recovery is uncertain in which case it is accounted for on receipt.

c) Interest

Interest income is recognized on a time proportion basis taking into account the amount outstanding and the applicable interest rate. Interest income is included under the head "Revenue from Operations" in the statement of profit and loss. Delayed Payment charges, Penal Interest, Other Penal Charges, etc., are recognised on receipt basis on account of uncertainty of the ultimate collection of the same. Further, in accordance with the guidelines issued by the Reserve Bank of India for Non-Banking Finance Companies, income on business assets classified as Non-performing Assets, is also recognised on receipt basis.

d) Dividends

Dividend income is recognized when the company's right to receive dividend is established on the reporting date.

1.5 Inventories

The inventories held as stock-in-trade under current assets are valued at lower of cost or market value.

1.6 Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and Cash Equivalents for the purposes of cash flow statement comprise cash at bank and in hand and short term investments with an original maturity of three months or less, as per Accounting Standard 3 "Cash Flows".

1.7 Tangible Fixed Assets

Tangible Fixed Assets are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, if any. The cost of fixed assets comprises purchase price and any attributable cost of bringing the asset to it's working condition for it's intended use.

1.8 Depreciation on Tangible Fixed Assets

The Company has worked depreciation with reference to the Useful life of Fixed Assets prescribed by the PART C of Schedule II to the Act. The carrying values have been depreciated over the remaining useful life of the Asset using Written Down Value Method and the same is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

1.9 Intangible Assets

Intangible Assets are stated at cost less accumulated amortisation and impairment losses, if any. The cost of intangible assets comprises purchase price and any attributable cost of bringing the asset to it's working condition for it's intended use. Intangible assets are amortized over the useful life on prorata basis under the straight line method as estimated by the management, which is generally between three to five years.

1.10 Impairment of Tangible and Intangible Assets

The carrying amount of assets is reviewed at each balance sheet date if there is any indication of impairment based on internal/external factors. An impairment loss is recognized wherever the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the greater of the assets, net selling price and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value at the weighted average cost of capital.

After impairment, depreciation is provided on the revised carrying amount of the asset over its remaining useful life. A previously recognized impairment loss is increased or reversed depending on changes in circumstances. However the carrying value after reversal is not increased beyond the carrying value that would have prevailed by charging usual depreciation if there was no impairment.

1.11 Foreign Currency Translation

- a) Foreign Currency Transactions and Balances
 - (i) Initial recognition

Foreign Currency Transactions are recorded in the reporting currency, by applying to the foreign currency amount the exchange rate between the reporting currency and the foreign currency at the date of the transaction. Exchange differences, if any, arising out of transactions settled during the year are recognised in the statement of profit and loss.

(ii) Conversion

Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in the foreign currencies as at the Balance Sheet date are translated at the closing exchange rates on that date. The exchange differences, if

for the year ended 31st March, 2016

any, are recognised in the statement of profit & loss and related assets and liabilities are accordingly restated in the Balance Sheet.

1.12Investments

Investments which are readily realizable and intended to the held for not more than one year from the date on which such investments are made, are classified as current investments. All other investments are classified as long term investments.

Current investments are carried in the financial statements at lower of cost and fair value determined on an individual investment basis. Long Term Investments are carried at cost. However, provision for diminution in value is made to recognize a decline other than temporary in the value of the investments. In case of investments in mutual funds, the net asset value of units declared by the mutual funds is considered as the fair value.

On disposal of an investment, the difference between its carrying amount and net disposal proceeds is charged or credited to the statement of profit and loss.

1.13Retirement and other employee benefits

The Company has adopted the revised Accounting Standard 15 – Accounting for Employee Benefits. The accounting policy followed by the Company in respect of its employee benefit schemes is set out below:

Gratuity:

The Company has funded Defined Benefit Obligation Plan for gratuity to its employees, who have completed five years or more of service, under the group gratuity scheme of Life Insurance Corporation (LIC) of India & to HDFC Standard Life Insurance Company. The Company has created planned assets by contribution to the gratuity fund with LIC of India & HDFC Standard Life Insurance Company Limited.

Leave Encashment:

Provision for Leave Encashment is made on the basis of Actuarial Valuation.

1.14Employee stock Compensation Cost

Measurement and disclosure of the employee sharebased payment plans is done in accordance with SEBI (Employee Stock Option Scheme and Employee Stock Purchase Scheme) Guidelines, 1999 and the Guidance Note on Accounting for Employee Share-based Payments, issued by ICAI. The Company measures compensation cost relating to employee stock options using the intrinsic value method. Compensation expense is amortized over the vesting period of the option on a straight line basis.

1.15Leases

Where the Company is lessee

Leases, where the lessor effectively retains substantially all the risks and benefits of ownership of the leased item, are classified as operating leases. Operating lease payments are recognized as an expense in the statement of profit and loss on a straight line basis over the lease term.

1.16Earnings Per Share

The Company reports basic and diluted earnings per share in accordance with Accounting Standard 20 – Earning per Share.

Basic earnings per share are calculated by dividing the net profit or loss for the period attributable to equity shareholders (after deducting preference dividends and attributable taxes) by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period. Partly paid equity shares are treated as fraction of an equity share to the extent that they are entitled to participate in dividends relative to a fully paid equity share during the reporting period. The Weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period is adjusted for events such as bonus issue, bonus element in a rights issue, share spilt, and reverse share split (consolidation of shares) that have changed the number of equity shares outstanding, without a corresponding change in resources.

For the purpose of calculating diluted earnings per share, the net profit or loss for the period attributable to equity shareholders and the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the period are adjusted for the effects of all dilutive potential equity shares.

1.17Taxes on Income

Income tax expenses comprises of current tax (i.e. amount of tax for the period determined in accordance with the income-tax law) & the deferred tax charge or benefit (reflecting the tax effect of timing differences between accounting income and taxable income for the period).

Deferred Taxation:

The deferred tax charge or benefit and the corresponding deferred tax liabilities and assets are recognised using the tax rates that have been enacted or substantially enacted as at the balance sheet date. Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent there is

for the year ended 31st March, 2016

reasonable certainty that the asset can be realised in future; however, where there is unabsorbed depreciation or carried forward loss under taxation laws, deferred tax assets are recognised only if there is a virtual certainty of realisation of the assets. Deferred tax assets are reviewed as at each balance sheet date and written down or written up to reflect the amount that is reasonable/ virtually certain (as the case may be) to be realised.

1.18 Provisions

The company creates a provision when there is present obligation as a result of a past event that probably requires an outflow of resources and a reliable estimate can be made of the amounts of the obligation. Provisions are not discounted to their present value and are determined based on the best estimate required to settle the obligation at the reporting date. These estimates are reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimates. If it is no longer probable that the outflow of resources would be required to settle the obligation, the provision is reversed.

1.19Contingent Liabilities / Assets

A contingent liabilities is a possible obligation that arise from past events whose existence will be confirmed by the occurrence or non occurrence of one or more uncertain future events beyond the control of the company or a present obligation that is not recognized because it is not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation. A contingent liability also arises in extremely rare cases where there is a liability that cannot be recognized because it cannot be measured reliably. The company does not recognize a contingent liability but discloses its existence in the financial statements.

Contingent assets are not recognised in the financial statements. However contingent assets are assessed continually and if it is virtually certain that an economic benefit will rise, asset and related income are recognised in the period in which the change occurs.

2. Share Capital

| | | ₹ in Lacs |
|--|------------|------------|
| | 31-03-2016 | 31-03-2015 |
| Authorized Shares | | |
| 7,20,00,000 (31 March 2015: 5,50,00,000) Equity Shares of ₹ 10 each | 7,200.00 | 5,500.00 |
| | 7,200.00 | 5,500.00 |
| Issued, Subscribed and fully paid up Shares | | |
| 3,50,26,961 (31 March 2015: 3,50,26,961) Equity Shares of ₹10/- Each fully paid up | 3,502.70 | 3,502.70 |
| | 3,502.70 | 3,502.70 |

2.1 Reconciliation of the Shares outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the reporting period

| | 31-03-2 | 31-03-2016 | | 31-03-2015 | |
|---|------------|------------|------------|------------|--|
| | Nos. | ₹ In Lacs | Nos. | ₹ In Lacs | |
| Equity Shares: | | | | | |
| At the beginning of the period | 35,026,961 | 3,502.70 | 34,977,953 | 3,497.80 | |
| Issued during the year - Warrant Conversion | - | - | 27,408 | 2.74 | |
| Issued during the year - ESOP | - | - | 21,600 | 2.16 | |
| Outstanding at the end of the period | 35,026,961 | 3,502.70 | 35,026,961 | 3,502.70 | |

2.2 Terms/Rights attached to equity shares:

The company has only one class of equity share having a par value of ₹ 10/- per share. Each holder of equity shares is entitled to one vote per share. The company declares and pays dividends in Indian Rupees. The dividend proposed by the Board of Directors is subject to the approval of the shareholders in the ensuing Annual General Meeting.

During the year ended 31st March, 2016, the amount of per share dividend recognized as distributions to equity shareholders was ₹ 1.50/- (31st March 2015 ₹ 1.50/-)

In the event of liquidation of the company, the holders of equity shares will be entitled to receive remaining assets of the company. The distribution will be proportional to the number of equity shares held by the shareholders.

for the year ended 31st March, 2016

2.3 Details of shareholders holding more than 5% share in the company

Equity Shares of ₹ 10 each fully paid up:

| | 31-03-2016 | | | 31-03-2015 | |
|--|------------|-------|------------|------------|--|
| Name of Shareholder | Nos. | % | Nos. | % | |
| Capri Global Holdings Pvt. Ltd. | 13,208,079 | 37.71 | 13,208,079 | 37.71 | |
| Mr. Ramesh Chandra Sharma | 8,752,986 | 24.99 | 8,752,986 | 24.99 | |
| Capri Global Advisory Services Pvt. Ltd. | 3,503,412 | 10.00 | 3,503,412 | 10.00 | |
| Roopam Multitrade Private Limited | N.A. | N.A. | 1,950,000 | 5.57 | |

As per records of the company, including its register of shareholders/members and other declarations received from shareholders regarding beneficial interest, the above shareholding represents both legal and beneficial ownerships of shares.

3. Reserve and Surplus

| | _ | ₹ in Lac | | |
|-----|---|------------|------------|--|
| | | 31-03-2016 | 31-03-2015 | |
| 3.1 | Securities premium account | | | |
| | Balance as per the last Financial Statements | 44,710.05 | 44,657.47 | |
| | Add : On account of Warrant Conversion | - | 27.30 | |
| | Add : On account of ESOP Exercised | - | 25.28 | |
| | Closing Balance | 44,710.05 | 44,710.05 | |
| 3.2 | General Reserve | | | |
| | Balance as per the last Financial Statements | 3,860.00 | 3,160.00 | |
| | Add:-Addition during the year on account of merger of Subsidiaries | 1,800.53 | - | |
| | Add: Amount transferred from surplus balance in the Statement of Profit and Loss | 310.00 | 700.00 | |
| | Closing Balance | 5,970.53 | 3,860.00 | |
| 3.3 | Surplus / (Deficit) in the statement of profit and loss | | | |
| | Balance as per the last financial statements | 40,353.10 | 35,823.15 | |
| | Profit for the period: | 4,364.97 | 9,523.65 | |
| | Less: Appropriations | | | |
| | Less : Depreciation Charged off as per Revised Depreciation Guidelines (Refer Note 1.9) | - | 10.81 | |
| | Proposed Dividend (Amount per share ₹ 1.50/- (31 March 2015 : ₹ 1.50/-) | 525.40 | 525.40 | |
| | Tax on Proposed Dividend | 106.96 | 106.96 | |
| | Transfer to reserve fund under Section 45 I C(1) of Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934 | 850.00 | 1,850.00 | |
| | Less: Transfer to Reserves as per Section 29C of the National Housing Bank Act, 1987 | 50.00 | - | |
| | Transfer to general reserve | 310.00 | 700.00 | |
| | Closing Balance | 42,875.71 | 42,153.63 | |
| 3.4 | Reserve Fund as per Section 45 I C(1) of Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934 | | | |
| | Balance as per the last financial statements | 12,010.00 | 10,160.00 | |
| | Add: Amount transferred from surplus balance in the Statement of Profit and Loss | 850.00 | 1,850.00 | |
| | Closing Balance | 12,860.00 | 12,010.00 | |
| 3.5 | Statutory Reserve U/s 29C of the National Housing Bank Act, 1987 | | | |
| | Balance as per the last financial statements | - | | |
| | Add: Amount transferred from surplus balance in the Statement of Profit and Loss | 50.00 | - | |
| | Closing Balance | 50.00 | - | |
| 3.6 | Capital Reserve | 284.07 | 284.07 | |
| | Total Reserves and Surplus | 106,750.36 | 103,017.75 | |

for the year ended 31st March, 2016

4. Long term Borrowings

| | | ₹ in Lacs | | |
|------------------------------------|------------|------------|--|--|
| | 31-03-2016 | 31-03-2015 | | |
| rom Banks | | | | |
| Term Loan from Bank of Maharashtra | 4,375.00 | 3,750.00 | | |
| Term Loan from Andhra Bank | 2,610.00 | - | | |
| Term Loan from Bank of India | 2,083.33 | - | | |
| Term Loan from Andhra Bank | 1,100.00 | - | | |
| otal | 10,168.33 | 3,750.00 | | |

Note : The above term loans are secured against the Paripasu Charge on the Standard Identified Receivables of MSME, Retails Credit assets and Wholesale Credit Assets of the Company.

| Name of Bank | Facility amount (₹ In Lacs) | Repayment schedule | Floating Interest Rate |
|------------------------------------|--------------------------------|--|---------------------------|
| Term Loan from Bank of Maharashtra | 5,000.00 | Repayable in 12 quarterly instalments started from Sep 2015 | 11.20% |
| Term Loan from Andhra Bank | 3,000.00 | Repayable in 12 quarterly instalments starting from Dec 2016 | 11.20% |
| Term Loan from Bank of India | 2,500.00 | Repayable in 12 quarterly instalments starting from Dec 2016 | 11.20% |
| Term Loan from Bank of Maharashtra | 20,000.00 | Repayable in 12 quarterly instalments starting from Mar 2017 | 11.20% |
| Term Loan from Andhra Bank | 3,000.00 | Repayable in 12 quarterly instalments starting from Jun 2017 | 11.20% |
| Term Loan from Vijaya Bank | 5,000.00 | Repayable in 12 quarterly instalments starting from May 2017 | 11.20% |

5. Other Liabilities

| | | | | ₹ in Lacs |
|--|------------|-------------|------------|------------|
| | Non-Cu | Non-Current | | ent |
| | 31-03-2016 | 31-03-2015 | 31-03-2016 | 31-03-2015 |
| Current Maturities of Long-term Borrowings | - | - | 2,791.67 | 1,250.00 |
| Temporary overdrawn balance as per books | - | - | 5,465.85 | 3,189.71 |
| Other Payables | | | | |
| Audit fees payable | - | - | 8.70 | 7.91 |
| Service Tax payable | - | - | - | 0.19 |
| PF & ESIC Payable | - | - | 5.32 | 8.52 |
| Profession tax payable | - | - | 0.44 | - |
| TDS payable | - | - | 60.51 | 51.52 |
| Unpaid dividend | - | - | 0.89 | 0.61 |
| Margin Money | 238.45 | 345.17 | 62.00 | 103.17 |
| Other Outstanding expenses | - | - | 589.66 | 0.05 |
| Total | 238.45 | 345.17 | 8,985.04 | 4,611.68 |

6. Short Term Borrowings

| | | ₹ in Lacs |
|-----------------------------|------------|------------|
| | 31-03-2016 | 31-03-2015 |
| From Banks | | |
| CC from Union Bank of India | 1,156.44 | - |
| Total | 1,156.44 | - |

7. Trade Payable

| | | ₹ in Lacs |
|--|------------|------------|
| | 31-03-2016 | 31-03-2015 |
| Trade Payables (Including acceptances) | | |
| - Due to Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises | - | - |
| - Due to Others | 115.63 | 90.08 |
| Total | 115.63 | 90.08 |

for the year ended 31st March, 2016

8. Short Term Provisions

| | | | ₹ in Lacs |
|------|---|------------|------------|
| | | 31-03-2016 | 31-03-2015 |
| 8.1 | Provisions for employee benefits: | | |
| | Salary and Reimbursements | 9.31 | 6.22 |
| | Bonus | 250.00 | 300.00 |
| | Provision for Gratuity | 3.79 | 1.75 |
| | Leave encashment payable | 11.32 | - |
| 8.2 | Others: | | |
| | Proposed Dividend | 525.40 | 525.40 |
| | Provision for Dividend Distribution Tax | 106.96 | 106.96 |
| | Provision for Income Tax (Net of Income Tax Deposits) | - | 41.84 |
| | Provision for expenses | 216.49 | 114.69 |
| Tota | | 1,123.27 | 1,096.86 |
| Note | : | | |
| i) | Provision for Taxation (Net of deposits) comprises of : | | |
| | Provision for Income Tax | - | 30,494.70 |
| | Less : Income Tax Deposits | - | 30,452.86 |
| | | - | 41.84 |

| | Life | | GROSS BLOCK | .OCK | | | DEPRECIA | DEPRECIATION / AMORTIZATION | ZATION | | NET BLOCK | .OCK |
|------------------------|-----------------|------------|--------------------|-----------|--------------------------|---------------------|--------------|------------------------------------|----------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|------------------|
| | | Cost as at | Additions | Disposals | Cost as at 31 03 2016 | As at 01.04.2015 | For the year | Adjustment in Retained | Adjustment on Disnosals | As at 31.03.2016 | As at 31 03 2016 | As at 31 03 2015 |
| | | | | | | | | Earnings | 22000 | | | |
| a) Tangible Assets | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Computers | 3 yrs. / 6 yrs. | 272.45 | 80.79 | 4.44 | 348.80 | 220.75 | 46.62 | 1 | 4.19 | 263.18 | 85.63 | 51.71 |
| Furniture and Fixtures | 10 years | 412.18 | 19.91 | 0.68 | 431.41 | 287.62 | 41.26 | 1 | 0.55 | 328.33 | 103.08 | 124.56 |
| Office Equipments | 5 years | 120.24 | 25.18 | 2.55 | 142.87 | 92.47 | 16.94 | | 2.38 | 107.02 | 35.85 | 27.77 |
| Electric Installation | 8 years | 29.08 | - | 1 | 29.08 | 19.12 | 3.40 | 1 | I | 22.52 | 6.57 | 9.96 |
| Vehicles | 8 years | 280.19 | 154.43 | 52.41 | 382.21 | 174.74 | 46.13 | I | 41.06 | 179.81 | 202.40 | 105.45 |
| Current Year | | 1,114.15 | 280.30 | 60.08 | 1,334.37 | 794.69 | 154.35 | | 48.19 | 900.85 | 433.54 | 319.46 |
| Previous Year | | 1,077.88 | 37.53 | 1.26 | 1,114.15 | 584.21 | 195.29 | 16.15 | 0.96 | 794.69 | 319.46 | |
| b) Intangible Assets | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Software | (Refer note a) | 162.32 | 26.40 | 1 | 188.72 | 96.43 | 51.90 | 1 | 1 | 148.33 | 40.38 | 65.89 |
| Royalty | (Refer note b) | 705.40 | 1 | 1 | 705.40 | 234.49 | 141.39 | I | 1 | 375.88 | 329.52 | 470.91 |
| Current Year | | 867.72 | 26.40 | • | 894.12 | 330.93 | 193.29 | | 1 | 524.22 | 369.90 | 536.79 |
| Previous Year | | 846.61 | 21.11 | I | 867.72 | 143.12 | 187.81 | | | 330.93 | 536.79 | |

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Software are amortized on pro rata basis using straight line method over the useful life estimated by the management which is three years.

Royalty is amortized on pro-rata basis using straight line method over the useful life estimated by the management which is five years.

Gross Block of Computers as on 01.04.2015 includes ₹ 4.75 Lacs (WDV ₹ 0.24 Lacs) of Subsidiary Company acquired on account of Scheme of Merger.

Amortization of software : a) c) d)

| | Cost | Amortized | | Balance to be amortized | ortized |
|---------------------|--------|---------------|--------|-------------------------|---------|
| rear or Acquisition | | No. of years* | Amount | No. of years* | Amount |
| 2010-11 | 13.31 | m | 13.31 | | |
| 2011-12 | 3.44 | c | 3.44 | | 1 |
| 2012-13 | 19.39 | З | 19.39 | | 1 |
| 2013-14 | 810.47 | 2 | 472.97 | 1 | 337.50 |
| 2014-15 | 21.11 | 1 | 11.41 | 2 | 9.70 |
| 2015-16 | 26.40 | 1 | 3.69 | r | 22.70 |
| Total | 894.12 | | 524.22 | | 369.90 |

* Period of amortization less than 6 months is not considered in the number of years column.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the year ended 31st March, 2016

Financial Statements

for the year ended 31st March, 2016

10. Investments

| | | | | ₹ in Lacs |
|---|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| _ | Non-Cu | | Curre | |
| | 31-03-2016 | 31-03-2015 | 31-03-2016 | 31-03-2015 |
| 10.1 Investment in Equity Instruments | | | | |
| i (Non-trade Investments , Quoted) | | | | |
| 3,68,000 (31 March 2015 : 3,68,000) CARE Equity Shares | 2,689.55 | 2,689.55 | _ | _ |
| of ₹10 each fully paid -up | 2,009.00 | 2,009.00 | - | |
| ii (Trade Investments , Unquoted) | | | | |
| Nil (31 March 2015 : 1) Equity Share of ₹ 10/- each fully paid up of Ganraj Homes Pvt. Ltd | - | - | - | - |
| 10.2 Investment in Mutual Funds | | | | |
| (Non-trade Investments, Unquoted) | | | | |
| Nil (31 March 2015 : 7,69,951.75) Units of ICICI PRU MF Money Market-D-G-Inv | - | - | - | 1,485.69 |
| 36,55,137.75 (31 March 2015 : 36,55,137.75) units of Rel. Floating Rate STP(Dir Growth Dir Plan) | - | - | 800.00 | 800.00 |
| 51,187.07(31 March 2015 : 64,458.44) units of Rel. Liquid Fund Cash Fund Plan-DG-Inv. | - | - | 1,250.00 | 1,440.00 |
| 63,08,966.30 (31 March 2015 : 34,44,759.83) Units of Reliance Medium Fund-Inv | - | - | 2,000.00 | 1,000.00 |
| Nil (31 March 2015 : 56,267.70) Units of Rel MF Liquid - Treasury - Direct - G - Investments | - | - | - | 1,916.41 |
| Nil (31 March 2015 : 75,871.21) units of IDFC MF Cash Fund (G) Direct | - | - | - | 1,285.33 |
| Nil (31 March 2015 : 51,966.29) units of Rel. Money Manager Fund DG Invest. | - | - | - | 1,000.00 |
| 5,35,494.11 (31 March 2015 : Nil) units of ICICI PRU Liquid Fund D-G-Invt | - | - | 1,200.00 | - |
| 2,78,02,353.54 (31 March 2015 : Nil) units of Rel. Banking & PSU Dir-Growth-Investment | - | - | 3,000.00 | - |
| | - | - | 8,250.00 | 8,927.44 |
| 10.3 Other Non-Current Investments | | | | |
| (valued at cost) | | | | |
| Investment in Immovable Property | 109.74 | 109.74 | - | - |
| Total | 2,799.28 | 2,799.28 | 8,250.00 | 8,927.44 |
| Aggregate amount of Quoted Investments | 2,689.55 | 2,689.55 | - | - |
| Aggregate amount of Unquoted Investments | | | | |
| In Mutual Funds | - | - | 8,250.00 | 8,927.44 |
| In Plot | 109.74 | 109.74 | - | - |
| In Equity Shares | - | - | - | - |
| Market value of Quoted investments | 3,446.69 | 5,444.74 | - | - |

11. Deferred Tax Assets

(Disclosure as per AS-22 "Accounting for Taxes on Income")

| | | ₹ in Lacs |
|--|------------|------------|
| | 31-03-2016 | 31-03-2015 |
| Deferred Tax Assets | | |
| Timing difference on account of : | | |
| Excess of WDV of the assets as per Income Tax Act, 1961 over the Financial Books. | 191.49 | 42.11 |
| Carry Forward losses under the Income Tax Act, 1961 | 2.49 | 136.03 |
| Gross Deferred Tax Assets (A) | 193.98 | 178.14 |
| Deferred Tax Liabilities | | |
| Excess of WDV of the assets as per Financial Books over the WDV as per Income Tax Act, 1961. | - | 0.07 |
| Gross Deferred Tax Liabilities (B) | - | 0.07 |
| Deferred Tax Assets (Net) (A - B) | 193.98 | 178.07 |
| Amount to be Charged to Statement of Profit and Loss before adjustment | (15.91) | (27.67) |
| Adjustment on account of Depreciation as per Revised Depreciation Guidelines | - | 5.35 |
| Amount to be Charged to Statement of Profit and Loss after adjustment | (15.91) | (22.32) |

for the year ended 31st March, 2016

12. Loans and Advances

| | | | | | ₹ in Lacs |
|-----|--|-------------|------------|------------|------------|
| | - | Non-Cu | rrent | Curre | nt |
| | _ | 31-03-2016 | 31-03-2015 | 31-03-2016 | 31-03-2015 |
| i | Capital Advances | | | | |
| | Unsecured, considered good | 1,352.35 | 1,315.11 | 320.60 | - |
| | | 1,352.35 | 1,315.11 | 320.60 | - |
| II | Deposits | | | | |
| | Unsecured, considered good | 5.00 | - | - | - |
| | Security deposit | 44.86 | 26.71 | 42.30 | 30.02 |
| | | 49.86 | 26.71 | 42.30 | 30.02 |
| iii | Other Loans and Advances | | | | |
| | Income Tax Deposits (Net of provision for taxation) | 1,625.88 | - | - | - |
| | Other Advances | - | 0.06 | 3.33 | 5.72 |
| | Prepaid Expenses | 18.00 | 9.42 | 27.59 | 22.60 |
| | Loans to Employees | | | | |
| | Less than 12 months | - | - | - | - |
| | More than 12 months | 61.96 | 34.78 | - | - |
| | Current maturities of more than 12 months | - | - | 25.06 | 22.83 |
| | Gratuity Fund with LIC of India | - | - | 0.53 | - |
| | Advances Recoverable in cash or kind (Secured, Considered good) | 89,959.62 | 60,865.78 | 15,534.90 | 29,401.43 |
| | | 91,665.46 | 60,910.04 | 15,591.41 | 29,452.57 |
| | Less: Statutory Provision on Standard Assets as per RBI directions | (443.53) | (300.55) | (74.61) | (133.72) |
| | Less : Floating Provision Against Standard Asset | - | (825.96) | - | (396.73) |
| | Less : Provision for Substandard Restructured Assets | (25.00) | - | (21.76) | (130.64) |
| | Less : Provision made for Non Performing Asset | (109.39) | (75.67) | (26.56) | (4.43) |
| | | 91,087.54 | 59,707.86 | 15,468.48 | 28,787.05 |
| Tot | al | 92,489.75 | 61,049.68 | 15,831.38 | 28,817.07 |
| Not | te : | | | | |
| Inc | ome Tax Deposits (Net of provisions) comprises of : | | | | |
| Inc | ome Tax Deposits | 12,751.08 | | | |
| Les | s: Provision for Income Tax | (11,125.20) | | | |
| | | 1,625.88 | | | |

13. Other Assets

| | | | | ₹ in Lacs |
|---|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| | Non-Cu | rrent | Curre | nt |
| | 31-03-2016 | 31-03-2015 | 31-03-2016 | 31-03-2015 |
| Interest accrued but not due on Loans | 2.00 | 1,776.26 | 4,836.72 | 728.85 |
| Interest accrued but not due on FD and Bonds | 4.73 | - | 136.56 | - |
| Fixed Deposits with original maturity for more than 12 months | 305.32 | 15.63 | - | - |
| Current Maturity of Fixed Deposits with original maturity for more than 12 months | - | 1,550.00 | 3,706.47 | 1,253.86 |
| Inventory of Gift Items | - | - | 60.91 | 60.91 |
| TDS Receivable | - | - | 0.02 | 0.41 |
| Service Tax Receivables | - | - | 18.75 | 21.90 |
| Less : Statutory Provision on Standard Assets | - | (8.66) | (23.65) | (2.59) |
| Less : Floating Provision Against Standard Asset | - | (25.98) | - | (7.78) |
| Total | 312.05 | 3,307.25 | 8,735.78 | 2,055.54 |

Note :

Fixed Deposits of ₹ Nil (31 March 2015 ₹ 15.63 Lacs) have been pledged as security for Bank Guarantee.

Fixed Deposits of ₹ 1200.00 Lacs (31 March 2015 : ₹ 1200 Lacs (Included in Note 16.1)) have been pledged as security for overdraft facility from bank.

for the year ended 31st March, 2016

14. Inventories

(valued at lower of cost and net realizable value)

| | | ₹ in Lacs |
|---|------------|------------|
| | 31-03-2016 | 31-03-2015 |
| Traded Goods | | |
| Bonds | | |
| NIL (31 March 2015 : 250) Units of 8.95% Infotel Broadband Services Ltd | - | 2,354.47 |
| Total | - | 2,354.47 |

15. Trade receivables:

| | | ₹ in Lacs |
|--|------------|------------|
| | 31-03-2016 | 31-03-2015 |
| Secured, considered good | | |
| Outstanding for a period exceeding six months | 42.54 | 56.24 |
| Outstanding for a period less than six months | 797.04 | 2,594.11 |
| Less : Provision for Std Assets | (1.95) | (12.62) |
| Less : Provision for Restructured Assets | (20.01) | - |
| Less : Provision made for Non Performing Asset | (5.85) | (12.58) |
| Less : Floating Provision Against Standard Asset | - | (25.28) |
| Total | 811.77 | 2,599.87 |

16. Cash and Bank Balances

| | | ₹ in Lacs |
|--|------------|------------|
| | 31-03-2016 | 31-03-2015 |
| 16.1 Cash and Cash equivalents | | |
| Cash in hand | 11.26 | 1.01 |
| Balance with Banks | | |
| In Current Accounts | 1,377.11 | 244.66 |
| In Unpaid Dividend Account | 0.89 | 0.61 |
| Fixed Deposits with original maturity of less then 3 months | 259.83 | 1,502.56 |
| | 1,649.09 | 1,748.84 |
| 16.2 Other Bank Balances | | |
| Fixed Deposits with original maturity for more than 3 months but less than 12 months | 163.70 | 1,720.50 |
| Current maturities of fixed deposits with original maturity of more than 12 months | - | - |
| | 163.70 | 1,720.50 |
| Total | 1,812.79 | 3,469.34 |

17. Revenue from Operations

| | | ₹ in Lacs |
|--------------------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| | Year Ended 31-03-2016 | Year Ended 31-03-2015 |
| 7.1 Income from traded goods | | |
| Sale of Government & Corporate Bonds | 2,516.25 | - |
| Sale of Mutual Funds | - | 77,001.43 |
| | 2,516.25 | 77,001.43 |
| Add : Closing Stock | - | 2,354.47 |
| Less : Opening Stock | 2,354.47 | 17,270.51 |
| Less : Purchases of Mutual Fund | - | 61,369.47 |
| Less : Direct Expenses | - | 0.15 |
| | 161.78 | 715.78 |
| 7.2 Revenue From Financial Services | | |
| Loan Processing Fees Received | 694.98 | 520.24 |
| | 694.98 | 520.24 |

for the year ended 31st March, 2016

| | | ₹ in Lacs |
|---|------------|------------|
| | Year Ended | Year Ended |
| | 31-03-2016 | 31-03-2015 |
| 7.3 Interest Income | | |
| Interest on Loans given | 15,640.19 | 16,785.59 |
| Interest on Bonds | 74.79 | 184.83 |
| Interest on Bank Deposits | 416.24 | 308.27 |
| | 16,131.22 | 17,278.69 |
| 7.4 Other Operating Income | | |
| Dividend on Non Current Investments | 95.68 | 168.48 |
| Dividend on Current Investments | - | 133.65 |
| Gain on sale of Non Current Investments | - | 81.60 |
| Gain on Sale of Current Investments | 1,260.03 | 498.03 |
| Provisions no longer required, written back | 52.04 | 16.15 |
| Foreclosure Fees Received | 506.96 | 410.77 |
| | 1,914.71 | 1,308.68 |
| otal Revenue from Operations | 18,902.69 | 19,823.39 |

18. Other Income

| | | ₹ in Lacs | |
|--|--------------------------|--------------------------|--|
| | Year Ended 31-03-2016 | Year Ended 31-03-2015 | |
| Bad Debts Recovered | - | 139.56 | |
| Rent Received | 16.29 | 16.29 | |
| Interest on Income Tax Refund | - | 0.09 | |
| Profit on sale of Property | - | 106.28 | |
| Profit on sale of Fixed Assets | - | 0.02 | |
| Notice Pay Recovery | - | 2.33 | |
| Income from title transfer of Immovable Property | 140.10 | 520.00 | |
| Other Income | 0.07 | - | |
| Total | 156.46 | 784.57 | |

19. Employee Benefit Expenses

| | | ₹ in Lacs |
|--|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| | Year Ended 31-03-2016 | Year Ended 31-03-2015 |
| Salaries, Wages and Bonus | 3,072.14 | 2,450.78 |
| Contribution to Provident Fund | 55.86 | 48.12 |
| Employees Stock Option Scheme Expenses | - | 2.95 |
| Gratuity Expenses | 34.51 | 24.53 |
| Staff Welfare Expenses | 110.17 | 110.64 |
| Total | 3,272.68 | 2,637.02 |

20. Finance Costs

| | ₹ in Lacs | |
|----------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| | Year Ended 31-03-2016 | Year Ended 31-03-2015 |
| Interest on Bank Overdraft | 5.44 | 1.09 |
| Loan Processing Fees | 209.95 | 72.15 |
| Interest on Term Loan | 944.67 | 370.28 |
| Interest on Bank CC | 17.67 | 21.59 |
| Total | 1,177.73 | 465.12 |

for the year ended 31st March, 2016

21. Depreciation and Amortization Expenses

| | ₹ in Lacs | |
|-----------------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| | Year Ended 31-03-2016 | Year Ended 31-03-2015 |
| Depreciation of Tangible Assets | 154.35 | 195.30 |
| Amortization of Intangible Assets | 193.29 | 187.81 |
| Total | 347.64 | 383.10 |

22. Loan Provisions/Write off (Net off Provision)

| | | ₹ in Lacs | |
|---|--------------------------|--------------------------|--|
| | Year Ended 31-03-2016 | Year Ended 31-03-2015 | |
| Bad Debts Written Off (Net off Provision) | 6,593.77 | - | |
| General Provision for Standard assets | 85.60 | 110.06 | |
| Floating Provision Against Standard Asset | 207.68 | 1,281.75 | |
| Provision for Restructured Standard Asset | (63.87) | 130.64 | |
| Provision made for Non Performing Asset | 49.12 | (307.32) | |
| Total | 6,872.30 | 1,215.13 | |

23. Other Expenses

| · | | ₹ in Lacs | |
|--|------------|------------|--|
| | Year Ended | Year Ended | |
| | 31-03-2016 | 31-03-2015 | |
| Advertisement Expenses | 2.80 | 5.15 | |
| Loss On Sale Of Fixed Assets | 1.80 | 0.02 | |
| Bank charges | 7.56 | 5.14 | |
| Business Promotion Expenses | 70.08 | 1.93 | |
| Computer Maintenance | 3.92 | 24.62 | |
| Conveyance Expenses | 58.57 | 35.29 | |
| Custodian Charges | 1.61 | 2.28 | |
| CSR Expenses | 232.07 | 18.23 | |
| Delivery/Brokerage Charges | - | 0.70 | |
| Directors Sitting Fees | 22.39 | 13.59 | |
| Donation | 1.18 | 0.60 | |
| Electricity Charges | 48.30 | 39.35 | |
| Filing & Other Fees to ROC | 2.21 | 1.15 | |
| General Expenses | 112.30 | 85.39 | |
| Insurance Charges | 8.63 | 7.32 | |
| Roc & Other Fees | 0.10 | 0.35 | |
| Legal & Professional Fees | 527.03 | 185.15 | |
| Listing Fees & Stock Exchange Fees | 2.13 | 2.57 | |
| Meeting & Conference Expenses | 21.07 | 3.50 | |
| Membership & Subscription | 18.66 | 14.22 | |
| Motor Car Expenses | 7.97 | 12.85 | |
| Payment to Auditors (as per details given below) | 10.49 | 9.90 | |
| Printing & Stationery | 44.32 | 24.37 | |
| Postage & Stamps | 14.06 | 7.16 | |
| Rates & Taxes | 0.58 | 0.86 | |
| Recruitment & Training Expenses | 54.14 | 19.43 | |
| Rent Paid | 332.77 | 332.98 | |
| Software Expenses | 13.80 | 5.90 | |
| STT on sale of Investment | - | 0.48 | |
| Telephone and Internet Expenses | 83.36 | 45.29 | |
| Travelling Expenses | 114.57 | 90.92 | |
| Sundry Balance Written off | 6.46 | 1.29 | |
| Miscellaneous expenses | 0.01 | 0.02 | |
| Total | 1,824.94 | 997.99 | |

for the year ended 31st March, 2016

| | | ₹ in Lacs | |
|---|--------------------------|--------------------------|--|
| | Year Ended 31-03-2016 | Year Ended 31-03-2015 | |
| Payment to Auditors Include | | | |
| As Auditor | | | |
| Statutory Audit Fees | 6.26 | 6.19 | |
| Tax Audit Fees | 1.45 | 1.75 | |
| Limited Review | 1.47 | 1.22 | |
| In Other capacity | - | | |
| Certification fees | 1.31 | 0.47 | |
| Other services | - | 0.15 | |
| Reimbursement of Expenses (Service tax) | - | 0.11 | |
| | 10.49 | 9.90 | |

24. Gratuity and other post employment benefit plans (AS - 15)

The Company has an funded defined benefit obligation plan for gratuity under the Group Gratuity scheme of Life Insurance Corporation of India. The company has created plan assets by contributing to the Gratuity Fund with LIC Of India & to HDFC Standard Life Insurance Company.

The following tables summarise the components of the net employee benefit expenses recognised in the Statement of profit and loss, and the fund status and amount recognised in the balance sheet for the gratuity benefit plan.

A) Principal actuarial assumptions as at the balance sheet date:

| | 2015-16 | 2014-15 |
|-------------------------|--|---------------------------|
| Mortality | Indian Assured Life Mortality (2006-08) | LIC 1994-96 (ultimate) |
| Discount Rate | 7.96% | 7.95% |
| Salary Escalation | 5.00% | 5.00% |
| Employee Attrition Rate | 5.00% | 5.00% |

B) Changes in the present value of the defined benefit obligation are as follows:

| | | ₹ in Lacs |
|---|---------|-----------|
| | 2015-16 | 2014-15 |
| Liability at the beginning of the Year | 70.46 | 41.16 |
| Interest Cost | 5.57 | 3.84 |
| Current Service Cost | 29.34 | 20.64 |
| Past Service Cost (non vested benefit) | - | - |
| Past Service Cost (vested benefit) | - | - |
| Benefits paid | (9.02) | - |
| Actuarial (Gain)/Loss on Obligations - Due to change in Financial Assumptions | (0.10) | 8.93 |
| Actuarial (Gain)/Loss | 2.16 | (4.11) |
| Liability at the end of the Year | 98.41 | 70.46 |

C) The major categories of plan assets as a percentage of the fair value of total plan assets are as follows:

| | | ₹ in Lacs |
|--|---------|-----------|
| Particulars | 2015-16 | 2014-15 |
| Investments | 68.71 | 48.90 |
| Actual return on plan assets | 5.03 | 4.25 |
| Contributions | 32.99 | 15.03 |
| Benefits Paid | (9.02) | - |
| Actuarial Gain/(Loss) on plan assets | (2.56) | 0.53 |
| Fair value of plan assets at the end of the year | 95.15 | 68.71 |

for the year ended 31st March, 2016

D) Amount Recognized in Balance Sheet

Provision for Gratuity

| | | ₹ in Lacs |
|--|---------|-----------|
| | 2015-16 | 2014-15 |
| Liability at the end of the Year | 98.41 | 70.46 |
| Fair Value of plan assets at the end of the year | 95.15 | 68.71 |
| Difference | (3.26) | (1.75) |
| Unrecognised past service cost | - | - |
| Unrecognised transition liability | - | - |
| Amount in Balance Sheet | (3.26) | (1.75) |

E) Statement of Profit and Loss

Net Employee Benefit Expenses (recognised in employee cost)

| | ₹ in La | |
|---|---------|---------|
| | 2015-16 | 2014-15 |
| Current Service Cost | 29.34 | 20.64 |
| Interest on defined benefit obligation | 0.84 | 3.84 |
| Expected returns on plan assets | (0.30) | (4.25) |
| Net actuarial losses/(gains) recognised in the year | 4.63 | 4.30 |
| Past Service Cost | - | - |
| Actuarial (gain)/losses | - | - |
| Total included in employee benefit expense | 34.50 | 24.53 |

Leave Encashment:

A) Actuarial assumptions as at the balance sheet date:

| | 2015-16 |
|---------------------------------|--|
| Mortality | Indian Assured Life Mortality (2006-08) |
| Mortality Rate After Employment | N.A. |
| Discount Rate | 7.96% |
| Salary Escalation | 5.00% |
| Employee Attrition Rate | 5.00% |
| Expected Return on Plan Assets | N.A. |

B) Changes in the present value of the Projected Benefit Obligation are as follows:

| | ₹ in Lacs |
|---|-----------|
| | 2015-16 |
| Liability at the beginning of the Year | - |
| Interest Cost | - |
| Current Service Cost | 11.32 |
| Past Service Cost (non vested benefit) | - |
| Past Service Cost (vested benefit) | - |
| Benefits paid | - |
| Actuarial (Gain)/Loss on Obligations - Due to change in Financial Assumptions | 11.32 |
| Actuarial (Gain)/Loss | (11.32) |
| Liability at the end of the Year | 11.32 |

C) Amount Recognized in Balance Sheet

Provision for Leave Encashment

| | ₹ in Lacs |
|--|-----------|
| | 2015-16 |
| Present Value of Benefit Obligation at the end of the Year | 11.32 |
| Fair Value of Plan assets at the end of the year | - |
| Funded Status (Surplus/(deficit)) | (11.32) |
| Unrecognised past service cost at the end of the Year | - |
| Amount in Balance Sheet | (11.32) |

for the year ended 31st March, 2016

D) Statement of Profit and Loss

Net Employee Benefit Expenses (recognised in employee cost)

| | ₹ in Lacs |
|---|-----------|
| | 2015-16 |
| Current Service Cost | 11.32 |
| Net Interest Cost | - |
| Expected returns on plan assets | - |
| Net actuarial losses/(gains) recognised in the year | - |
| Past Service Cost | - |
| Actuarial (gain)/losses | - |
| Total included in employee benefit expense | 11.32 |

Note:

1. The Company has made provision of Leave Encashment amounting to ₹ 11.32 Lacs for the employees who are at the rank of Associate Vice President and above.

2. Previous Year figures has not been disclosed since this is first year of actuarial valuation.

25. Employee Stock Option Plan

During the year the Company granted 4,00,000 Employee Stock Options (ESOP) under the Employee Stock Option Scheme 2009 (ESOP 2009) to an employee spread over a period of 5 years. The said ESOPs will start its vesting period from October 15, 2016. Hence, no provision is required to be made during the current financial year.

26. Segment Reporting (AS-17)

Primary Segment (Business Segment)

The Company operates mainly in the business segment of fund based financing activity. All other activities revolve around the main business. Further, all activities are carried out within India. As such, there are no separate reportable segments as per the provisions of AS 17 on 'Segment Reporting'.

Secondary Segment (Geographical Segment)

The Company operates only in domestic markets. As a result separate segment information for different geographical segments is also not disclosed.

27. Disclosures as required by Accounting Standard (AS-18) 'Related Party Disclosures' in respect of transactions for the year are as under:

A. List of Related Parties over which control exists:

- i) Enterprises over which Management and/or their relatives have control ;
 - 1 Money Matters Infrastructure Private Limited
 - 2 Parijat Properties Pvt. Ltd
 - 3 Dreamwork Media & Entertainment Pvt. Ltd
 - 4 Ramesh Chandra Sharma HUF
 - 5 Capri Global Holdings Pvt. Ltd

ii) Key Management Personnel ;

| 1 | Mr. Rajesh Sharma | Promoter Director of CGCL |
|---|-------------------|---|
| | | Director of CGHFPL (Up to 25 th Sept 2014) & |
| | | Director of CGIAPL, CGDCPL, CGFPL, CGRPL & CGREPL (Up to 28th March 2015) |
| 2 | Mr. Sunil Kapoor | Executive Director of CGCL, |
| | | Director of CGHFPL (From 25 th Sept 2014) |
| | | Director of CGREPL (From 28th March 2015) & |
| | | Director of CGIAPL, CGDCPL, CGFPL & CGRPL (Up to 31 st March 2015) |
| 3 | Mr. Ashok Agarwal | Director of CGREPL (From 8-January-2014) |
| | | Director of CGIAPL, CGDCPL, CGFPL & CGRPL (Up to 31st March 2015) |
| 4 | Mr Harish Agrawal | Company Secretary of CGCL, |
| | | Company Secretary of CGDCPL (Up to 31st March 2015) |
| 5 | Mr. Anand Agarwal | Chief Financial Officer of CGCL (from 16 -October-2014 up to 29-Dec-2014) |
| 6 | Mrs. Riddhi Shah | Company Secretary of CGHFPL |
| 7 | Ms. Trusha Dand | Company Secretary of CGIAPL (Up to 31st March 2015) |

for the year ended 31st March, 2016

iii) Key:

- 1 Capri Global Capital Limited (CGCL)
- 2 Capri Global Housing Finance Private Limited. (CGHFPL)
- 3 Capri Global Investment Advisors Private Limited. (CGIAPL) (subsidiary up to 31st March 2015)
- 4 Capri Global Distribution Company Private Limited. (CGDCPL) (subsidiary up to 31st March 2015)
- 5 Capri Global Finance Private Limited. (CGFPL) (subsidiary up to 31st March 2015)
- 6 Capri Global Research Private Limited. (CGRPL) (subsidiary up to 31st March 2015)
- 7 Capri Global Resources Private Limited. (CGREPL)

B. Details of transactions during the year and closing balances as at the year end ;

| Sr. | | Enterprises Management relatives ha | and/or their | Key Mana Perso | • | Tot | al |
|-----|---|---|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| No. | Particulars | Year Ended Mar 31, 2016 | Year Ended Mar 31, 2015 | Year Ended Mar 31, 2016 | Year Ended Mar 31, 2015 | Year Ended Mar 31, 2016 | Year Ended Mar 31, 2015 |
| 1 | Statement of Profit and Loss Items: | | | | | | |
| i | Incomes | | | | - | | |
| | Rent Received | 16.29 | 16.29 | - | - | 16.29 | 16.29 |
| ii | Expenses | | | | | | |
| | Rent Paid | 122.27 | 181.54 | - | - | 122.27 | 181.54 |
| | Salaries, Commission and other benefits | - | - | 165.63 | 184.12 | 165.63 | 184.12 |
| | Director Sitting Fees | - | - | 1.50 | 1.00 | 1.50 | 1.00 |
| 2 | Balance Sheet Items: | | | | | | |
| | Advance Received | 305.00 | - | - | - | 305.00 | - |
| | Advance Repaid | 305.00 | - | - | - | 305.00 | - |

Note : Related Party Disclosures are given by the Management and relied upon by the Auditors.

28. Leases (AS - 19)

Operating Leases:

The company has taken office premises & guest houses under operating lease and the leases are of cancellable/ noncancellable in nature. The lease arrangement are normally renewable on expiry of the lease period at the option of the lessor/ lessee ranging from 3 to 5 years. Some of the lease agreements are having lock in period of six months to three years which are non-cancellable during that period. After the expiry of the lock in period, the lease agreement becomes cancellable in nature at the option of the lessor or the lessee by giving 1-3 months notice to the either party. There are no restrictions imposed by the lease agreement. There is no contingent rent in the lease agreement. There is escalation clause in some lease agreements. The future minimum lease payments in respect of the non cancellable lease are as follows :

| | | | ₹ in Lacs |
|-----|---|-----------|-----------|
| Par | ticulars | 2015-2016 | 2014-2015 |
| a) | Payable not later than one year | 133.08 | 14.25 |
| b) | Payable later than one year and not later than five years | 95.06 | 34.29 |
| C) | Payable later than five years | - | |

The lease payments recognized in the Statement of Profit & Loss in respect of non-cancellable lease for the year are ₹ 98.20 Lacs (31 March 2015: ₹3.23 Lacs).

The lease payments recognized in the Statement of Profit & Loss in respect of cancellable lease for the year are ₹ 232.62 Lacs (31 March 2015: ₹325.16 Lacs).

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for the year ended 31st March, 2016

The Company had sub-leased the office premises under operating lease in the current year.

The lease income recognized in the Statement of Profit & Loss for the year is ₹ 16.29 Lacs (31 March 2015: ₹16.29 Lacs).

29. Earnings Per Share (AS - 20)

| Particulars | | | For Year Ended 31-03-2016 | For Year Ended 31-03-2015 |
|---|---------|-----------|------------------------------|------------------------------|
| Net Profit after tax as per Statement of Profit and Loss | (A) | ₹ In Lacs | 4,364.97 | 9,523.65 |
| Weighted average number of equity shares for calculating Basic EPS | (B) | Nos. | 35,026,961 | 35,013,630 |
| Weighted average number of equity shares for calculating Diluted EPS | (C) | Nos. | 35,026,961 | 35,013,630 |
| Basic earnings per equity share (in Rupees) (Face value of ₹ 10/- per share) | (A)/(B) | | 12.46 | 27.20 |
| Diluted earnings per equity share (in Rupees) (Face value of ₹ 10/- per share) | (A)/(C) | | 12.46 | 27.20 |

| Particulars | | For Year Ended 31-03-2016 | For Year Ended 31-03-2015 |
|---|------|------------------------------|------------------------------|
| Weighted average number of equity shares for calculating EPS | Nos. | 35,026,961 | 35,013,630 |
| Add : Equity shares arising on conversion of warrants | Nos. | - | - |
| Add : Equity shares for no consideration arising on grant of stock options under ESOP | Nos. | - | - |
| Weighted average number of equity shares in calculation of diluted EPS | Nos. | 35,026,961 | 35,013,630 |

30. The company believes that no impairment of assets arises during the year as per Accounting Standard - 28 "Impairment of Assets."

31. Contingent Liabilities

On account of bank guarantee to the Central Bureau of Investigation against release of cash ₹ Nil (31 March 2015: ₹ 12.12 Lacs)

32. Capital and other commitments

- a) Estimated amount of contracts remaining to be executed on capital account and not provided for ₹ 2.92 Lacs (31 March 2015 ₹ 2.92 Lacs)
- b) Amount payable towards acquisition of Property: ₹ 5,350.97 Lacs (31 March 2015 ₹ Nil)
- c) Pending disbursements of sanctioned loans of ₹ 20,501.08 Lacs (31 March 2015 ₹ 8,541.59 Lacs)

33. Expenditure in Foreign Currency

| Foreign Travelling Expenses | ₹ 24.77 Lacs (31 March 2015 : ₹ 12.63 Lacs) |
|-----------------------------|---|
| Staff Welfare Expenses | ₹ Nil (31 March 2015 : ₹ 1.60 Lacs) |
| Director Sitting Fees | ₹ 1.50 Lacs (31 March 2015 : ₹ 1.00 Lacs) |

34. Details of dues to Micro and Small Enterprises as defined under the MSMED Act, 2006

Based on the intimation received by the Company, none of the suppliers have confirmed to be registered under "The Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development ('MSMED') Act, 2006". Accordingly, no disclosures relating to amounts unpaid as at the year end together with interest paid /payable are required to be furnished.

35. The Non-Banking Financial (Non-Deposit Accepting or Holding) Companies Prudential Norms (Reserve Bank) Directions, 2007, require the Company to make provision for standard assets at 0.30 percent of the Standard Assets. However, as a prudent practice, the Company has adopted to make provision of 0.50 percent. Consequently, during the current financial year, the profits of the company are lower by ₹ 34.24 Lacs.

for the year ended 31st March, 2016

Further, in pursuance to the Company's Board approved policy, the Company has started making an additional Floating Provision on Standard Assets of 1.50 percent and the same has been fully utilised towards Write off to the extent of ₹ 1,489.43 Lacs.

36. The Hon'ble High Court of Judicature at Bombay on 11th September, 2015 approved the Scheme of Amalgamation of Capri Global Distribution Company Private Limited and Capri Global Finance Private Limited and Capri Global Investment Advisors Private Limited and Capri Global Research Private Limited ('the Transferor Companies') with Capri Global Capital Limited and their respective shareholders and creditors ('the Scheme'). The Scheme became effective on 19th October, 2015 upon obtaining all sanctions and approvals as required under the Scheme. The Appointed Date for the merger is 1st April 2015. As the Transferor Companies were wholly owned subsidiaries of the Company, no shares of the Company were issued and allotted pursuant to the Scheme.

Pursuant to the Scheme, the entire business including the assets, liabilities, duties & obligations of the Transferor Companies have become vested in the Company w.e.f. 1st April, 2015. Since the Scheme got the requisite approvals in the financial year ended 31st March, 2016, the impact of the amalgamation has been given in the current financial year itself.

In accordance with the provisions of the Scheme;

- The investments held by the Company in the Transferor Companies / Wholly Owned Subsidiaries were cancelled.
- The amalgamation is accounted under the Pooling of Interest Method as per Accounting Standard 14 Accounting for Amalgamations as referred to in the Scheme of Amalgamation approved by the Hon'ble Bombay High Court.
- The value of investments of the Transferor Companies in the books of the Transferee Company was equivalent to the paid up value of the Transferor Companies, hence no goodwill or capital reserve was created on the said amalgamation.

The Company has recognised the impact of the said Scheme during the year as per the details below:

| | | | ₹ in Lacs |
|------|---|--------|-----------|
| Par | ticulars | Amount | Amount |
| ASS | SETS: | | |
| i) | Capri Global Distribution Company Pvt. Ltd. | | |
| | Bank | 0.23 | |
| | Fixed Deposit | 69.00 | |
| | Investment | 621.05 | |
| | Income Tax Deposit | 36.92 | |
| | Other Asset | 2.11 | 729.31 |
| ii) | Capri Global Investment Advisors Pvt. Ltd. | | |
| | Computers (WDV) | 0.24 | |
| | Investment | 901.03 | |
| | Bank | 3.56 | |
| | Fixed Deposit | 620.25 | |
| | Income Tax Deposit | 637.92 | |
| | Advance against Property | 478.77 | |
| | Service Tax Receivable | 3.36 | |
| | Other Asset | 25.57 | 2,670.69 |
| iii) | Capri Global Research Pvt. Ltd. | | |
| | Bank | 0.09 | |
| | Fixed Deposit | 5.00 | |
| | Income Tax Deposit | 0.02 | |
| | Deferred Tax Asset | 2.73 | |
| | Other Asset | 0.13 | 7.96 |
| iv) | Capri Global Finance Pvt. Ltd. | | |
| | Bank | 0.07 | |
| | Fixed Deposit | 323.75 | |
| | Income Tax Deposit | 23.37 | |
| | Other Asset | 9.91 | 357.09 |
| | | | 3,765.06 |

for the year ended 31st March, 2016

| | | | ₹ in Lacs |
|------|--|--------|-----------|
| Part | iculars | Amount | Amount |
| LIAE | BILITIES: | | |
| i) | Capri Global Distribution Company Pvt. Ltd. | | |
| | Income Tax Provision | 37.12 | |
| | Audit Fees Payable | 0.22 | 37.33 |
| ii) | Capri Global Investment Advisors Pvt. Ltd. | | |
| | Bank | 0.22 | |
| | Income Tax Provision | 636.12 | |
| | Audit Fees Payable | 0.23 | |
| | Deferred Tax | 0.07 | |
| | TDS Payable | 0.02 | 636.66 |
| iii) | Capri Global Research Pvt. Ltd. | | |
| | Income Tax Provision | 0.07 | |
| | Audit Fees Payable | 0.28 | 0.35 |
| iv) | Capri Global Finance Pvt. Ltd. | | |
| | Income Tax Provision | 25.05 | |
| | Audit Fees Payable | 0.14 | 25.19 |
| | | | 699.53 |
| NET | ASSETS | | 3,065.53 |
| Inve | stment In Subsidiaries | | 1,265.00 |
| Amo | ount transferred to the General Reserves as per the Scheme of Demerger | | 1,800.53 |

Note : Pursuant to the Scheme, the entire business including the assets, liabilities, duties & obligations of the Transferor Companies have become vested in the Transferee Company w.e.f. 1st April, 2015. The figures for the year ended 31st March 2016 are not comparable with the corresponding previous year to that extent.

37. In the opinion of the Board, the Current Assets, Loans & Advances are realizable in the ordinary course of business at least equal to the amount at which they are stated in the Balance Sheet. The provision for all known liabilities is adequate and not in excess of the amount reasonably necessary.

38. Previous year figures

Previous year figures have been regrouped and reclassified wherever necessary to confirm to current year's presentation.

As per our report of even date attached For and on behalf of **KARNAVAT & CO.** Chartered Accountants Firm Regn. No. 104863W

(Shashikant Gupta) Partner Membership No. 45629

Place: Gangtok, Sikkim Date: April 23, 2016 (Quintin E. Primo III) Non-Executive Chairman DIN 06600839

> (Bhagyam Ramani) Independent Director DIN 00107097

> (T. R. Bajalia) Independent Director DIN 02291892

(Gaurang Shah) Associate Director Finance & Accounts

Place: Gangtok, Sikkim Date: April 23, 2016 For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

(Sunil Kapoor) Executive Director DIN 01436404

(Beni Prasad Rauka) Independent Director DIN 00295213

(Harish Agrawal) Senior Vice President & Company Secretary (Rajesh Sharma) Director DIN 00020037

(Mukesh Kacker) Independent Director DIN 01569098

Annexure

Form AOC - 1

(Pursuant to first proviso to sub section (3) of section 129 read with rule 5 of Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014)

Statement containing salient features of the features of the financial statement of subsidiaries/associate companies/joint ventures

Part "A" : Subsidiaries

| | | | ₹ in Lacs |
|-----------|---|--|---|
| Sr No. | Name of the Subsidiary | Capri Global Housing Finance Private Limited | Capri Global Resource Private Limited |
| 1 | Reporting Period of the Subsidiary if Different from the Holding Company's Reporting Period | NA | |
| 2 | Reporting currency and Exchange rate as on the last date of the relevant Financial Year in the case of Foreign Subsidiaries | NA | |
| 3 | Share Capital | 2,500.00 | 5.00 |
| 4 | Reserves & Surplus | 1,652.77 | (2.20) |
| 5 | Total Assets | 4,153.90 | 2.94 |
| 6 | Total Liabilities | 4,153.90 | 2.94 |
| 7 | Investments | 1,277.20 | - |
| 8 | Turnover | 403.80 | 0.16 |
| 9 | Profit/(Loss) Before Taxation | 352.03 | (0.15) |
| 10 | Provision for Taxation | 107.45 | (0.05) |
| 11 | Profit after Taxation | 244.58 | (0.11) |
| 12 | Proposed Dividend | - | - |
| 13 | % of Shareholding | 100 | 100 |

Notes:

| 1 | Names of subsidiaries which are yet to commence operations | Nil | |
|---|--|---|---|
| 2 | Names of subsidiaries which have been liquidated or sold | During the F.Y., following Subsidiaries were merged with the Company: | |
| | during the year | 1. | Capri Global Finance Private Limited |
| | | 2. | Capri Global Distribution Company Private Limited |
| | | 3. | Capri Global Investments Advisors Private Limited |
| | | 4. | Capri Global Research Private Limited |

Part "B" : Associates and Joint Ventures

Statement persuant to section 129(3) of the Companies Act, 2013 related to Associate Companies and Joint Ventures : Not Applicable

For and on behalf of

KARNAVAT & CO. Chartered Accountants Firm Regn. No. 104863W

(Shashikant Gupta) Partner Membership No. 45629

Place: Gangtok, Sikkim Date: April 23, 2016 (Quintin E. Primo III) Non-Executive Chairman DIN 06600839

> (Bhagyam Ramani) Independent Director DIN 00107097

(T. R. Bajalia) Independent Director DIN 02291892

(Gaurang Shah) Associate Director Finance & Accounts

Place: Gangtok, Sikkim Date: April 23, 2016 For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

(Rajesh Sharma) Director DIN 00020037

(Beni Prasad Rauka) (M Independent Director DIN 00295213

(Mukesh Kacker) Independent Director DIN 01569098

(Harish Agrawal) Senior Vice President & Company Secretary

(Sunil Kapoor)

DIN 01436404

Executive Director

Notes

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CORPORATE INFORMATION

Board of Directors

Non-executive Chairman Mr. Quintin E. Primo III

Executive Director Mr. Sunil Kapoor

Directors

| Mr. Beni Prasad Rauka | - | Independent |
|-----------------------|---|-------------|
| Ms. Bhagyam Ramani | - | Independent |
| Mr. Mukesh Kacker | - | Independent |
| Mr. Bhagwati Prasad | - | Independent |
| Mr. T. R. Bajalia | - | Independent |
| Mr. Rajesh Sharma | - | Promoter |

Senior Vice President & Company Secretary

Mr. Harish Agrawal

Auditors

M/s. Karnavat & Co., **Chartered Accountants** 2A, Kitab Mahal, 192, D. N. Road, Mumbai- 400 021

Bankers

Andhra Bank Bank of India Bank of Maharashtra Union Bank of India Vijaya Bank

Registrar and Share Transfer Agents

Link Intime India Private Limited C-13, Pannalal Silk Mills Compound, L.B.S. Marg, Bhandup (West), Mumbai - 400078 Tel. No. (022) 25946970 Fax No. (022) 25946969

Registered Office

1-B, Court Chambers, 35, Sir Vithaldas Thackersey Marg, New Marine Lines, Mumbai- 400020 Tel. No. (022) 43548200 Fax No. (022) 22019051

Corporate Office

4TH Floor, Merchants Chambers, 41, Sir Vithaldas Thackersey Marg, New Marine Lines, Mumbai- 400020 Tel. No. (022) 40888100 Fax No. (022) 40888170

Corporate Identification Number (CIN)

L65921MH1994PLC173469

Board Committees

I.

| Audit Committee | |
|-----------------------|----------|
| Mr. Beni Prasad Rauka | Chairman |
| Mr. Mukesh Kacker | Member |
| Ms. Bhagyam Ramani | Member |
| Mr. T. R. Bajalia | Member |
| | |

II. Corporate Social Responsibility Committee

| Ms. Bhagyam Ramani | Chairperson |
|-----------------------|-------------|
| Mr. Beni Prasad Rauka | Member |
| Mr. Rajesh Sharma | Member |
| Mr. Sunil Kapoor | Member |

III. Nomination & Remuneration Committee

| Ms. Bhagyam Ramani | Chairperson |
|-----------------------|-------------|
| Mr. Beni Prasad Rauka | Member |
| Mr. Rajesh Sharma | Member |

IV. Operations & Borrowing Committee

| Mr. Sunil Kapoor | Chairman |
|-----------------------|----------|
| Mr. Beni Prasad Rauka | Member |
| Ms. Bhagyam Ramani | Member |

V. Risk Management Committee

Mr. T. R. Bajalia

Mr. Sunil Kapoor Chairman Mr. Beni Prasad Rauka Ms. Bhagyam Ramani

Member Member Member

VI. Stakeholders Relationship Committee

| Mr. Beni Prasad Rauka | Chairman |
|-----------------------|----------|
| Ms. Bhagyam Ramani | Member |
| Mr. Rajesh Sharma | Member |

VII. Strategic Planning Committee

| Mr. Quintin E. Primo III | Chairman |
|--------------------------|----------|
| Mr. Rajesh Sharma | Member |
| Mr. Sunil Kapoor | Member |
| Mr. T. R. Bajalia | Member |